BACCOS
& CO.'S
XCELLENCE!
Eagle and Shield" trade mark
SHIRE,
TATE OF GEORGIA,
DAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.
ONES,
OR DEALER,
REET,
ck
Monongahela
IES,
d Port Wines, Pommery
H. Mumms & Co.
queurs.
TURA BITTERS.
CLARETS
INNESS STOUT
ert & Co.
Mamoth Calcite Fire Proof &c.
PROOF SAFES—
d Bankers' Safes.
GEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.
20 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.
RADE!
APPOINTED
ROS. & CO
lowing Brands of Liquors
y us.
RER & CO.,
ct, New York.
Lawrence Barrett,
Little Corporal,
Dude.
agements on above brands will be prosecuted
FULL EXTENT OF THE LAW.
AR & CO.
ORGIA.
REAPERS AND MOWERS AND
E RAKES, CUL-
TORS OF
RON WORKS.
ED TO DO
YORK
, Hangers and all goods of our line.
A. B. FARQUHAR & CO.
STORE
TREET.
OMEST STORE IN ATLANTA
Offered.
ve come here to do business.
TRIBLING
SOLUTION NOTICE
M OF ALLEN & REDUS IS THIS DAY
d by mutual consent, the will
K. Redus. E. C. Allen will continue
at the same place, assuming all the
he old firm, and receiving and paying
oney due the same. July 6, 1884.
E. C. ALLEN
R. K. REDUS
GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.
Warranted absolutely pure
Cocoa, from which the excess of
Oil has been removed. It has
three times the strength of Cocoa mixed
with Starch, Arrow-root or Sugar,
and is therefore far more economical.
It is delicious, nourishing,
strengthening, easily digested, and
admirably adapted for invalids as
well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
ER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.
CERS CURED
CURE NO PAY.
T. B. LITT
National Banking Agent
for stocks, Atlanta

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XVII. SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1884. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

MERCILESS
SLAUGHTER



—OF—

Mens, Boys and Childrens'

CLOTHING

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.

Tailor Made Clothes.

THE BEST IN THE STATE.

Our Furnishing Goods

DEPARTMENT

The Largest in the City.

The Verdict as to our Selling the Best $1.00 Shirt is Unanimous.

DON'T FORGET TO LOOK AT OUR BARGAINS IN CHILDREN'S KNEE PANTS AND SHIRT WAISTS.

500 more of our Cass. Suits, marked down to $10.00
300 " " Boys' " " 5.00
300 " " Children's Suits " 4.00

CALL AND SEE OUR BARGAINS. IF YOU DO NOT WISH TO BUY YOU CAN TELL YOUR FRIENDS.

SUMMER CLOTHING



The warm season has at last fairly set in, and the old winter suit, having done faithful service for nine solid months, but now threadbare, and no longer presentable, must in deference to common decency be laid aside and a genteel summer outfit substituted therefor.

We have full lines of Alpaccas, Mohairs, Sicilian Cloths, Surges, Crashes, Seer-Suckers, etc., and will sell them at the lowest prices ever named for similar goods.

If you have a few dollars left that you are afraid to deposit in Bank for fear you may lose it, you cannot do better than invest in Summer Clothing. Our prices are rock bottom.

A. O. M. GAY,

Clothier and Tailor,

35 WHITEHALL STREET.

CURE THE EFFECT OF INDIGESTIBLE FOOD.

YOU CAN EAT

WATERMELONS,

PLUMS,

GREEN APPLES,

VEGETABLES.

in fact anything that is tempting at this season of the year, and which so often results in a disordered condition of the bowels, and take a dose of Dr. BIGGER'S SOUTHERN REMEDY, and you will counteract any evil effects, as it not only aids digestion but acts as a neutralizing agent.

Children Teething.

My little girl had a very high fever last week and was threatened with Cholera Infantum. I gave her Dr. Bigger's Southern Remedy. A few doses acted like magic and relieved her entirely. No family should be without it. Gratefully yours,

WM. S. PARKS, Druggist.

The General Attorney of the Pullman Sleeping Car Company, says that old Dr. Bigger's could leave no better legacy than his Southern Remedy for bowel affections, and in all his travels he has never found anything to equal it for the relief of Diarrhœa, Dysentery and the restoration of the little ones whose system is suffering such a drainage from the effect of teething.

Father!

Loss of sleep sustained in the anxiety spent in nursing the little darling so slowly and pitifully wasting away by the drainage upon its system from the effects of teething, nearly unfits you for business. We suggest that if you will try a bottle of Dr. Biggers' Southern Remedy you will have a panacea for all bowel troubles, and loss of sleep and sickness will be unknown in your house.

For sale by all druggists.

A. P. TRIPOD

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Artists' and Painters' Materials

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

WINDOW GLASS &c

Agent for the Celebrated

AVERILL MIXED PAINTS

[illegible] SOUTH BROAD.

JOHN KEELY,

"THE LEADER OF LOW PRICES."

BRINGS FORWARD

ONLY

PRONOUNCED BARGAINS

This Week!

Matchless Offerings

WHITE INDIA LINENS!

Short Lengths

2½ Cts a Yard

Let those who claim to sell goods as cheap as I do, match this, IF THEY CAN!

IT CAN'T BE DONE!

The goods are as good as anybody's 15c Lawn in this market! They were slaughtered in their sale to me, but you can match them up into dress lengths very easily!!

10,000 Yards

SHORT LENGTHS OF

PRINTED LAWNS!

Excellent Quality

Fast Colors!

Only 2c a Yard!

A RARE OPPORTUNITY!

Purchasing everything for "SPOT CASH" and then selling just as low as he pleases, is the method by which John Keely holds his immense patronage against all comers!

9,500 Yards Real Good Calico, Fast Colors, Pretty Styles!

2½c a Yard!

50 Cases of Calicoes Just Opened!

JOB LOT!

BEST STYLES MADE! BEST GRADE MADE!

YOUR CHOICE! YOUR CHOICE!!

OF ALL MY

STANDARD CALICOES

4½c a Yard!

This is something "THEY" can't understand!

EXCLUDED.

From this lot however will be the mourning and solid color calicoes which will be sold at the usual price!

No use to walk yourself down going all over town in the vain effort to beat them John Keely's prices cannot be matched South, and then, he comes the nearest of anybody, to having everything which a lady wears!

500 PIECES

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

PRINTED LAWNS

Just Opened.

3¾C A YARD!

These are composed of the best patterns ever offered at such a price!

800 PIECES

Short Lengths, Beautiful Qualities

Irish Linen

FROM 4 TO 8 YARDS EACH IN LENGTH AT

Half Price!

An elegant lot of genuine Cheviots, very pretty goods

5c a Yard.

THESE CHEVIOTS ARE WELL WORTH 12½c ANYWHERE!

2,000 YARDS

Excellent White Victoria Lawns

Only 3¾c a Yard!

WHERE ELSE CAN YOU FIND THEM?

Draymen say they haul most goods to John Keely's, Expressmen will say that they deliver most goods to John Keely's, Policemen on duty frequently remark the unavoidable obstruction of the 100 feet of sidewalk in front of John Keely's store, by the opening of so many cases! Customers say, that John Keely sells more goods, and sells them cheaper than anybody.

WHITE GOODS!

WHITE GOODS!

JUST OPENED:

A large lot of the following named White Goods from a LACE HOUSE, now in the act of relinquishing the WHITE GOODS TRADE, which formerly constituted an important feature

IN THE BUSINESS OF SAID HOUSE!

NOW FOR

CHEAP FINE

WHITE GOODS!

200 pieces lovely quality White Persian Lawn!
220 pieces beautiful White Linen D'Alencon!
200 pieces very choice quality, White Linen D'Inde!
400 pieces, all grades, all sizes of check, all possible variety of White Checked Dress Muslins!
63 pieces very pretty dotted Swiss Goods!

ALL

Of the above quoted goods are from 20 to 40 per cent below their market value. Ladies purchase four to six dresses each of these goods who did not expect to purchase a single white dress!

The Goods are too Pretty, and

—THE—

Prices too Low to Pass Them!

ALSO,

A Superb Stock of White and Colored Tarletans! Extra Fine Tuckings and Reverings!

"SPOT CASH."

If John Keely were not afraid that he has worn out this "Legend," he would again remind the reader that, used as he uses it, in the purchase of goods, "SPOT CASH," is the power which enables him to offer you such "Bargains."

MOSQUITO BARS AND NETS

White, Brown, and Cardinal Turkish Towelings by the Yard.

Everything that goes to make up a

A FIRST-CLASS WHITE GOODS STOCK

will here be found in the greatest profusion!

THOUSANDS

of White Victoria Lawns at 5c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c and 20c a yard.

3,000 More

OF LARGE, FINE, TURKISH TOWELS

10c Each,

Fully as good as anything sold in this Market at 30c or 35c!

Fact!

John Keely is not happy unless he sees a crowd in his store. The cut which he made in the prices of Black Cashmeres recently, has kept that counter crowded. They cannot be matched.

The Lace Bargain Table

—AT—

John Keely's

Is a Growing Institution!

The Ladies like it!

They Never Fail to Find Upon It What they Need.

UPON IT THIS WEEK

Will be Thrown

300 pieces Oriental Laces!
470 pieces Torchon Laces!
The entire Stock of Valenciennes Laces!
1,650 pieces Black and Cream Spanish Laces!
1,100 pieces real Guipure Laces!
And thousands of other Lace Goods, too numerous to admit of note here!

EVERYBODY KNOWS

WHAT JOHN KEELY'S

"Bargain Counters" are.

HE WAS THE FIRST TO INSTITUTE THE "BARGAIN COUNTER" in Atlanta, and will perpetuate it to the end!

It is a Good Institution!

GOOD FOR KEELY!

Good for his Customers!

When he wishes to make rapid sale of anything, he "fixes" the price, and throws the goods upon it!

When his customers want real bona fide "Bargains,"

There They Find Them!

Be sure you visit them this week, they will interest you!

John Keely sold on yesterday over 150 Corsets. They are so very desirable and so much below their market value, that they see themselves! He carries over seventy styles of them.

Embroideries!

The sales in this department have this season far exceeded my most sanguine expectations, and in return for this liberal patronage it is my very great pleasure to offer the residue of the stock at greatly reduced prices?

Now, Ladies,

IF YOU WISH

"BARGAINS"

In Embroideries,

COME AND GET THEM!

The stock is beautifully assorted!

The prices, always low, are now still lower!

There are thousands of short lengths of all grades which will be on sale this week!

THIS WILL BE THE MOST

interesting sale of

FINE EMBROIDERIES

which Atlanta has ever seen!

REMEMBER!

THERE IS NO TRASH AMONGST THEM. THEY ARE ALL FIRST-CLASS, FINE GOODS!

PARASOLS!

I was about sold out of parasols a few days since, when I purchased about 600 of them at

50 per cent off Price!

I did not purchase them with a view to carrying them over,

(I never carry anything from one season to another)

I bought them to sell, and sell them I shall, if

Low Prices

will prove as effective an agent as I believe them to be!

The assortment is bewildering! No earthly use in attempting detail here! They are all fine goods, and will be sold for the prices of ordinary goods!

Let everybody who has the remotest idea in the direction of Parasols, be sure to call and examine this very attractive offering,

They wil Purchase Certain.

There was a very decided "Boom" at John Keely's last week, notwithstanding the rain which poured so. Every time it "let up" for a few moment, his store was filled with delighted purchasers.

Hosiry and Gloves.

700 Pair ladies extra fine Silk Hose half price!

THIS IS POSITIVELY SO!

120 Pairs of Misses Silk Hose, half price!
Thousands of pairs ladies extra fine Hose!
Thousands of pairs ladies medium grade Hose!
Thousands of pairs Misses extra fine Hose!
Thousands of Pairs Misses medium grade Hose!

On The Bargain Counter

This lot of Hosiery consists of the samples of some thirty traveling salesmen, from one of the largest New York houses!

They were Bought at Half Price

They will be sold at one-half their retail value!

They embrace an innumerable variety of styles!

This a Rare Chance

Examine them without fail!

1,500 pairs Ladies' Extra Fine Silk Sample Gloves—fresh, perfect goods—

Half Price!

The "Charge Upon the Windmills" was not more vain in its conception, nor futile as to results, than the effort of mere imitators to show such bargains as those offered by "The Leader of Low Prices."

SILK MITTS!

LACE MITTS!

250 DOZEN

Of the Choicest Things Made in Mitts!

A BRILLIANT DISPLAY

—OF—

MITTS

No such a stock of Mitts has ever been offered in this market before.

They are as remarkable for their beauty as for the low prices which characterize them!

LIVELY TIMES

expected this week, owing to the attractive goods and the low prices which prevail at

John Keely's.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

58, 60, 62 and 64 Whitehall Street, and 8 and 10 Hunter Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

THE COUNTRY BOY

WHO HAS DEVELOPED INTO THE SUBSTANTIAL CITIZEN.

What Bill Arp Has to Say of the New Generation in Uniform and the Old Generation When Youngsters—A Letter With a Moral—What Work Will Do for a Man.

It's most astonishing how our folks are getting along. Here is this big frolic at Rome—this military fandango that makes a man feel like everybody down south was rich and brave, and just as leave have another fight as not. Our people are getting on a swell. They are feeling their oats and getting braggish. If they cant ride much they can out walk all creation, and are betting on that. It looks like the old Roman spirit of sports and games is coming over our people, and I reckon it is a sign that our boys are prospering. Only a few days ago we went about like a dog who dident have spirit enough to wag his tail. The whole country was desolate and the people all hacked. There were no cows or hogs or sheep or roosters to crow, no fences, no wagons, no cotton presses, no traveling threshes, no balls or parties or picnics, no excursions, no Christmas or Fourth of July, no time of day, no nothing hardly. These very chaps who are parading around in uniform so big were, most of them, little boys when the war broke out, and they never knew anything but trouble and hardship in their youth. They had to eat roots and drink branch water and go bare headed and bare-footed, and wear one-gallus breeches and sleep three or four in a bed, and go hungry half the time. They never saw a circus for ten years, nor rode on the cars, and all the schooling they got was in the cornfield. But them sort have come to the front—they have—and lots of them have got rich. I was sitting down talking to Rhode Hill about it the other day, and Rhode said that mighty nigh every rich man in Atlanta was raised a poor boy. "There goes one now," said he, "who is worth a hundred thousand and lives on Peachtree. He used to plow barefooted over treadsalts and dewberry vines. He never wore a shoe until he was twelve years old. He hasent got nary nail on his big toes. Stumped 'em off, I tell you. Dont you see how sorter clumsy he walks. And there goes another one worth a hundred and fifty thousand, and he come from this same barefooted stock. I tell you what's a fact, Bill, mighty nigh all these Peachtree nabobs are the same sort of folks. They havent got any bigtoe nails. When one of these poor groundhog boys stumps his bigtoe, and before they get well stumps 'em again, and keeps on stumpen and stumpen until the nails slough out by the roots, he looses the spring of his walk and goes stiff-like over these pavements and I can tell one of 'em as far as I can see him. There goes another one who has made his jack. They are all going up to dinner now. That man carries one shoulder lower than the other, and that come from carrying bark to cook with before he was big enough to stand it. He begun to carry bark and old rails when he was about five years old, and it pulled one side of him down a little. He hasent got any bigtoe nails either, and I'm inclined to think they are gone on the next toes too. Some of these fellers have the second toe longer than the big toe, and the second and third toes tied together about half way up. When you come across one of them sort do you look out for yourself, for if you trade with him he will get you shore."

Ive been thinking about that. Dr. Darwin says that man before he developed and evolated dident have any fingers or toes. His hand was like a mitten with a thumb and a graball and his foot had one bigtoe and the others were all glued together. So I reckon that some of us are evolutin yet, and some of my own ancestors away back must have begun late or traveled slow, for there is a pair of my toes that havent got entirely divorced. Ive heard it said that if a woman's second toe is longer than the first she will rule her husband shore. I asked Rhode about his own youth when he used to rough it up in Chattooga, and he said that was what was the matter and why he talked that way about other people, for he knew all about it from experience. He wasent ashamed of it either. Rhode was raised in a band box. He never knee breeches and long stockings. I dont think he wore any sort for a good while after he came into this subloonary world. The first time I ever saw Rhode he was clerking down on the river bank at Rome, and it was a dull time and Rhode got up a bet of half a dollar that he could hide a hen's egg on Shorter's Jake where nobody could find it, and he agreed to give Jake a dime of the money if he won it. And so he put the egg on the back of his neck just under his collar, and the boys hunted all over Jake and then give him a slap that broke the egg, and that was the joke of it. Jake got the dime and the boys laughed and took on amazin, and I did too. Rhode lives on Peachtree now, and wear slippers in his store and is happy, and grows old about as gracefully as anybody, toenails or no toenails.

But I'm getting sorter tired of these shows—this walking and cavorting, and all these military doings in time of peace. The boys may frolic as much as they please, and I like to see 'em have a good time occasionally, but you see they raise such a rumpus about it in the newspapers that my folks get excited and want to go, and so I have to surrender and then comes the tug of war. Why for three or four days they were sewing and fixing and fitting garments, and dident have time to talk to anybody or walk with me to the fields or the blackberry patch, or do any writing for me, and they quit cooking dinners and put me off with cold vittels and lunch, while the garden was all in a strut with the finest vegetables we ever had. And the sewing machine was rattling away until late in the night and I couldent sleep, and it did look like the whole thing would be a failure at Rome if my folks dident get ready in time. But they got ready and departed these coasts with bright hopes and our good wishes, and now I wander around feeling gloomy and peculiar, and count the days that shall bring them home again. There are many things that I used to enjoy that seem tame and foolish to me now, and so I do not forget my youthful joys and loves, and when my children want a frolic I surrender as gracefully as I can. BILL ARP.

She Had it Right.

From an Exchange.

"My dear," said a jocose Cornplanter Town ship farmer to his wife, "why is your deceased grandmother like my threshing machine?"

"I don't know; why?"

"Because she is no more, and my threshing machine is no more-er."

"That is a good one," said the lady, "and I must go and see if Mrs. Pikrust can tell."

When she saw Mrs. Pikrust, the lady said:

"John has just told me such a good conundrum. It is this: 'Why is my grandmother like a threshing machine?'"

Mrs. Pikrust did not know.

"Because my grandmother is dead and you can't mow with a threshing machine," was the triumphant reply.

Why It was Melancholy.

"Did you ever notice," said C. James Flipflap to Fitzgoober, "how dismal, gloomy and melancholy a tombstone looks?"

"I have," replied Fitz, "and have also imagined that even its thoughts must be unpleasant and foreboding. But then that is easily explained."

"How?"

"Because it is always on a grave subject, you know," placidly smiled Fitz.

THE MODEL.

THE SPIRIT OF CHRIST WAS A SPIRIT OF SELF-SACRIFICE.

There is Nothing More Desirable Than a Pleasant Disposition; Without It We Cannot be Happy Ourselves and We Cannot Make Others Happy—What Self-Sacrifice Is.

BROOKLYN, June 29.—[Special].—Dr. Talmage preached in the Brooklyn tabernacle this morning on the subject: "The Model." Before the sermon Dr. Talmage expounded a passage of the New Testament. The opening hymn was:

"Oh, could I speak the matchless worth,
Oh, could I sound the glories forth
That in my Savior shine!"

The text was Romans viii, 9: "Now if any man have not the spirit of Christ he is none of His."

There is nothing more desirable, said Dr. Talmage, than a pleasant disposition. Without it we cannot be happy ourselves, and we cannot make others happy. When we feel that we have been vexed and have lost our temper, or have been impatient under some light cross, we wake up to new appreciation of proper equipoise of nature. We wish that we had been born with self-balance. We envy the bearing of that man who is never thrown into perturbation. We live under the feeling that as years pass along our character will be mellowed and ripened, and we will become more self-controllable, forgetful of the fact that an evil left in our nature uneradicated grows to more offensive proportions, and that a transgression not cast out may become the grandfather of a great generation of iniquities. It is possible to have our dispositions all made over again. Because we do not believe this our dispositions do not improve. A man says: "I am irascible and I can't help it;" or, "I am revengeful and I can't help it," or "I am impulsive and I can't help it." You can help it. We may have our dispositions made over again—evil uprooted, right implanted. If it is ever done at all, my friends, it will be by having the disposition of Jesus Christ set down in the midst of our nature. I shall, this morning, discourse to you about the disposition of the Lord Jesus, for "if any man have not the spirit of Christ, he is none of His."

In the first place, the spirit of Jesus was a spirit of gentleness. I know that sometimes He made wrathful utterances against the hypocrite and the Pharasee; but for the most part, His words and His demeanor were gentle, and loving, and kind, and patient, and inoffensive, and pleasant. When you consider the fact that He had an omnipotence with which He might have torn to pieces the assailers of His character, it makes His gentleness seem more remarkable. Little children, who always shy off from a rough man, rushed into His presence and clambered on Him until the people had to tell them to stand back. Invalids, so sore with disease that they shuddered to have any one come near them, asked Him to put His hand on their wounds; it was so very soothing. There was not a mother with so sick and delicate a babe that she was afraid to trust it in the Savior's arms. His footstep was so gentle it would not wake up the faintest slumber. Some rough people hustled a bad woman into His presence, and said: "Denounce her now. Blast her. Kill her." Jesus looked at her and then looked at the assailants, and said: "Let him that is without sin cast the first stone." When a blind man sat by the wayside making a great ado because he had no vision, the people told him to hush up, that he was bothering the master; but Christ came where he was and said to him: "What wilt thou that I do unto thee?" Gentleness of voice. Gentleness of hand. Gentleness of foot. We all admire it though we may not have it. The rough mountain bluff, the great scarred headland, loves to look down into the calm lake at its feet; the stormiest winter loves to merge into the sunshiny spring, and the most impulsive and precipitate nature must be attracted by the gentleness of Christ. The calmness of His look shamed boisterous Gennesaret into placidity. How little of that gentleness you and I have! Let us confess it. It is a tendency of out-door life to stroke our dispositions the wrong way. The thunder of the world's scorn sours the milk of human kindness. The treachery, the extortion, the ignobleness of mean men take the smoothness out of our nature, and we become suspicious and hypocritical, and stuck all over with nettles. Frowns come to the brow and harshness to the voice, and bluntness to the manners. What an utter and almost universal lack of gentleness! So that we do not know how to talk to the sick, nor administer to the troubled, nor care for the poor. We have our words of sympathy pitched on a wrong key. I had a sister whose arm was put out of joint, and the neighbors came and they seized hold of the arm and pulled mightily and pulled till her anguish was great, but the bone went not to the socket. After awhile a surgeon came in, and with one touch it was all right. So we go down to our Christian work with so rough a hand and with so unkind and unsympathetic a nature that we miserably fail; while some gentle, Christian soul comes along, and with one touch the torn ligaments are healed and the disturbed bones are rejointed. Oh, for something of the gentleness of Christ! There is more power in such gentleness than in a lifetime of high pretension. The dew of one summer night does more good than ten Carribean whirlwinds.

Still further: the spirit of Christ was a spirit of self-sacrifice. No young man ever had opening before him brighter opportunities than opened before Christ if He had chosen to follow a worldly ambition. He might have gained fortunes of wealth in the time he spent tending the sick. With his power to attract men and popularize Himself, He might have gained any official position. No orator ever won such plaudits as He might have won from sanhedrim and synagogue and vast assemblages on the seaside. No physician ever acquired such a reputation for healing power as Christ might have acquired if He had performed His wonderful cures in the presence of the Roman aristocracy. I recite to you these things to show you what Paul meant when he said: "He pleased not Himself," and to show you the splendor of His self-sacrifice. No human power could have thrown Christ into the manger if He had not chosen to go there. No satanic strength could have lifted Christ on the cross if He had not elected Himself to the torture. To save our race from the raspings and turmoils of its guilt He faced the sorrows of earth and the woes of hell. All motherly, fatherly, brotherly, filial self-sacrifice paling into nothing before this extreme of divine generosity. Suppose you, my hearer, by a straight course of conduct could win a palace, while by another course of conduct you might advantage your fellow-men, but finally would have to come to assassination, which would you choose, the palace or assassination? Christ chose the latter.

Oh, how little self-sacrifice we have. What is it? Why, it is taking from my comfort and adding to yours. It is walking a long journey to save you from fatigue. It is lifting a heavy weight in order that you may not be put to the strain. It is the subtraction of my ease and prosperity that there may be an addition to your ease and prosperity. How little of that spirit any of us have! Two little children on a cold day were walking down the street, the boy with hardly any garments at all and the girl in a coat that she had outgrown, and the wind was so sharp she said: "Johnny, come under my coat." He said: "It is too short." "Oh," she said, "it will stretch." But the coat would not stretch enough, so she took it off and put it upon the boy. That was self-sacrifice. That was Christ taking off His robe for you and me, beggared for eternity without Him. When the plague was raging in Marseilles and they were dying by scores and hundreds from it, the college of surgeons decided that there must be a postmortem examination in order that they might know how to meet and arrest that awful disease. And there was silence in the college of surgeons till Dr. Guyon rose and said: "I know it is certain death to dissect one of those bodies; but somebody must do it, and I shall. In the name of God and humanity I will do the work." He went home, made out his will, then went to the dissection, accomplished it and in twelve hours died. That was self-sacrifice that the world understands. Oh, the more wonderful sacrifice of the Son of God. He walked to Emmaus. He walked from Capernaum to Bethany. He walked from Jerusalem to Calvary. How far have you and I walked for Christ? His head ached, his heart ached, his back ached for us. How much have we ached for him? Let us this morning look over all the years of our life and see the paltry list of our self-sacrifices, not one deed in my life or in your life worthy the name.

Still further: the spirit of Christ was a spirit of humility. The Lord of heaven and earth in the garb of a rustic. He who poured all the waters of the earth out of his hand—the Amazon, the Euphrates, the Mississippi, the Ohio, the St. Lawrence—bending over a well to beg of a Samaritan woman a drink. He who spread out the Canopy of the heavens and set the earth for his footstool, lodging with one Simon, a tanner. He whose chariots the winds are walking with sore feet. Jostled as though he were a nobody. Pursued as though he were a criminal outlaw. Nicknamed. Struck at. Spit on. Hushing the tempests, and yet setting down without any assumption in the cabin by the disciples as though he had done no more than wife the sweat from his brow in his father's carpenter shop. Taking the foot of death off the heart of Lazarus, and breaking the shackles against the grave mouth, and yet walking home with Mary and Martha as though he were only a plain citizen of Jerusalem going out to stay the night in the suburban village of Bethany. Omnipotence under a countryman's garb. Walking in common sandals, seated with publicans and sinners. Oh, the humility of the Son of God! How little you and I have of it. We gather a few more dollars than other people have, or we get a little higher social position than some one else has, and how we strut and want people to know their places, and cry out: "Is not this great Babylon that I have built for the might of my majesty and for the honor of my kingdom?" Would to God that we might get something of the humility of Christ.

Still further: the spirit of Christ was a spirit of prayer. Prayer on the mountains. Prayer in Gethsemane. Prayer on the lake. Prayer among the sick. Prayer on the cross. Why, you cannot mention the name of Jesus without being obliged to think of prayer. Prayer for little children: "I thank thee, O, father, Lord of heaven and earth that Thou hast hid these things from the wise and prudent, and hast revealed them unto babes." Prayer for his friends: "Father, I will that they be with me where I am." Prayer for his enemies: "Father forgive them, they know not what they do." Prayer for all nations: "Thy kingdom come." How little of that spirit you and I have. How soon our knees get tired. Who is there that for ten minutes can keep his mind away from the store and the office and the shop and concentrate it in supplication? Where are the phials full of odors which are the prayers of the saints? Oh, we want more prayer in the house, more prayer in the nursery, more prayer in the parlor, more prayer in the social circle, more prayer in the church, more prayer in the legislative hall, more prayer among the young, more prayer among the old. Lord, teach us how to pray. We have not tested its power yet. The very moment when the diet of Nuremberg were signing the edict that gave deliverance to Protestants, that very moment Martin Luther was kneeling down in his private room, praying for the accomplishment of the object. Without any communication between the diet of Nunemberg and the room where Martin Luther was praying for that grand accomplishment, Martin Luther rose from his knees with a shout, rushed out into the street and cried: "We have got the victory. The Protestants are free." That was prayer getting the answer straight from the throne. We need to pray like Daniel with our face toward the holy city. We need to pray like the publican, smiting on our heart. We need to pray like Paul: "Oh, wretched man that I am, who shall deliver me?" We need to pray like Christ, who first emptied all the lifeblood out of his heart and then filled that heart with the sighs and the groans and the wants and the agonies of all generations.

"Cold mountains and the midnight air.
Witnessed the fervor of His prayer."

Still further: the spirit of Christ was the spirit of work. There was not a lazy moment in all his life. Whether he was talking to the fishermen on the beach, or preaching to the sailors on the deck, or addressing the rustics amid the mountains, or spending the summer evenings in the village, He was always busy. Hewing in the carpenter's shop. Helping the lame man to walk without any crutch. Curing the child's fits. Providing rations for a hungry host. Always busy He was. The hardy men that pulled out the net from Gennesare full of floundering treasures; the shepherds who hunted up the grassy plots for their flocks to nibble at; the shipwright thumping away in the dockyards; the wine makers of Engedi dipping up the juice from the vat and pouring it into the goat skins; none of these were half so busy as He whose hands and head and heart were all full of the world's work. From the day on which He stepped out from the caravansery of Bethlehem to the day when He set His cross in the socket on the bloody mount, it was work, work, work all the way. It is not so with us, not so with you, not so with me. We want the burden to be light if we are to carry it, the church pew soft if we are to sit in it, the work easy if we are to perform it, the sphere brilliant if we are to move in it, the religious service short if we are to survive it. On the way to heaven, rock us, fan us, sing us to sleep, dandle us on the tips of your fingers, hand us up out of this dusty world toward heaven on kid gloves and under a silken sunshade! Let the martyrs who waded the flood and breasted the fire get out of the way while this colony of tender footed Brooklyn Christians come up to get their crown! Oh for more of that better spirit which starts a man heavenward determined to get there himself and to take everybody else with him. Busy in the private circle, busy in the Sabbath school, busy in church, busy everywhere for God and Christ and heaven. O, Christian soul what has Jesus done against thee that thou hast betrayed him? Who gave thee so much riches that thou canst afford to despise the awards of the faithful? At this moment when all the armies of earth and heaven and hell are plunging into the conflict how can you desert the standard?

I have shown you that the spirit of Christ was a spirit of gentleness, a spirit of self-sacrifice, a spirit of prayer, a spirit of work—five points, will you remember them? And are you ready for the tremendous conclusion of the apostle! "If any man have not the spirit of Christ he is none of His?" Overpowering statement. Who can stand before it? Not I. Not you. And yet this subject ought not to throw any Christian into a despairing mood. Though we are well aware of the fact that we have not these traits of character as Christ had them, yet I think we have the seeds planted in our soul and the harvest after awhile will come. Glory to God, you have the blessed beginning in your nature, and though you are painfully aware day by day of your shortcomings, it is your earnest prayer. "Give me this spirit of Jesus." Aim high. I would not this morning say one discouraging word to you. I really think you have some of the favorable symptoms of a complete and eternal recovery from this malady of sin. Watch. Pray. Study. Compare. On toward the prize. Sheathe not your sword till you have gained the last victory. Higher and higher till you reach the celestial hills. Crowns radiant and immortals for all the victors; best eternal death to every deserter.

THE wrist is really more indicative of character than the hand. It is interesting to watch the different wrists one sees holding to the straps in a street car. You see every size and shape and every shade of tan. The contrast between a dude's wrist and a blacksmith's is striking enough, but there is an equal disparity in the appearance of many women.

BETSY HAMILTON.

A SKETCH OF LIFE IN THE BACKWOODS.

"Thar is a Time in Eveybody's Life When They are Crazy; Leastways They Gits Beyant Theyselves," Says Uncle Hezekiah—Walking Matches, Crazy Quilts.

LAZY FARM, Ala., 1884. Our front gallery has recently been quite a rendezvous for the school girls and boys on their way home, stopping in to hear Cousin Betsy's letters; and we have taken pleasure in reading them aloud. They had been wishing she would write something more about her school days; so her account of the compositions, and how the pupils worried old "Ingon-Head" was especially interesting to them; and they were also much amused over the "out-dacious" Simmons boys stealing the "water-millions." To-day there was quite a merry group waiting to hear what she had to say this time, but I will only give you an extract from her letter, and the part which they enjoyed most, as follows:

"Thar is a time in everbody's life when they are crazy; least ways they gits beyant theyselves," say Uncle Hezakiah, "and with some folks its inginnerly when they marries."

He was turrible put out about Malindy Jane Trotman a marryin' of Jake Loftis. As he sot and whittled his stick he lowed: "Yes, thar comes a time in everbody's life when they are crazy, and Malindy Jane's time had come, I reckin."

Well, it 'pears like it's so, and craziness is ketchin' jist like the measles and the yaller janders and sich as that, for let a new thing come along, and everbody goes crazy over it; a new fangled patent, this, that and tother—a churn or sump'n er that sort, and everbody thinks they've got to buy it. One buys it kase tother'n does, and here the churn goes tel ever house has got it whether they've got a cow or not. Sometimes the women folks all gits started on one thing; for n'instance a certing patron for a quilt. They have even went so fur as to name a quilt "the crazy quilt." It's nothin' on the yeth but the old "hit or miss" patron with a new name, but if ever a quilt had the right name, hit's got it, kase the pieces is not only sot in crazy fashion, but folks is all a gwine crazy over it. You cant go nowhars now without seein' somebody a piecin' of a crazy quilt, and if they start on knit lace, or darn net work, or tattin' its the same way. They all goes crazy tel they gits at it, and stays crazy tel the spell wears off'n 'em, and they take up sump'n else. If they aint crazy about one thing hits tother, and the women haint by their-selves nuther, and the men folks haint got no room to laugh, for they are jist as bad. They are all crazy now about walkin' matches. Some of 'em is plum ravin' distracted over it, has done quit ther work and tuck to walkin' for wages and tothers to watch 'em. Pap used to tell me when I was gwine hard as I could stave: "Betsy, you walks pine blank like you was a walkin' for wages;" and I never knowed what it meant tel I hearn about all these here walkin' matches that's gwine on.

A man come here from Georgy tother day and lowed the whole of Atlanty was plum crazy about walkin'; lowed everbody thar walked 'cept one man, and the onlyest reason he didn't was bekase he couldn't. He rid, and rid behind a goat at that, and made money by it, too. He holds out his hand and says: "Mister, gimme five cents; I cant walk;" and the walkers is all so sorry for him they gives him a nick, jist bekase they knowed what he missed by not being able to jine the race, and some gives to him bekase he is so poor and haint got nothin' but a goat. And, so you see, he makes his livin' by ridin' instid of walkin'. A little "dandy Jim" come along by him smokin' his last segar, and didn't have the nickle to buy the next, and while he was lookin' rich and feelin' poor, "Old Five Cents" poked out his hand to him and whined like he did to everbody else: "Mister, gimme five cents; I c'aint walk."

Dandy Jim was in a hurry, but he stopt long enough to say:

"Well, sir, you are better off than I am; you can ride and I cant."

Politics is sump'n else they are crazy about now, and some of 'em don't know no more about 'em than old brother Cole. Somebody axed old brother Cole who he lowed to vote for for presi-dent, and he lowed:

"I never have saw nairy one of the gentlemen, and I don't want to resk my jedgment on 'em th'out I had saw 'em, so I don't know as I'll vote for airy one of 'em. I don't take no in-trust in poli-tics myself, nohow. I don't know nothin' about no poli-tics nor no other sort of ticks 'cept seed ticks, and I'm glad I don't."

The men folks and boys in this settle-ment haint ketched the crazy over walkin' yit, bekase some of 'em has been a walkin' all of ther lives, and it's nothin' new to 'em; but they are half crazy now about this here new railroad they are talkin' er buildin' through here. They talks about it, as old Miss Freshours says, "everlastinly and continnerly purty nigh all the time." Some thinks ther land is full of iron and will make 'em rich when the road is built, and has done spent ther money on the strength of it. That's what I calls crazy—spendin' money fore you git it—but them hard workin' boys what's a gittin' out crossties and cord wood, lacks a heap of bein' crazy. They heads is level. Pap lows the craziest thing that's a gwine on in this settlement now is the writin' school, and raily some of the writin' do look crazy enough, but I'll tell you about the writin' school next time.

BETSY HAMILTON.

[Next week, "THE WRITING SCHOOL."]

Special Business Notices.

A CARD—To all who are suffering from error and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D., New York.
mar 16 su tu th wky eow next rd ma

CANCER AND TUMORS Treated scientifically and cured without the knife. Book on treatment sent **Free.** *Drs. Gratigny & Norris,* **204 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.**

Call on McBride & Co.,

They own the celebrated Gate City Water Filter, avoid sickness by giving your family pure water.

McBride

Has for sale the best refrigerators known. It is economy to buy the best.

McBride keeps the largest stock of Hotel Goods in the south, and their prices defy competition.

McBride keeps only the best silver ware, castors, spoons, forks and knives, Rogers fine cutlery. Housekeepers will save money by buying from McBride.

Ice cream freezers, fruit jars, jelly tumblers, fly fans, at

McBride's.

Latest novelties in decorated china. Bisque and handsome colored glass from the most celebrated factories, now arriving at McBride's.

If you want a perfect light get from McBride the fifty candle-power electric lamp. For the most delightful coffee use the Martin Filter Urn now . . . McBride's.

Col. Rob't G. Ingersoll.
Royal Glue is always on his Desk. It has great Concentrated Strength and very Remarkable Qualities. Every Office, Household and Workshop will find it invaluable.—*Private Sec'y.*

1,000,000 Bottles Flashing the News!



Royal Liquid Glue Mends Everything Solid as **Rock!**—Hard as Adamant!—**Firm as Granite!!**—Strongest, Toughest and Most Elastic Glue on Earth!—**Absolutely Unbreakable and Inseparable!!—No Heating!**—No Preparation!—Always Ready!—**Always Liquid!!!**—Mends **China, Glass, Wood,** Leather, Patches on Shoes, Rubber, Crockery, Billiard Cue Tips and Cloth, Ornaments, Stone, **Furniture,** Jewelry, Book Backs, and Everything Else with Everlasting **Inseparable** Tenacity!!—**20c.** Bottle (Brush and Tin Cover). Mailed post-paid, **30c.** Sold by **Druggists, Grocers,** Stationers, Hardware, Variety and General Stores. Wholesale Traveling **Agents Wanted** in every City and County. Ask your Dealer for a **Free Sample Vial** of "**Royal Glue.**" We send **Free Vials** to Retail Dealers only.

Mailed only by the Manufacturers,
J. U. O'MEARA & CO. 1347 Pa. Ave. Washington, D.C.

JAMES J. DONNELLY,
General Agent. 41 and 43 Alabama stree

EXECUTIVE CALL
—FOR—
INSURANCE REPORTS.

STATE OF GEORGIA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
ATLANTA, GA., June 28, 1884.

Ordered: That all insurance companies in this state, or doing business therein, shall, through their chief officer or agent residing in this state, report to the governor a full and exact statement of their condition on June 30th, 1884.

The reports called for by this order must comply in every particular with the requirements of the law as set forth in section 2843 (a) of the revised code of Georgia (1882), and must be filed in this office on July 1, 1884, or within sixty days thereafter. Said reports must be published as required by section 2843 (b) of said code, and a copy of the published statement sent to this office with the report.

A failure to comply with this law subjects the company to a penalty, which is a forfeiture of its right to do business in this state and works a revocation of such company's license.

HENRY D McDANIEL,
Governor.

By the Governor.
HOWARD E. W. PALMER.
Secretary Executive Department. sun

Notice to Contractors.

UNTIL SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JULY, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., the undersigned invite sealed proposals for building a jail for Walton county, with residence attached, having a length of 40 feet and extreme width of some 60 feet; the jail proper to be fitted up with two steel clad jail cells and corridor, constructed of five-ply combination iron and steel bars, and to have suitable apartments for females, insane persons and misdemeanor offenders, and to be supplied with water and all sanitary conveniences. All the work to be done in accordance with complete and minute specifications and drawings, now of file in the ordinary's office and open to inspection of the public.

The contractor will be required to give bond in double the amount of his bid, with at least two good and solvent securities conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract and to indemnify the county for any damage or failure to complete the contract within the time specified. The names of the bondsmen tendered must accompany each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

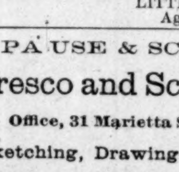
All information as to terms, time of payment and completion of work can be had on application.

THOMAS GILES, Ordinary;
JOSIAH E. NUNNALLY,
EGBERT M. BRAND,
ARCHIBALD TANNER,
JOHN S. DICKINSON,
JOHN W. HINTON, Sec'y,
Building Committee.
22,25,29jun&2,6jul

REGISTRY TAX.

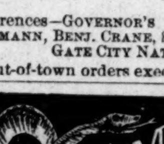
THE BOOKS FOR REGISTRY OR LICENSE tax will close on the 20th inst.
July 1st, 1884. J. H. GOLDSMITH, City Clerk.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.



First-class schooner, Ridgeway, will sail from New York for Brunswick, Ga., on July 5th, 1884. Atlanta merchants will it find much to their interest to give this thoroughly first-class schooner line a test. For further information as to rates, etc., apply to Warren Ray, 62 South Street, New York, or
LITTLEFIELD & TISON,
Agents, Brunswick, Ga

PAUSE & SCHROETER,
Fresco and Scenic Artists,
Office, 31 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.
Sketching, Drawing and Designing.
References—GOVERNOR'S MANSION, CHAS. BEERMANN, BENJ. CRANE, ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH, GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK.
Out-of-town orders executed in the best style

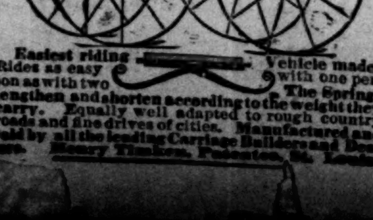


A Speedy and Painless Cure for the Opium or Morphine Habit. Cure Guaranteed. *Address* **N. B. DREWRY, M. D., GRIFFIN, GA.**

FOR SALE.

MR. J. A. MEEKER AUTHORIZES ME TO OFFER his farm, "Cloverhurst" for sale without agricultural machinery or farming tools, at $12,500, instead of $20,000 as first advertised. The farm is one of the best in Georgia, and contains 140 acres. Abundant supply of running water on the place, fine barn with plenty of water raised by wind mill; good orchard, in fact, everything is now just in fix for making money. The Lucern on the place will cut four tons per acre, which sells readily for $20 per ton. The wheat will yield 40 bushels per acre. The residence is first-class; walls and floors are double. Suffice to say, there is no better property offered. Address or call on
J. S. WILLIFORD,
su tf. Real Estate agent, Athens, Ga.

TIMKEN SPRING VEHICLES!



Easiest riding Vehicle made. Rides as easy with one person as with two. The Springs lengthen and shorten according to the weight they carry. Equally well adapted to rough country roads and fine drives of cities. Manufactured and sold by all the leading Carriage Builders and Dealers. Henry Timken, Patentee, St. Louis.

$5 CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000. $5
Tickets Only $5. Shares in Proportion.

L. S. L.

Louisiana State Lottery Comp'y

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached on its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early

Commissioners.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dollars has since beed added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place Monthly.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. SEVENTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS G, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, **July 15, 1884---170th** Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.
100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each.
Fractions, in Fifths, in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE		$75,000
1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF	$6000	12,000
5	do	2000	10,000
10	do	1000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1000	do	25	25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9	Approximation Prizes of	$750	6,750
9	do do	500	4,500
9	do do	250	2,250

1967 Prizes, amounting to $266,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

POSTAL NOTES and ordinary letters by mail or express (all sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.,

or **M. A. DAUPHIN,**
607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Louisiana State Lottery.

For Tickets or further information of the above Lottery, address

DAVE C. JOHNSON,
COVINGTON, KY.

MOTHERS' FRIEND!

NO MORE TERROR!
NO MORE PAIN!
NO MORE DANGER!
To Mother or Child!

The Dread of
Motherhood
Transformed to
HOPE
AND
JOY.

SAFETY AND EASE
TO
Suffering Woman.

This invaluable preparation is truly a triumph of scientific skill, and no more inestimable benefit was ever bestowed on the mothers of the world.

It not only shortens the time of labor and lessens the intensity of pain, but, better than all, it greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child, and leaves the mother in a condition highly favorable to speedy recovery, and far less liable to flooding, convulsions, and other alarming symptoms incident to lingering and painful labor. Its truly wonderful efficacy in this respect entitles the MOTHERS' FRIEND to be ranked as one of the life-saving appliances given to the world by the discoveries of modern science.

From the nature of the case it will of course be understood that we cannot publish certificates concerning this Remedy without wounding the delicacy of the writers. Yet we have hundreds of such testimonials on file, and no mother who has once used it will ever again be without it in her time of trouble.

A prominent physician lately remarked to the proprietor, that if it were admissible to make public the letters we receive, the "Mothers' Friend" would outsell every remedy on the market.

I most earnestly entreat every female expecting to be confined to use Mother's Relief. Coupled with this entreaty I will add that during a long obstetrical practice (forty-four years), I have never known it to fail to produce a safe and quick delivery.
H. J. HOLMES, M. D.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Our Treatise on "Health and Happiness of Woman" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Atlanta, Ga,

Established in 1857.

PETER LYNCH

DEALER IN
GROCERIES, WINES,
Distilled and Malt Liquors,

Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff, Wood and Willowware, Hardware, Hollowware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Crockery, Glassware, etc. A perfect

VARIETY STORE.

Just now receiving and on hand

Mason's Metal and Glass Top
—AND—
Millville Fruit Jars, Etc.

TURNIP SEEDS, all kinds, (growth of 1884), prices as low as the lowest. All orders from the city and country filled promptly. Terms cash.
95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell sts., Atlanta, Ga.
June 18, 1884.

Proposals for Lumber.

BIDS FOR THE FOLLOWING BILL OF LUMber will be received up to 9 a. m., Saturday July 5, 1884, for the Union Compress and Warehouse Company at the office of Maddox, Rucker & Co.:

8 pieces 18x24x24.
2 pieces 14x24x13.
1 piece 15x24x10.
2 pieces 12x15x13.
3 pieces 9x12x16.
2 pieces 12x20x14.
1 piece 7x9x14.
2 pieces 12x12x31.
4 pieces 12x14x21.
2 pieces 12x18x21.
2 pieces 12x12x22.
2 pieces 12x12x28.
4 pieces 12x12x46.
2 pieces 12x12x24.
2 pieces 12x12x23.
8 pieces 8x10x16.
8 pieces 8x10x14.
2 pieces 12x12x26.
2 pieces 12x12x20.
2 pieces 8x12x48.
2 pieces 12x4x25.
20 pieces [illegible]x6x20.
20 pieces [illegible]x6x18.

The above to be good sound lumber, delivered not later than July 1[illegible] on board cars at company's grounds, near [illegible] street bridge.
KIRKPATRICK,
Superintendent.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MISS FREUDENTHAL, M. D.
SPECIALIST,
Treats all clases of diseases peculiar to woman. Consultation free. Office and dispensary No. 7½ North Broad, Room 5. Hours 9 to 12, 3 to 5 p. m.

DR. W. A. COOK,
Late of the New York Hospitals.
Practice limited to Skin Diseases, Cancers and Genito-Urinary troubles. Free consultations for the poor Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 12 to 1 o'clock p. m. Office 48½ Marietta street.

Dentists and Dental Depot.
DRS. J. P. & W. R. HOLMES,
DENTISTS,
MACON, - - - - - GEORGIA.
Publishers of DENTAL LUMINARY. The Macon Dental Depot, dealers in all kinds of Dental Goods.

DR. F. H. O'BRIEN,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
156 South Pryor street.

FAY & EICHBERG
ARCHITECTS
19 S. BROAD STREET.
ATLANTA, GA.

W. R. JONES,
PRACTICAL SLATER,
And dealer in all kinds of Roofing Slate. Plain and Ornamental Roofing done in the best manner. Order left at 12 Loyd. P. O. Box 316, Atlanta, Ga.

T. G. Baylor. Henry Baylor.
BAYLOR & BAYLOR,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
Office No. 7 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Surveys made, estimates, plans and specifications furnished, and construction superintended for waterworks, bridges, canals, roads, railroads and all engineering works. Correspondence solicited.

R. M. CLAYTON,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office No. 11 East Alabama Street.
Surveys and plats of real estate, measurements of excavation, calculations of water power, plans and specifications for the construction of county roads, bridges, etc., etc.
References: Col. L. P. Grant, Maj. Campbell Wallace, Capt. I. Y. Sage, Col. John T. Grant, Richard Peters, Esq., Wilkins, Post & Co.

EDMUND G. LIND,
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,
63 Whitehall street, over Schumann's Drug Store.

CHARLES T. MOORE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Washington, D. C.
Practices in the United States Courts and gives special attention to cases before the departments. Correspondence solicited. Office, room 104 Corcoran building.

J. L. LAWTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 24 CAPITOL BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.
Correspondence solicited.

JOHN D. CUNNINGHAM AND GEO. C. SPANN
Attorneys at Law,
Office 5 and 6 Atlanta National Bank Building,
15 Alabama street, Alanta, Ga.

JOHN L. & G. B. TYE,
Attorneys at Law,
McDonough, Ga.

R. P. LATTNER,
Attorney at Law,
Gainesville, Ga.
Office, room No. 1 Dunlap building. A general law practice in the State and Federal Courts.

J. T. HOLLEMAN,
Attorney at Law,
Gainesville, Ga.

FULTON COLVILLE,
Attorney at Law,
No. 23½ Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHWEST GEORGIA COLLECTING AGENCY
J. C. MATHEWS, Attorney at Law,
Americus, Ga., Manager.
Collections made on the following points: Americus, Albany, Fort Gaines, and all intermediate points. No charge unless collection is made.
References—Harrold Johnson & Co., Americus, Ga.; Wm. A. Haygood, Atlanta, Ga.

Wm. A. Haygood. E. W. Martin.
HAYGOOD & MARTIN,
Lawyers,
17½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

J.N. Hammond. J. G. Zachry. T. A. Hammond.
HAMMOND, ZACHRY & HAMMOND,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ E. Alabama st., Atlanta, Georgia.
Practice in all the Courts.

W. Y. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law,
Newnan, Ga.

J. A. ANDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
Has removed his office to 16½ Whitehall street, where he will be pleased to have his friends favor him with business calls.

JAMES W. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law,
Toccoa, Georgia.
Office, Room No. 5 Newman building. Will practice in all courts, state and federal.

EMORY SPEER,
Attorney at Law,
Will appear in causes in the State and U. S. Courts, except where United States government is a party.
Office—Rooms United States Attorney, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. W. J. HAM,
Attorney at Law and Real Estate
Agent and Dealer, Gainesville, Ga.

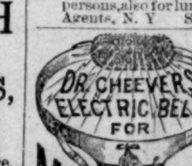
A. R. Wright. Max Myerhardt. Seaborn Wright.
WRIGHT, MYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
Rome, Georgia.
Collections a Specialty.

ATLANTA GRANITE, LIME AND SANDSTONE COMPANY

ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL DESCRIPtions of Building, Cemetery and Street Work on short notice and at reasonable terms. Estimates furnished on application. Office No. 11 E. Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. JOHN WALTON,
su tu th'y Agent.

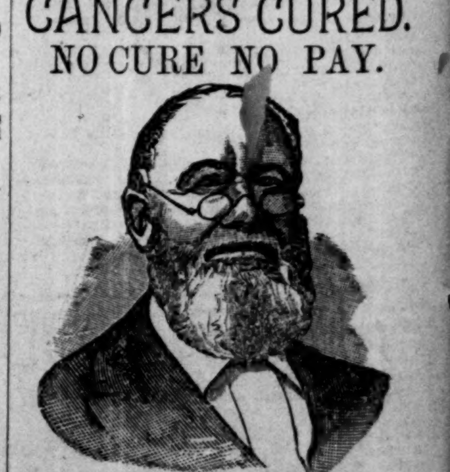
DUCRO'S ALIMENTARY ELIXIR.

Its principle ingredient, *Pure Meat*, is scientifically formulated with medical remedies, giving it wonderfully stimulating properties; invigorating the vital forces without fatiguing the digestive organs. In TYPHOID, YELLOW and MALARIAL fevers, it is invaluable, giving strength to overcome these malignant diseases. Highly recommended by leading Physicians of Paris as a tonic for Convalescents and Weak persons, also for lung diseases. **E. Fougera & Co.,** Agents, N. Y. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



This BELT or Regenerator is made expressly for the cure of derangements of the generative organs. There is no mistake about this instrument, the continuous stream of ELECTRICITY permeating through the parts must restore them to healthy action. Do not confound this with Electric Belts advertised to cure all ills from head to toe. It is for the ONE specific purpose.
For circulars giving full information, address Cheever Electric Belt Co., 103 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

CANCERS CURED.
NO CURE NO PAY.



DR. T. B. LITTLE.

Gate City National Bank Building, corner Alabama and Pryor streets, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Promptly and cheaply placed in all n[illegible] T. E. Has[illegible] Co. Advertising Agen[illegible]

EPILEPSY, FITS, [illegible] FITS, CURED [illegible]
This is no Humbug. [illegible] free of charge, write to L. H. SCHUYLER, [illegible]

AN ALL NIGHT SESSION.

THE HOUSES WORKING IN SHARP ANTAGONISM.

The Republicans Making Threats of a Called Session of Congress—A Deadlock on the Appropriation Bills—Calls for the Mexican Pension Bill—Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—[Special.]—The conference committee struck out of the sundry civil bill the provision for a permanent barracks at Atlanta. Randall and Forney did their best to retain Atlanta in the bill, but the senate conferees were immovable in their position that the selection of new posts should be left to the discretion of the secretary of war. Randall says Atlanta will be highly commended to the secretary, and that he may decide to erect permanent barracks there out of the fund which the bill places at his disposal.

AN ALL NIGHT SESSION.

At one o'clock, both houses are far apart on the diplomatic, the sundry civil, the legislative and the naval appropriation bills. An all night session is certain. Trouble is especially anticipated on the senate amendments to the naval bill providing for the construction of steel crusers. Leading democrats of the house say they will stay here all summer before they will vote for these amendments. Several republican senators said to-night that if a resolution continuing the naval appropriation of the past year was agreed to in lieu of the pending bill, and if the appropriation for the secret service in Nicaragua was refused, the president would call an extra session to meet at about July 20th. This statement is put down as pure bluff. The republicans in the house tried to make capital to-night by calling up repeatedly the Mexican pension bill, and moving to agree to the senate amendments. Careful calculations show that the bill as it passed the senate would cost about fifty millions a year at the lowest estimate. But for republican demagoguery all the Mexican veterans would be on the pension roll by this time.

Senator Cockrell to-night, in the capitol corridor, rather sharply censured Mr. Holman for delaying adjournment by holding back from the conference committees on which both he and Holman would be appointed, and by frequent objections in the house. Cockrell said such conduct would bring on the democrats the reproach of obstructing legislation by petty methods. Mr. Holman denied that he had been doing anything but what he thought his duty, and denied the statement that he was delaying adjournment.

THE HOUSES IN CONFERENCE.

The Representatives Insist on Rejecting the Nicaraguan Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—On motion of Mr. Clulom, the senate took up the bill to establish a commission to regulate interstate commerce. It provides for the appointment of a commission to consist of five commissioners, at a salary of $7,500 each, who shall have supervision of all matters pertaining to the regulation of commerce between the states and the methods of operating railroad companies in interstate commerce. Sixty thousand dollars is appropriated for the purposes of the commission for its first year's operation. Mr. Cullom said that in the present action of this bill there was no intention of opposing the railroad companies. The state commissions for the regulation of railroads had operated to advantage for the people and of the companies, so far as the powers of the commissioners extended; but as the railroads had spread themselves all over the continent, a national commission was necessary to the interests of the whole people and roads. It was his belief that very considerable power should be given to the national commissioners to settle disputes in order to avoid too much litigation. This would be beneficial to both the people and the company.

THE LEGISLATIVE BILL.

Mr. Allison presented the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, which was then read. The houses agree on everything except on three points namely, those relating to the first contingent fund of the senate, which provides compensation for senator's clerks; second, the printing in the Congressional Record of speeches not delivered, and third, the reduction of the internal revenue collectors and custom collectors.

The senate agreed to the report.

Mr. Allison said the committee would like some expression of the sense of the senate as to the unsettled point.

Mr. Maxey thought the printing of undelivered speeches cost more than the senators' clerks.

Mr. Sherman moved that the senate recede from the amendment prohibiting the printing of undelivered speeches. The senate, he said, might regulate its own speeches (and he would favor a provision in the senate rules prohibiting the printing of undelivered speeches). Yet the house may as well feel that it was a part of its prerogative to control its own printing.

Mr. Vest hoped the printing limitation would be adhered to.

Mr. Ingalls referred to the calumnious matter recently printed in the Congressional Record, though not delivered in either house of congress. Matter involving the reputation and honor of a member of the senate—matter that was absolutely false. He was opposed to the printing of undelivered speeches, yet he thought the appropriation bill not the best plan in which to deal with the question.

Messrs. Dawes, Morgan, Bayard and Maxey defended the provision for senators' clerks, both on the ground of actual necessity for the proper and prompt performance of senatorial duties, and on the ground of the constitutional right of the senate to regulate the number and duties of its own employes. All expressed the hope that the senate would stand by its original determination.

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

Mr. Allison said the great difference between the two houses, after all, was that the house insisted upon putting new legislation into appropriation bills. All of that legislation being unconsidered by the senate, and some of it vicious and absolutely wrong in principle.

Mr. Bayard reminded Mr. Allison that the senate was not without fault in that respect, calling attention to the provision for new cruisers in the naval appropriation bill.

Mr. Allison replied that that provision had been decided by the senate not to be new legislation, but said that where the house insisted that certain provisions were new legislation it would be the duty of the senate to recede.

Mr. Sherman withdrew his motion and the senate further insisted on the remaining amendment and ordered another committee of conference. The chairman reappointed Messrs. Allison, Dawes and Cockrell as such committee.

THE INTER-STATE COMMERCE BILL.

The question recurring on the interstate commerce bill, Mr. Miller, of New York, moved to postpone it till December, stating that while he fully sympathized with the purposes of the bill, it was manifest that it was one of the most important measures of the session and could not be properly discussed in the limited time now at the disposal of the senate.

Mr. Miller's motion was agreed to, and the bill goes over accordingly.

On motion of Mr. Blair, the senate then took up and passed a number of private pension cases.

THE FORTIFICATION BILL.

Mr. Logan sub-mitted the report of the conference committee on the fortification bill, to which the senate agreed.

On motion of Mr. Blair the senate proceeded to the consideration of the house bill, to prohibit the importation of foreigners under contract or agreement to perform labor in the United States. During the reading of the report on this bill, the senate, at 3:30 p. m., went into executive session. While still in executive session at 4:55, a recess was taken until 8 o'clock this evening.

THE NIGHT SESSION.

The senate went into executive session at 8 p. m., and remained with closed doors for half an hour, when it took another recess till 9, and then resumed executive session. At 9:50 the doors were again opened. A message from the house announced the persistence of that body in its disagreement to such of the senate amendments to the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as allows $250,000 to be expended by the president to meet expenses attendant upon foreign interruption, and such as relate to the appointment of a commission to ascertain the best modes of securing commercial relations with South America. The senate insisted on its amendments, and agreed to the report of its own conferees, and having ordered new conferees, the chair reappointed the original conferees, Messrs. Allsion, Hale and Cockrell.

THE ELECTORAL BILL.

Mr. Hoar announced that the conferees of both houses on the electoral count bill had had several meetings, and while no report has been authorized, he thought it proper to state that no progress toward an agreement had been made. He saw no possible hope of agreement unless the senate was prepared to put the whole matter of the electoral count into the power of the house, either as a separate body, or what was equally objectionable, into the power of a body made up of members of the senate and house voting per capita. Every member of the senate, Mr. Hoar thought, without exception and without distinction of party, regarded such a proposition as entirely unknown to the constitution, totally inadmissable in principle, as well as impracticable and inexpedient in practice.

A message was received from the house of representatives, requesting the return of the consular and diplomatic bills. This was for the purpose of correcting an error in the announcement of the action of the house. The corrected announcement showed that the house had receded receded

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

REUDENTHAL, M. D.
SPECIALIST,
classes of diseases peculiar to woman.
on free. Office and dispensary No. 7½
ad, Room 5. Hours 9 to 12, 3 to 5 p. m.

A. COOK,
ate of the New York Hospitals.
limited to Skin Diseases, Cancers and
inary troubles. Free consultations for
Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, from
ock p. m. Office 48½ Marietta street.

Dentists and Dental Depot.
J. P. & W. R. HOLMES,
DENTISTS,
GEORGIA
ers of DENTAL LUMINARY. The Macon
pot. dealers in all kinds of Dental Goods.

H. O'BRIEN,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
156 South Pryor street.

Y & EICHBERG
ARCHITECTS
S. BROAD STREET.
ATLANTA, GA.

JONES'
PRACTICAL SLATER,
aler in all kinds of Roofing Slate. Plain
mental Roofing done in the best manner.
at 12 Loyd. P. O. Box 316, Atlanta, Ga.

lor. Henry Baylor.
R & BAYLOR,
IL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
ce No. 7 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
made, estimates, plans and specifications
and construction superintended for
ks, bridges, canals, roads, railroads and all
ng works. Correspondence solicited.

CLAYTON,
VIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office No. 11 East Alabama Street,
and plats of real estate, measurements
tion, calculations of water power, plans
fications for the construction of county
dges, etc., etc.
ces: Col. L. P. Grant, Maj. Campbell
Capt. I. Y. Sage, Col. John T. Grant,
Peters, Esq., Wilkins, Post & Co.

D G. LIND,
CHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,
all street, over Schumann's Drug Store.

ES T. MOORE,
RNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Washington, D. C.
es in the United States Courts and gives
ttention to cases before the departments.
ndence solicited. Office, room 104 Corco-
ling.

J. L. LAWTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
4 CAPITOL BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.
Correspondence solicited.

D. CUNNINGHAM AND GEO. C. SPANN
Attorneys at Law,
and 6 Atlanta National Bank Building,
15 Alabama street, Alanta, Ga.

L. & G. B. TYE,
Attorneys at Law,
McDonough, Ga.

LATTNER,
Attorney at Law,
Gainesville, Ga.
room No. 1 Dunlap building. A general
tice in the State and Federal Courts.

HOLLEMAN,
Attorney at Law,
Gainesville, Ga.

N COLVILLE,
Attorney at Law,
No. 23½ Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

WEST GEORGIA COLLECTING AGENCY
C. MATHEWS, Attorney at Law,
Americus, Ga., Manager.
tions made on the following points: Amer-
bany, Fort Gaines, and all intermediate
No charge unless collection is made.
ences—Harrold Johnson & Co., Americus,
m. A. Haygood, Atlanta, Ga.

A. Haygood. E. W. Martin.
HAYGOOD & MARTIN,
Lawyers,
17½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

Hammond. J. G. Zachry. T. A. Hammond.
MOND, ZACHRY & HAMMOND,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ E. Alabama st., Atlanta, Georgia.
ce in all the Courts.

ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law,
Newnan, Ga.

NDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
moved his office to 16½ Whitehall street,
will be pleased to have his friends favor
business calls.

W. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law,
Toccoa, Georgia.
Room No. 5 Newman building. Will prac-
courts, state and federal.

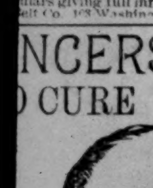
SPEER,
Attorney at Law,
ear in causes in the State and U. S. Courts,
here United States government is a party.
Rooms United States Attorney, Marietta
tlanta, Ga.

J. HAM,
Attorney at Law and Real Estate
Agent and Dealer, Gainesville, Ga.

ight. Max Myerhardt. Seaborn Wright.
HT, MYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
Rome, Georgia.
ions a Specialty.

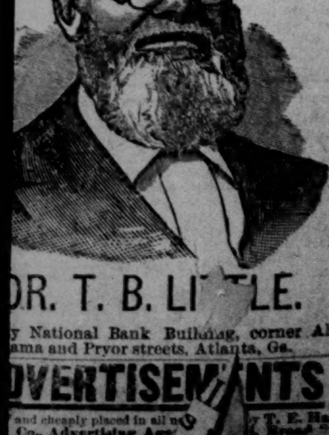
NTA GRANITE, LIME AND
NDSTONE COMPANY
REPARED TO FURNISH ALL DESCRIP-
of Building, Cemetery and Street Work
notice and at reasonable terms. Estimates
on application. Office No. 11 E. Alabama
lanta, Ga. JOHN WALTON,
th'y Agent.

DUCRO'S
IMENTARY ELIXIR.
rinciple ingredient, *Pure Meat*, is scientifically
ined with medical remedies, giving it won-
stimulating properties; invigorating the
forces without fatiguing the digestive organs.
YPHOID, YELLOW and MALARIAL fevers, it is in-
ble, giving strength to overcome these malig-
iseases. Highly recommended by leading Phy-
of Paris as a tonic for Convalescents and Weak
s, also for lung diseases. E. Fougera & Co.,
N. Y. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



This BELT or Regenerator is made expressly for the cure of derangements of the generative organs. There is no mistake about this instrument, the continuous stream of ELECTRICITY permeating through the parts must restore them to healthy action. Do not confound this with Electric Belts advertised to cure all ills from head to toe. It is for the ONE specific purpose.
ulars giving full information, address Cheever
elt Co. 103 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

NCERS CURED.
CURE NO PAY.



DR. T. B. LITTLE.
y National Bank Building, corner Ala-
ama and Pryor streets, Atlanta, Ga.

DVERTISEMENTS
and cheaply placed in all n... T. E. Ham...
Co., Advertising Age... Broad...

PSY, FITS, ... FITS,
CURED
no Humbug. ...
rite to
L. H. SCHUYLER, ...

AN ALL NIGHT SESSION.

THE HOUSES WORKING IN SHARP ANTAGONISM.

The Republicans Making Threats of a Called Session of Congress--A Deadlock on the Appropriation Bills--Calls for the Mexican Pension Bill--Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—[Special.]—The conference committee struck out of the sundry civil bill the provision for a permanent barracks at Atlanta. Randall and Forney did their best to retain Atlanta in the bill, but the senate conferees were immovable in their position that the selection of new posts should be left to the discretion of the secretary of war. Randall says Atlanta will be highly commended to the secretary, and that he may decide to erect permanent barracks there out of the fund which the bill places at his disposal.

AN ALL NIGHT SESSION.

At one o'clock, both houses are far apart on the diplomatic, the sundry civil, the legislative and the naval appropriation bills. An all night session is certain. Trouble is especially anticipated on the senate amendments to the naval bill providing for the construction of steel cruisers. Leading democrats of the house say they will stay here all summer before they will vote for these amendments. Several republican senators said to-night that if a resolution continuing the naval appropriation of the past year was agreed to in lieu of the pending bill, and if the appropriation for the secret service in Nicaragua was refused, the president would call an extra session to meet at about July 20th. This statement is put down as pure bluff. The republicans in the house tried to make capital to-night by calling up repeatedly the Mexican pension bill, and moving to agree to the senate amendments. Careful calculations show that the bill as it passed the senate would cost about fifty millions a year at the lowest estimate. But for republican demagoguery all the Mexican veterans would be on the pension roll by this time.

Senator Cockrell to-night, in the capitol corridor, rather sharply censured Mr. Holman for delaying adjournment by holding back from the conference committees on which both he and Holman would be appointed, and by frequent objections in the house. Cockrell said such conduct would bring on the democrats the reproach of obstructing legislation by petty methods. Mr. Holman denied that he had been doing anything but what he thought his duty, and denied the statement that he was delaying adjournment.

THE HOUSES IN CONFERENCE.

The Representatives Insist on Rejecting the Nicaraguan Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—On motion of Mr. Clulom, the senate took up the bill to establish a commission to regulate interstate commerce. It provides for the appointment of a commission to consist of five commissioners, at a salary of $7,500 each, who shall have supervision of all matters pertaining to the regulation of commerce between the states and the methods of operating railroad companies in interstate commerce. Sixty thousand dollars is appropriated for the purposes of the commission for its first year's operation. Mr. Cullom said that in the present action of this bill there was no intention of opposing the railroad companies. The state commissions for the regulation of railroads had operated to advantage for the people and of the companys, so far as the powers of the commissioners extended; but as the railroads had spread themselves all over the continent, a national commission was necessary to the interests of the whole people and roads. It was his belief that very considerable power should be given to the national commissioners to settle disputes in order to avoid too much litigation. This would be beneficial to both the people and the company.

THE LEGISLATIVE BILL.

Mr. Allison presented the conference report on the ligislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, which was then read. The houses agree on everything except on three points namely, those relating to the first contingent fund of the senate, which provides compensation for senator's clerks; second, the printing in the Congressional Record of speeches not delivered, and third, the reduction of the internal revenue collectors and custom collectors.

The senate agreed to the report.

Mr. Allison said the committee would like some expression of the sense of the senate as to the unsettled point.

Mr. Maxey thought the printing of undelivered speeches cost more than the senators' clerks.

Mr. Sherman moved that the senate recede from the amendment prohibiting the printing of undelivered speeches. The senate, he said, might regulate its own speeches (and he would favor a provision in the senate rules prohibiting the printing of undelivered speeches). Yet the house may as well feel that it was a part of its prerogative to control its own printing.

Mr. Vest hoped the printing limitation would be adhered to.

Mr. Ingalls referred to the caluminous matter recently printed in the Congressional Record, though not delivered in either house of congress. Matter involving the reputation and honor of a member of the senate—matter that was absolutely false. He was opposed to the printing of undelivered speeches, yet he thought the appropriation bill not the best plan in which to deal with the question.

Messrs. Dawes, Morgan, Bayard and Maxey defended the provision for senators' clerks, both on the ground of actual necessity for the proper and prompt performance of senatorial duties, and on the ground of the constitutional right of the senate to regulate the number and duties of its own employes. All expressed the hope that the senate would stand by its original determination.

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

Mr. Allison said the great difference between the two houses, after all, was that the house insisted upon putting new legislation into appropriation bills. All of that legislation being unconsidered by the senate, and some of it vicious and absolutely wrong in principle.

Mr. Bayard reminded Mr. Allison that the senate was not without fault in that respect, calling attention to the provision for new cruisers in the naval appropriation bill.

Mr. Allison replied that that provision had been decided by the senate not to be new legislation, but said that where the house insisted that certain provisions were new legislation it would be the duty of the senate to recede.

Mr. Sherman withdrew his motion and the senate further insisted on the remaining amendment and ordered another committee of conference. The chairman reappointed Messrs. Allison, Dawes and Cockrell as such committee.

THE INTER-STATE COMMERCE BILL.

The question recurring on the interstate commerce bill, Mr. Miller, of New York, moved to postpone it till December, stating that while he fully sympathized with the purposes of the bill, it was manifest that it was one of the most important measures of the session and could not be properly discussed in the limited time now at the disposal of the senate.

Mr. Miller's motion was agreed to, and the bill goes over accordingly.

On motion of Mr. Blair, the senate then took up and passed a number of private pension cases.

THE FORTIFICATION BILL.

Mr. Logan sub-mitted the report of the conference committee on the fortification bill, to which the senate agreed.

On motion of Mr. Blair the senate proceeded to the consideration of the house bill, to prohibit the importation of foreigners under contract or agreement to perform labor in the United States. During the reading of the report on this bill, the senate, at 3:30 p. m., went into executive session. While still in executive session at 4:55, a recess was taken until 8 o'clock this evening.

THE NIGHT SESSION.

The senate went into executive session at 8 p. m., and remained with closed doors for half an hour, when it took another recess till 9, and then resumed executive session. At 9:50 the doors were again opened. A message from the house announced the persistence of that body in its disagreement to such of the senate amendments to the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as allows $250,000 to be expended by the president to meet expenses attendant upon foreign interruption, and such as relate to the appointment of a commission to ascertain the best modes of securing commercial relations with South America. The senate insisted on its amendments, and agreed to the report of its own conferees, and having ordered new conferees, the chair reappointed the original conferees, Messrs. Allision, Hale and Cockrell.

THE ELECTORAL BILL.

Mr. Hoar announced that the conferees of both houses on the electoral count bill had had several meetings, and while no report has been authorized, he thought it proper to state that no progress toward an agreement had been made. He saw no possible hope of agreement unless the senate was prepared to put the whole matter of the electoral count into the power of the house, either as a separate body, or what was equally objectionable, into the power of a body made up of members of the senate and house voting per capita. Every member of the senate, Mr. Hoar thought, without exception and without distinction of party, regarded such a proposition as entirely unknown to the constitution, totally inadmissible in principle, as well as impracticable and inexpedient in practice.

A message was received from the house of representatives, requesting the return of the consular and diplomatic bills. This was for the purpose of correcting an error in the announcement of the action of the house. The corrected announcement showed that the house had receded receded from its disagreement as to the South American commission, leaving, as the only subject of difference between the two houses on that bill, the $250,000 which it is understood to relate to the Nicauraugan canal franchise.

The senate at 10:30 went again into executive session, and after a few minutes took another recess until 11, when the executive session was resumed.

Within a few minutes the doors were re-opened, add Mr. Allison submitted the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. The reports announced that the conferees had come to an agreement on all the amendments except that relating to the contingent fund of the senate, the provision covering the compensation for senators' clerks. The senate further insisted on the amendment, and ordered a new conference. The chair re-appointed as such committee Messrs. Allison, Plumb and Cockrell.

Further consideration of the bill to prohibit the importation of foreign labor under contract was, on motion of Mr. Brown, postponed till December 8 next.

LOGAN DEFENDS HIS SON-IN-LAW.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—After the routine business in the senate to-day, Mr. Logan arose to a question of privilege, and denied the afternoon published reports that he had any interest in the Zouni lands. He had read several letters from the interior department to show that the reports were unfounded in regard to the connection of Major Tucker, his son-in-law. Mr. Logan said that gentleman had been simply attacked because of his family connection with him. Major Tucker would wrong nobody. "Major Tucker," exclaimed Logan, "is my son-in-law. He is a gentleman who would not wrong anyone. I presume the attack is made because he is a member of my family. If the object of these detractors was to draw me into his defense, they have succeeded. If anyone thinks I have not the pluck to defend a relative when wrongfully attacked, he is mistaken."

After some important legislation the senate at 12:30 a. m. took a recess of half an hour.

MATTERS IN EXECUTIVE SESSION.

The senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed the following nominations: Lewis R. Richmond, of Rhode Island, minister to Portugal; Alphonso Taft, of Ohio, minister to Russia; John A. Kasson, of Iowa, minister to Germany; John M. Francis, minister to Austria-Hungary. George Turner, of Alabama, is to be associate justice of the supreme court of Washington territory. Postmasters—William W. Jenkins, at Charlotte, N. C.; James B. Beard, at Hickory, N. C. P. D. Barker, of Alabama, to be collector of internal revenue for the district of Alabama.

The nomination of George W. Washington, Alabama, to be receiver of public moneys at Montgomery, Ala., was rejected.

The president to-day nominated P. D. Barker, of Ala., to be collector of internal revenue for the district of Alabama. To be postmasters: Jas. H. Johnson, at Camden, S. C.; Robert J. Alcorn, Yazoo City, Miss.; H. H. Harrington, West Point, Miss.; B. G. Booth, Water valley, Miss.; George D. Brambett, Winchester, Tenn.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The house met this morning at 8 o'clock, with not more than half a dozen members in attendance. The Journal was very long, and at the conclusion of its reading Mr. Randall announced that there were no conference reports in readiness, whereupon the house took a recess till 11 o'clock.

Mr. Davis, of Missouri, from the committee on elections, submitted a report in the Alabama contested election case of Craig vs. Shelley, and it was laid over for future action. An accompanying resolution declares the contestant, G. H. Craig, entitled to his seat.

Mr. Bennett, of North Carolina, obtained leave to file a minority report.

Mr. Hill, of Illinois, on behalf of Mr. Belmont, of New York, from the committee on foreign affairs, reported a joint resolution requesting the president to negotiate with Great Britian for a renewal of the Canadian reciprocity treaty of 1854. House calendar.

Mr. Raney, of Massachusetts, from the committee on elections, submitted a unanimous report, confirming the right of Martin Maginnis to his seat as the delegate from Montana territory, and it was agree to.

The decision of the prima facie right of T. G. Stadner to a seat as a representative from the first district of North Carolina, was postponed until the second Monday in December.

The house then proceeded industriously to kill time, and succeeded well in its object. The Mexican pension bill was the pivot on which all the motions turned.

At 2:30, with a view to removing the impediment to the transaction of business Mr. Burnes, of Missouri, moved to postpone the further consideration of the bill until the 2d Tuesday in December. Lost, yeas 551, nays 135. A number of roll calls were taken without extracting the house from its deadlock, and then at 1:50 a recess was taken until 3 o'clock.

THE CONSULAR BILL.

After the recess, Mr. Burnes submitted the conference report on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill. Of the 167 amendments placed on the bill by the senate, the conference committee has reached an agreement on all except three. One of these is that appropriating $250,000 to meet necessary expenses attending on foreign intercourse to be expended under the direction of the president. The other two have reference to the appointment of a commission to ascertain the best mode of securing more intimate international and commercial relations between the United States and several countries of Central and South America. The bill, as far as agreed upon, appropriates $1,188,890, being an increase of $235,120 over the appropriation carried by the measure as it originally passed the house.

Mr. Burnes said, in reference to the first part of the disagreement, that the conference committee was so hedged in by obligations that it was almost impossible for him to discriminate between what ought to be said and what could not be said. His impression was that the public interest required that there should be no discussion of the question. He would not attempt to discuss it, unless such was the desire of the gentlemen on the other side.

PROBING A SECRET.

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, inquired how far the gentleman could go in stating the object of the appropriation without violating the secrets of the committee.

Mr. Burnes trusted that the gentleman would not insist upon his question.

Mr. Washburne, of Minnesota, said that the senate, after very full discussion of the matter, had placed the amendment on the bill by an almost unanimous vote. He thought that the house would make a great mistake if it did not recede from its disagreement to the amendment.

Mr. Burnes called attention to the fact that the majority of the appropriations committee, after an impartial consideration of the question, had come to a different conclusion.

Mr. Washburn moved that the house recede from its disagreement to the amendment. Lost, yeas 81, nays 93.

Messrs. Findlay, Finerty, Greenleaf, Hancock, Hurd, O'Neill, of Missouri; Potter, Rosecrans and Winans, of Wisconsin, voted with the republicans in the affirmative, and Messrs. Bayne, O'Hara and York, with the democrats in the negative.

Mr. Washburn moved a recession from the disagreement to the other matter in dispute.

Messrs. Washburn, Eaton, Kasson, Hunt and O'Neill of Missouri advocated the motion as being in the interest of extending our commercial relations.

Messrs. Burnes, Townshend and Springer opposed it, regarding the position as involving an unnecessary expendiiure of money, the latter declaring that the commissioners might drink barrel after barrel of champagne, but they could not sell a single wool hat in South America until they sold it as cheaply as it could be sold by England.

The motion to recede was agreed to: yeas 111, nays 76.

This leaves the $250,000 clause the only point of difference.

Messrs. Burnes, Townshend and Washburne were re-appointed conferees of the house.

The house then at 5:10 took a recess until nine o'clock this evening.

THE HOUSE IN NIGHT SESSION.

When the house met 9 o'clock, it still found itself in a dead lock over the Mexican pension bill, and an hour and a half was consumed in a futile attempt to make some progress with the senate amendments. At 10:30 p. m. Mr. Brown, of Indiana, called attention to the obvious fact that it was impossible to pass the bill at the present session, in view of the strong opposition made to it. He proposed that the measure be laid aside, and the house proceed to the consideration of the private pension bills.

Mr. Townshend, who has charge of the bill, consented to this arrangement.

Mr. Hewett, of Alabama, also acceded to the proposition, stating that he had opposed the senate amendments because they had radically changed the features of the bill, and because he believed that they would saddle upon the government a debt of $2,000,000,000.

Mr. Townshend wished an opportunity to deny this last statement, but he was cried down with demands for the "regular order," and he thereupon objected to Mr. Brown's proposition, and the roll call proceeded. As is usual during night sittings, when the session of congress is drawing to a close, the galleries of the house were crowded with spectators, and the heat of the evening rendered the air in the chamber stifling. Many members took refuge on the south portico of the capitol to enjoy the breeze which came up from the river, and to talk politics, while those who remained in the hall assumed listless attitudes, and endeavored to make themselves as comfortable as the circumstances would admit by the constant use of fans.

Mr. Springer moved to postpone consideration of the Mexican pension bill until Tuesday next, but no quorum voting, withdrew his motion.

Mr. Hewett, of Alabama, obtained the floor, and made a speech reviewing his opposition to the senate amendments, and declaring that they discriminated against the soldiers of the Mexican war. At 12:15 a. m. Mr. Holman, of Indiana, submitted the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropria-

Continued on third column, fifth page.

THE TALK IN CHICAGO.

THE TARIFF QUESTION THE FOREMOST IN INTEREST.

The Arrival of Leading Politicians Giving Interest to the Scene--The Real Status of the Morrison Idea--The New Yorkers and Their Candidates Passed in Review, Etc.

CHICAGO, July 5.—The delegates to the democratic national convention continue to arrive in straggling detachments, which in but few cases number more than five or six. They have thus far arrived principally as individuals. One-half of the Louisiana delegation, however, arrived this morning, and the entire Iowa delegation, numbering 26, came later in the day. Quite a number of leaders reached the city late last night, and their presence caused an activity and animation at the hotels which the delegates alone could not impart. National Committeeman L. Scott, of Pennsylvania, and General Spinola, and Thomas F. Grady, of New York, were among those who were early on the scene this morning. Ex-Governor Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, was observed in the lobby of the Palmer house, and was afterward seen in consultation with the advanced advocates of revenue reform.

THE TARIFF AGITATION.

Governor Morton declares that the party must, in justice to itself, declare unqualifiedly for a reform of the tariff laws. Congressman Morrison declares that the platform of the party takes precedence over everything else. He believed that with a good platform the party could go into the fight with almost any good candidate and win. He declared that the south and the greater portion of the west could be relied upon to support reasonable reform tariff principles. Many northern and New England delegates would be opposed to it, and it was a question whether the south and west did not constitute a clear majority. It is recognized that the tariff question has taken precedence in the point of interest thus far in the preliminary work of the convention, as the free trade advocates have been outspoken in their demand that the subject be clearly defined by the national convention.

To a representative of the Associated Press this morning, Hon. Henry Watterson said the statement that Carter Harrison defeated Morrison at Peoria, gives a very wrong impression of what really occurred there. The Illinois delegation adopted a "tariff for revenue only" resolution. Harrison started out to quash this, but finding that he would be beaten, he modified his demand, and asked that the resolution be simply referred to the national convention about to assemble. This the state convention was willing to concede to a man whom it was about to nominate for governor. It should not be forgotten," continued Watterson, "that Harrison is himself a revenue reformer, and said in his speech that protection is robbery. With the action of the state convention, Harrison's power over the Illinois delegation in the national convention expires. It is an out and out revenue reform delegation, and Morrison will be its member of the platform committee."

THE NEW YORK DELEGATION.

The advance guard of the New York Tammany delegation flung out a red banner at the Palmer house this morning and the New York county democracy also bring out their placards. Around the New York delegation gravitates very largely the interest in the presidential race, and the most widely diverging reports are current as to the comparative strength of the respective candidates in the delegation. Cleveland's and Flower's adherents both stoutly claim a majority of the delegation, and it is conceded by both wings that Senator Bayard has a following. It was expected that a caucus of the New York delegation would be held this evening but owing to the announcement of Chairman Manning that the caucus will not be held without the full membership, it is now stated that the caucus will probably be held to-morrow night. The Flower contingent was reinforced this morning by the arrival of John B. Manning, Dr. Crittenden, of Buffalo; Captain Hamilton, and James Mooney, the latter of whom is known as the labor agitator. The Iowa delegation, immediately after its arrival, effected a temporary organization by electing Judge L. G. Kinne as chairman. Its permanent organization was deferred till Monday. The delegation is stated to be for Cleveland.

THE CONVENTION HALL.

The convention hall is receiving its last touches. The force of the sergeant-at-arms will be sixty doorkeepers, sixty ushers and thirty pages. They reported this morning to Colonel Bright, sargeant-at-arms, who made them subscribe to a written form for the faithful performance of their duties; and to exclude all but ticket holders from the hall.

BOLD BENNY BUTLER.

The Butler movement is well engineered. It will be worked for all that it is worth. Ben. Palmer, who is managing editor of the Globe, Butler's Boston organ, has been here with Plymton a week laying the wires. They say that they really hope to convince the convention that Ben is the only democrat who can have a reasonable hope of beating Blaine.

Mr. Palmer was asked whether he thought Butler would be swallowed by the south? "Yes," he said, "and we go farther and say that he will be the strongest candidate for the party in the south as well as in the north. Of course there will be thousands of bourbons who will shy at him, just as they shied at Greeley, but any such defection would be more than offset by his popularity with the colored republicans."

"What do you think will be Butler's strength on the first ballot?"

"Only the solid vote of the Massachusetts delegation. We look to later ballots."

"But will the Massachusetts delegation be a unit in the face of Colonel Prince's declaration that Butler will have only eighteen votes from his own state?"

"That is not true. There isn't a man in the delegation who would dare show his face at home if he voted against Butler. Prince himself wouldn't have been sent here if his friends hadn't pledged his vote to Butler. As it is, he will probably be secretary of the convention and not vote at all, but his alternate will vote for Butler all the time."

CARTER HARRISON FOR SECOND PLACE.

Carter Harrison's triumph at Peoria and his pronounced opposition to the Hurd and Morrison free trade programme commend him to the favor of some of the Cleveland managers as a candidate for the second place on the Cleveland ticket. Manning and Weed were throwing feelers in this direction at the Palmer house, but whether in sincerity or simply to make headway for their candidate in Illinois it is not safe to say. In Harrison's behalf, it is urged that he has made Chicago a democratic city by successive majorities of 8,000 to 10,000, and that his popularity here, and with Germans throughout the state, would increase the democratic vote in Illinois by at least his majority in Chicago.

GENERAL BUTLER ARRIVED.

General Butler arrived in Chicago from Boston this evening. He was accompanied by his secretary, and several personal friends. A representative of the associated press met the party at Kinsington, a few miles away from Chicago, and accompanied the general into the city. General Butler did not take with kindness to any discussion on current politics, or the possibilities of the democratic convention, but said there would undoubtedly be a protection plank in the platform promulgated by the assembled democrats of the country next week. Upon the arrival of the train at the depot, General Butler was waited upon by a committee representing the laborers' organization of the city, and after a short season of handshaking the general was escorted to a carriage and driven to the Palmer house. There General Butler was met by a crowd who greeted him with three cheers. On the route through Michigan General Butler was warmly received at the various towns along the Michigan Central road. At Michigan City the mayor boarded the train and introduced General Butler to the people. The general made a short response saying that the demonstraiion was evidence that that they approved his course.

Tammany on Its Way to Chicago.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The Tammany hall delegation left for Chicago by the New York Central at nine o'clock this morning. It was over 600 strong, and went in a train of sixteen cars. The Irving hall delegates left by the Erie at 9:45. The Seventh regiment band accompanied the Tammany delegation. Among those in the train were John Kelly, Police Commissioner Nichols, Charity Commissioner Brennon, State Committeeman E. Cahill, and Fire Commissioner Croker. Before his departure, John Kelly said: "The democratic party has victory within its grasp this time as it has not had in twenty-four years. We hope the convention will nominate a man on whom all can unite. The friend of the corporations and an enemy of the working man is not such a nominee." Among the Irving hall delegates were Sheriff Davidson, Judge Callahan, State Senator Campbell and Excise Commissioner Haughton. The delegation was 150 strong.

Blaine Wanted at Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, July 5.—Some intimate friends of James G. Blaine have secured the refusal of one of the new cottages of John Hoey, at Hollywood Park, and have tendered it to Mr. Blaine and his family for the summer. The cottage is furnished throughout, with the exception of bed and table linen, and has all of the modern improvements. It has about forty rooms. A strong effort will be made to induce Mr. Blaine to spend the summer here with his wife and children.

THE REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN.

Mr. Blaine's Sensational Character--The Pending Campaign.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—[Special.]—Mr. Blaine is nothing, if not sensational. His public career is dotted all over with episodes, some of which were embarrassing, but all striking. He is keeping up his reputation in this line. His every appearance since his nomination has been characterized by a dramatic effect and an attention to detail worthy of this consummate actor. It is announced that the campaign is to be opened with a splendid pageant that is to eclipse Mr. Blaine's private theatricals in the parlors and on the lawn of his quiet Augusta home. His letter is to be thundered upon the country at a great mass meeting in New York, with surroundings that cannot fail to terrify the boldest democrat. But while Mr. Blaine is polishing up his armor and smoothing out his plume for this grand rush into the political arena, the cold calculating managers of his party are already at work. Upon them will fall the real burden of the struggle, and they are preparing for it. Indeed, it may be said that the republican campaign is well under way. Its shrewd managers have not waited for Blaine to sound the key note but have begun to lay the lines for a vigorous and business like canvass of the country. Considerable significance is attached to the choice of Benjamin F. Jones, of Pittsburg, as chairman of the national committee. He has never been prominent in the party's councils and his introduction of himself to the country through the medium of his recent letter has not occasioned an extravagant estimate of his ability. But he is highly indorsed by congressmen who know him as a man of executive capacity and as the possessor of "a barrel." These considerations are not what caused his selection. Jones belongs to the anti-Cameron wing of Pennsylvania republicans, and was suggested for the chairmanship of the committee by congressman Tom Bayne, who has elected himself general manager of Blaine's campaign. Blaine probably gave a ready assent to the choice of a man of this faction in Pennsylvania. He owes the Camerons an ancient grudge. It is said that their despotic power in politics, when Blaine was a young man and not in favor with them, drove him from his native state, to find a freer and fairer field for his ambition. The Camerons of to-day—Simon and Don—represent that extreme stalwart republicanism which would have squelched the great "half-breed" leader long ago, if he had not been strong enough to defy their wiles. At Chicago, Blaine's warmest support came from men who, like Stewart of Pennsylvania, were most conspicuous in the revolt against the Cameron domination in the last state election and went to the point of throwing the state government into the hands of the democrats in order to finally destroy the power of the Cameron clan. Jones was chosen as a gentle hint to the old bosses that Blaine intends to head his own campaign and, if elected, to run his own administration. Another reason for choosing Jones, according to a republican congressman with whom I discussed the matter, was to draw back all the republicans whose allegiance to the party has been slackened by its discords of the past four years, while the stalwarts have been controlling the party machinery. It is seldom that the stalwarts bolt or sulk. They do all their protesting before a nomination and after it is made generally come in with the most cordial support it finds. Their strength is counted on as a certainty and as a proof that they are reliable is cited the fact that nearly all the bolting republicans in this campaign are from the same wing of the party as Blaine himself. That Jones is to pay well for his whistle may be considered certain.

While his committee is getting into shape in New York the congressional campaign committee is steadily at work at its headquarters in Washington. To secure control of the next house is almost an impossibility for the republicans, but the hard chances have nerved them for the more determined effort. Their congressional committee is made up of active, well posted men with General Hawley as chairman and ex Clerk McPherson as secretary. They are in close communication with every congressional district in the country, and have their work mapped out with admirable system. Especial attention is paid to districts in the south which are considered at all doubtful. By the time the campaign fund has been raised sufficiently to begin disbursements the committee will be posted as to the fruitful ground and the stony places. That this fund will be enormous need not be doubted.

Only very credulous persons believe that the horde of officeholders will not be squeezed, practically in the old way, which Jay Hubbell made disreputable by his bungling boldness. The talk that the business interests were ready to subscribe largely for Arthur, but won't give a cent to Blaine, is also to be cast aside as idle. Both republican committees will have money in abundance—fully as much as they had four years ago—probably more. They will miss Dorsey sadly, though. Jones cannot fill his place. I find two opinions expressed among democratic congressmen in reference to the campaign. One is that Blaine is beaten already: that the revolt in his party is daily growing stronger, and that the democrats have a picnic before them. The other opinion is that the republicans have inaugurated a bold campaign which is to be well sustained by men and money; that the number of bolters is greatly exaggerated; that the democrats will be beaten unless they put out a strong ticket on a sensible, conservative platform and bring forth all their energies in well concerted action. The former opinion is expressed here by the enthusiastic, hot-headed politicians who believe in a brass band and skyrocket campaign. The latter opinion is held by men of judgment and experience. They express it frankly, not because they doubt the power of money, but because they see the only way to success. They believe in work and not in "brag." They are in favor of a business campaign and rate the buncombe of superficial politicians very low.

Does Tilden Favor Cleveland?

ALBANY, N. Y., July 5.—A special dispatch to the Evening Journal says: "Samuel J. Tilden and Andrew H. Green called on a prominent New York journalist, whose summer home is near Greystone, and the party visited Mr. Tilden, who discussed the presidential situation without reserve. He said he would not mind the strain of the canvas. He thought he could endure this all right: what he dreaded was the four years wear and tear after he should be elected, the idea that possibly this demand on his declining years would not be made on him after the campaign not appearing to have any place in his mind.

"He stated freely that he personally preferred that Governor Cleveland should receive the nomination at Chicago. He said he had made known this preference in a direction where it would do the most good, having sent word to his friends and to influential democrats to that effect. He discussed Senator Bayard and other candidates. Bayard, he said, would not do for northern voters. His war record would be exceedingly damaging."

Did Logan Write the Veto?

WASHINGTON, July 5.—According to a member of congress who speaks, he says, from positive knowledge, General Logan wrote the president's Fitzjohn Porter veto message. Logan has disclaimed any communication with the president on the subject, so that the question is narrowed down to one of veracity. Some have thought that Lincoln wrote the message, as it reflects his views very closely, but this congressman says Lincoln did not and Logan did. The most serious objection to this theory is that the veto is grammatical.

Walsh Wants to Testify Again.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—John A. Walsh came to Washington from New York to-day, as he said, "to get a last word in the star route investigation by the Springer committee." He said to the members of the committee: "I want to correct the vageries of Merrick's memory, and prove the truth of all the statements I had attributed to him, especially the one in which he told me that Bliss, Chandler and Kellogg met at Chandler's house to find out means to save Kellogg from an indictment by the second grand jury. I will give the name of another witness who was present when the statement was given to me. I want to prove that Merrick did say to two witnesses, in the district of Columbia, that Chandler had come to him and asked that he desist from the prosecution of Kellogg. In relation to Bliss I want to disprove the false statements made by him before the committee, touching the testimony of Kellogg wherein he alleged that I had borrowed $6,000 from him. I desire to prove, by documentary and other evidence, its utter untruthfulness." Mr. Walsh was not allowed to testify, the republican members of the committee refusing to listen to any additional testimony, there being no quorum of democrats in the city.

A Sheep Creates a Sensation.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The naturalists of the Smithsonian institute are quite excited over the presence of a live, big horn mountain sheep in their midst, for, owing to the great difficulty of capturing this hardy mountaineer and keeping him alive, when captured, no animal of this species has ever before been seen east of the Missouri river. This specimen is in fine, healthy condition at present, as are all the animals, but it is not likely to live long in captivity. It has already distinguished itself by clearing a fence ten feet high at a single bound. It has for a companion a genuine hybrid, or cross between itself and a domestic sheep, covered with a mixture of wool and hair, but more strongly resembling its male parent from the mountains than the domestic species. Mr. Hornaday, the chief taxidermist of the national museum, has secured permission to photograph the animals, and Mr. Suiellie, the Smithsonian photographer, will be engaged to-day in taking a number of instantaneous views of the two mountain sheep for use in mounting specimens of the same kind to display at the New Orleans exposition.

THE FOREIGN WORLD.

THE PROGRESS OF THE CHOLERA EPIDEMIC.

Trouble in Russia--Lord St. Leonard Liberated--The Latest From General Gordon--Henry M. Stanley, the Great African Explorer, on His Way Home Again, Etc.

PARIS, July 5.—Dr. Rochard is of opinion that the cholera has reached its maximum of intensity, and that it will linger until September, when the total number of deaths in Toulon will be about 1,000. Many physicians fear there will be a larger total. The wash women having refused to wash the linen of the cholera patients, the task is entrusted to prisoners under promise of pardon.

A Marseilles correspondent maintains that the cholera panic is senseless. Instances have occurred where men carrying a patient to the hospital on a shutter, deposited the shutter on the pave and entered the cabinet to drink. In the meantime the patient arose from the shutter, grasped the situation and levanted without being captured. Several failures have occurred at Toulon, owing to the depression of trade. The death rate has slightly increased.

The intense heat aggravates the cholera. Another break of the smallpox has occurred at Vigan, in the department of Gard. Seventeen deaths have occurred. A military cordon has been ordered. It is now proved that the ship Lairthe introduced the cholera into France. She had 14 cases on board while in the Red sea.

There have been seven deaths from cholera in Toulon since last night. The oxygen cure is proving failure.

One death took place from cholera in Marseilles last night.

Dr. Koch, the cholera expert, was received in Paris with some reserve, because of his being a Prussian.

THE DECISION OF A MAUDLIN JUDGE.

LONDON, July 5.—The judge to-day liberated Lord St. Leonards, the peer who some weeks ago was convicted of having criminally assaulted a servant girl. The judge thought his lordship had been sufficiently punished already.

THE RUSSIAN JEWS.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 5.—The anti-Jewish rioters, arrested some days ago at Novgorod, are to be tried by courtmartial, as the civil tribunal refused to convict them, owing to the prevalence among the peasants of animosity against the Jews.

BECOMING GOVERNMENT INFORMERS.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 5.—Owing to a quarrel certain moderate nihilists have become government informers.

AN ENGLISH CABINET MEETING.

LONDON, July 5.—A cabinet council was summoned to-day to meet at Mr. Gladstone's residence.

STANLEY ON HIS WAY HOME.

LONDON, July 5.—Dispatches from St. Paul de Loando, on the west coast of Africa, mention reports to the effect that Henry M. Stanley had sailed for England. The commanders of the Portuguese war vessels have ascended the Congo and annulled the treaties that Stanley had concluded with the natives, which granted to the African international association sovereignty over the territory that had been declared to be neutral.

THE PARIS REDS.

PARIS, July 5.—The communists propose to march to the Hotel de Ville on July 14th, bearing the red flag inscribed in black letters, with the single word, "Amnesty."

The government has decided to release the Mount Cian Les Mines anarchists, but Prince Krapotine and Louise Michel will not be pardoned.

THE CONDITION OF EGYPT.

CAIRO, July 5.—The governor of Dongola, now telegraphs from Debbeh, that he has fought a great battle with the rebels and killed four thousand of their number, himself losing two thousand men. The news is not believed. Later on the same day the governor telegraphed asking for arms, ammunition and horses.

LONDON, July 5.—The Telegraph's Cairo correspondent says that advices from Catholic missionaries confirm the report that Khartoum has fallen and that General Gordon is safe. There are rumors that there will be a rising in Cairo toward the end of the Romadam. The fall of Dongola is daily expected. Advices from Berber and Dongola are very conflicting and are mostly rumors. The government appears to know less than outsiders. Specials from Cairo almost invariably conclude with the statement that the foregoing reports must be received with caution.

A Suakim dispatch says the real rebel attack is expected soon at Suakim.

FRANCE AND CHINA.

PARIS, July 5.—L. Fong Pao will remain in Paris until the difficulty between France and China is settled. M. Patenotre, French minister to China, has been instructed to consult with L. Fong Pao before conferring with the foreign board. France will waive the indemnity of China will pledge Formosa or Hanoi until France has gained full possession of the portions of Tonquin which have been conceded to her. If this is not done France will immediately forcibly seize one or the other of these islands.

A POLITICAL RIOT IN VIENNA.

VIENNA, June 5.—There was a collision in this city to-day, at an electoral meeting, between the social democrats and the anti-Semites. The police had much difficulty in restoring order.

TWO IRON CLADS FOR CHINA.

STELTIN, July 5.—The departure of two Chinese iron clads from this port has been countermanded.

THE CROPS OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

A Gloomy Prospect on Account of the Continued Rains.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 5.—Farmers are beginning to look gloomy. The frequent heavy rains have produced disastrous consequences, and the cotton and corn are not nearly so thrifty as they were a few weeks ago. In some localities the crop is remarkably promising and an abundant yield is confindently anticipated, but in the low country bordering the water courses, everything is swamped and the outlook is such as to appal the sturdy soil-tillers. But should the rains cease and sunshine and warmth come to fructify vegetation the husbandman will once more wear a glad smile in joyful ansicipation of a rich harvest. The damage done thus far by the too copious and frequent showers is not beyond reparation. Timely sunshine and dry weather will repair the injury and convert what now seems a calamity into a blessing. The latest advices from the upper counties state that during a season of fifteen days, beginning about the 17th of June and ending the 2d of July, the rainfall was unprecedented. At first the porous and thirsty soil drank in the refreshing rain, and everything was green and beautiful in the vegetable kingdom; but the supply of water was more than the earth could stand, and evil effects were soon noticeable. The grass burst forth as if by magic and the busy hoes of the laborer could not repress its sudden growth. In some places below Columbia where the Congaree overflowed its banks and covered the plantations the corn was wholly submerged and when the waters receded it was so choked with mud that it had to be cut down and a new crop planted in its stead. The cotton plants, too, which were luxuriant and healthy, could not stand so much water, and the roots began rotting, and the leaves turned yellow, a sure prevonition of impending decay. Too late to replant this land in cotton, corn was substituted, and with good seasons from now till harvest time, a plentiful corn crop may yet be made. The net result of the over supply of rain and consequent damages to certain growing crops will be that the expected yield of cotton will not be reached, but more corn will be raised than was ever raised. This seems to be the impression of several intelligent planters with whom I conversed to day.

Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

Loans decrease	$841,600
Specie increase	5,033,900
Legal tender decrease	816,300
Deposits increase	4,145,700
Circulation increase	53,100
Reserve increase	3,181,177

Banks now hold $16,300,812 in excess of legal requirements.

A Glutted Market.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 5.—[Special.]—The Columbia market is glutted with vegetables, fruit and all kinds of country produce. Large squashes, sell for five cents a dozen and cabbages weighing seven pounds are hard to sell at five cents a piece. Blackberries are plentiful at three cents a quart. Lucious peaches are abundant at twenty cents a peck. Eggs and chickens, too, are unusually low. In fact, living is cheaper now than at any time ince the war.

Independent Candidates for Congress.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 5.—[Special.]—It is rumored on the streets to-day that J. McKinney Brown will become the independent republican candidate for sheriff, and William Clift, of Soddy, will become the independent democratic candidate for the same office.

THE HON. JOHN SULLIVAN

Beseeche to Play the Part of a Modern Moses to the Sporting Fraternity.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The following letter has been addressed by Mr. J. B. Gibbs, president of the Manhattan Temperance association, to John L. Sullivan, the Hub's champion pugilist. It is an appeal, as will be seen, to the champion's better nature, asking him to enroll himself among the temperance advocates of the world. Sullivan's answer has not been received.

John L. Sullivan—Dear Sir: You will no doubt be somewhat surprised in receiving a communication upon the subject of reform, and I think you will agree with me that there is a great need of reform among the "sporting fraternity."

There are but few men in this country better known than you are, and no man among the "sporting fraternity" that can draw the admiring multitudes to witness the "manly art" that you can. It is not the rough element alone that you attract, but our "best citizens," and among them a large number of prominent Christian men and women (if the newspaper reports are correct.) This is good evidence that you are more than an ordinary sporting character. Now, my dear Mr. Sullivan, a man with such a prestige never should abuse it; but, on the other hand, increase it, and by exercising a little will power you can raise yourself high in the estimation of all good people and become a still greater and grander champion—not only of the "manly art of self defense" but a champion in the cause of God and suffering humanity. It would not only be yourself that would be benefitted by it, but hundreds, yea thousands, of your associates would follow your example. Enclosed you will find the pledge of the Manhattan temperance association, of which I have the honor of being president. Unite with us in our warfare against the rum power, and the name of John L. Sullivan shall become a power in the land and no Madison Square Garden would hold the multitude that would gather to honor you in the noble stand taken. God bless you, and I hope to have the great pleasure of having the pledge card returned to me with your distinguished name signed thereto. I also enclose extra cards. With best wishes, I am yours, very truly, J. B. GIBBS,
President Manhattan temperance association.

Mr. Sullivan has not responded.

COUSINS AS RIVALS IN LOVE.

One Found Dying in the Road and the Other Accused of His Murder.

ORLEAN, N. Y., July 5.—Officers are searching through the northern oil fields for Frederick Galbraith, who is believed to have caused the death of his cousin of the same name. The latter was found lying by the roadside at Brady's Cove two weeks ago with a fractured skull. He was unconscious, but when brought to he said that a horse had run away with him and thrown him out of the wagon. The young man died next day, and he was buried without any investigation being made as to the cause of his death. It was not until several days later that it became known that he and his cousin had quarrelled over a young woman for whose favor they were rivals, and that the last seen of the dead man alive he was walking near the spot where he was found in company with the young woman. His friends insisted on his body being exhumed, which was done. Besides the crushed skull, it was found that he was injured about the abdomen, and that three ribs were broken. It was learned that two days before his death his cousin had told him that he would "smash his head in if he ever saw him with the girl again," and it was proved that on the night the dead Fred Galbraith was seen for the last time his cousin was also seen walking quickly in the direction he and the girl had taken. The coroner's jury charged the death of Fred Galbraith on his cousin, and a warrant was issued for his arrest.

CRIMES AND ACCIDENTS.

A Riot Averted.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., July 5.—[Special.]—Recently the builders of the belt railroad asked permission to pass through the property of David Hughes, and Hughes offered a right in consideration of a reduction on shipping rates. Some delay in accepting the proposition took place. The company, however, proceeded to lay the tracks over the premises. Hughes sought an injunction and yesterday the whole force of Hughes' planing mill, accompanied by the asistant chief of police. Price, was dispatched to the place, with orders to stop the work. They proceeded in a body well armed for conflict, and ordered an immediate suspension of the work. The railroad hands assumed a defiant attitude, and for a time a riot was expected, but the timely arrival of interested parties prevented a terrible tragedy, as both parties were prepared to contest the matter by force and bloodshed.

John Taylor Said to be Alive.

CHATTANOOGA, July 5.—[Special.]—The Democrat this evening publishes a statement from an old steamboat man that John Taylor, brother of Andy Taylor, and one of the murderers of Sheriff Cate and Conway, is alive, and was seen one day this week within thirty-five miles of Chattanooga. Before being hung Andy stated that John died of flux in Missouri, and that he buried him in a wooden box.

Marrero Acquitted.

KEY WEST, Fla., July 5.—Marrero, the alleged dynamiter, has been acquitted. The question with the jury hung upon what constituted a shipment of explosives as charged in the information, and as he brought his fuse, fulminates, etc., in a satchel, kept them in his room and under his supervision, it was not considered a shipment.

A Railroad Train Ditched.

JACKSON, Miss., July 5.—A passenger train on the Natchez, Jackson and Columbia railroad, ran over a cow between Jackson and Raymond. The train was ditched and badly wrecked. Mail Agent Fitzhughs and several passagers were seriously bruised, but there was no loss of life.

Run over and Killed.

CALERA, Ala., July 5.—[Special.]—Last night Genbial Scales, a young man of good family, while intoxicated, attempted to cross the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad in front of the passenger train, but missing his footing, fell. The train ran over him, killing him instantly.

Train Wreckers Arrested.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 5.—[Special.]—A special from Fort Payne, Ala., states the three men who attempted to wreck the train on the Alabama Great Southern railroad, mentioned in these dispatch Thursday, were captured near that place this morning. Their names not given.

Workmen Suffocated by Gas.

CHICAGO, July 5.—Four workmen employed by the Calumet iron and steel company while cleaning one of the large chimneys connected with the works were suffocated by the gas.

A Thief in the Night.

DAYTON, Tenn., July 5.—The store of Howard & Stewart was entered last night, and $1,900 in cash and $12,000 in notes were stolen. The thief had been secreted in the building, but there is no clue to his identity.

A Guard Drowned.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 5.—[Special.]—One of the penitentiary guards from Camden, named Picket, was drowned while attempting to swim from an island in the Congaree river to the shore. He was weighted down by his heavy uniform and his gun.

A Fall of Nine Stories.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Albert S. Aclecoute, while engaged in painting a building at Fifth avenue and Forty-second street, was overcome by the heat and fell to the ground from a height of nine stories. He was taken to Bellevue hospital, where he died in two hours.

Fired by the Small Boy.

HAVERHILL, Mass., July 5.—Taylor Goodwin & Co.'s lumber and coal yard at Bradford was burned yesterday, with four tenement houses. The stable, office, sheds, lumber and eight freight cars loaded with Michigan lumber and lime. Loss $75,000. One man was killed and another fatally hurt. Several others were seriously injured. The fire was caused by fire crackers.

Subject to Fits.

CHATTANOOGA, July 5.—[Special.]—Jane Otter, a colored girl, aged about twenty, living on Newel's farm, Missionary Ridge, who is a subject to epileptic fits, fell into a fire this morning during one of her paroxysms, and was seriously, if not fatally burned before the fire could be extinguished. Dr. Price gave assistance, but says it is doubtful if she can recover.

A Wire Rope Six Miles Long.

TRENTON, July 5.—J. W. Roebling's Sons' Co. have shipped a wire rope, six and a quarter miles long, weighing 86,829 pounds, to the Third avenue surface railway of New York. The railroad had to provide a special car for its transportation.

Burning of the Newark Machine Works.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 5.—[Special.]—The works of the Newark machine company, at Newark, were burned this morning. Loss about $500,000. Insurance $20,000.

GEORGIA GOSSIP.

SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

Strange Conduct of a Physician in Harris County—A Wilkes County Golden Wedding—A Serious Difficulty in Early County—The Tilden Joke—Other State News, Etc.

The Tocca News acknowledges that it was some other fellow's sister who palmed off the Tilden joke upon it last week. The school girl who passed through the federal lines at Petersburg, with her hair caught up by a tuck comb, must have been an artful creature to have so imposed upon a Georgia editor after she had skipped across the thirties.

The rain gauge in Cedartown showed that twelve inches of rain fell in June.

The Oglethorpe artesian well has passed through 200 feet of sand, with no prospect of reaching a firmer foundation.

Eastman Times: The case of attempted rape reported in these columns last week turns out to be all bosh. The account published by us was given to our reporter early Wednesday morning by Mr. J. D. Horne. who gave as his informant Mr. Wm. Swearangane, a neighbor of Mr. Tripp. It is true that the negro had been working for Tripp, and had left that morning. It is also true that the negro was arrested about three miles above Cochran by the engineer of the gravel train, and brought to Eastman Thursday night. There being absolutely no proof against him, however he was discharged.

The Cataula correspondence of the Columbus Times says: For the information of those interested I wish a very short space in your columns. You know the history of the arrest of Dr. de Graffenreid and his confinement in the small pox hospital of your town: When the doctor left Cataula afoot he took his trunk filled with clothing (cassmere) that he useed while nursing the sick, put them into a house that did not belong to him, near the business part of our little town. This house did not have any doors or shutters, is about 15 ft. from the railroad by which many foot passentravel, and about 20 feet from a point on the road where the passenger coach generally stops when the train is taking freight. We thought this a very careless and even desperate act for a man practicing medicine. The citizens of our burg asked aid of our county. The commissioners thought it their duty, and after consulting the law, directed an inventory of goods and a burning. The inventory was taken, the clothing burned, a few articles, such as instrument case, memoranda book, etc. (not capable of doing the same harm as woolen clothes taken from the trunk and scattered) were boxed and put near the place of burning, and sheltered. The doctor can get these whenever the Columbus and Rome railroad will carry them. The articles burned by direction of the commissioners of our county will be pasd for, and a very liberal value has been put upon them. A guard has been ordered around the house near Waverly Hall, and no passing will be allowed to or from the house. If not too late we hope that this dread disease will be checked.

Mr. D. P. Mahan, of Bartow county, brought to Cartersville last Saturday 900 pounds of bacon of his last fall's raising, and sold it at 11 cents.

Mr. Percy V. Howell left White Plains on Wednesday last for Gibson, Glascock county. He will become editor of the Gibson Enterprise.

Crawfordville Democrat: Eulus Anderson, a negro boy 17 or 18 years of age, was arrested on a charge of assault with intent to commit rape on Emma Edwards, a nine year old negro girl, and at the commitment trial held Saturday by Magistrates Chapman and Taylor, he was required to give bond in the sum of $100, or go to jail to await his trial at the August term of the superior court. He gave the bond.

Wheat in Dawson is damaged from the continuous rains. Still wet. Farmers in the grass.

Early County News: A serious difficulty occurred on the turpentine farm of Mr. Clare, in Baker county, recently, which resulted in the probably fatal wounding of a negro by two white men, brothers. The fuss grew out of the negro claiming that one of the whites had not given him credit for the proper amount of work. The negro finally made an assault on the man, and his brother came to his assistance and a fight terminated in the wounding of the negro. Another white man on the place took the part of the negro and procured warrants for the arrest of the brothers, but was unsuccessful, though accompanied by fifteen or twenty negroes. The citizens in the neighborhood, believing that this man was trying to raise a riot among the negroes, held an indignation meeting, denouncing his course, and determined to punish him. Our particulars are very meager, hence this short account.

A recent water spout in Murray county, is said to have stripped two farms of the crops and all the top soil.

Whitesburg has been designated by the postmaster general a money order office, and the postmaster is looking every day for orders to begin the business.

About two-thirds of the temporary bridge over the Etowah on the East and West railroad, of Alabama, washed away on Friday evening last. A storm occurred which blew some trees in the river, and these coming together in force against the bridge, was more than it could stand. Repairs were made sufficiently for the first train to pass over on Tuesday morning. The bridge was the one erected after the freshet, and the support consisted of huge poles set in the river. The permanent bridge will be a substantial one, of wood and iron, and is to be put up by August.

George Merrell in Haralson Banner: "Children are funny things. I was hunting for the hammer not long since, and was getting out of patience. After inquiring of the chaps—who, of course, knew nothing about it—my little Ruth, four years old, looked up into my face, and beaming with a smile as bright and soft as heaven, said: 'Pa, I know where the hammer is.' I patted her on the head and told her she was the smartest one of the whole lot, and then I asked her, 'where is it, honey?' to which she replied: 'It's lost!'" That settled it.

Intelligence has just reached Wadley of the death, at Harlow, England, one of our oldest citizens, Mr. Cuthbert Torrence. Mr. Torrence was a native of England, and when a boy, entered the British marine service. After serving there for a number of years, he came to the United States and settled in South Carolina. After a few years residence in that state he came to Jefferson county, Georgia, and has resided here ever since. During the late war he served as a private in company F., Cobb's Legion cavalry. He left Wadley on the 10th of May for England for the purpose of getting a legacy of $15,000 that had been left him by a sister. He was taken sick enroute and died on the 10th of June, just one month after leaving his adopted home. Cuthbert Torrence was seventy-seven years of age. He was entitled to a pension and house at New Castle on the Tyne from the British government, but this he declined, preferring to live in America. Yet after a lapse of sixty-five years, he has gone back to his place of birth, there to die.

Washington Gazette: Captain John Flannery, of Savannah, is in town visiting relatives and attending the commencement of St. Joseph's academy. The bank in Savannah, of which Captain Flannery is president, recently had a run on it in common with a great many other banks, and in four hours $125,000 were drawn out. But when every dollar was paid that was called for the bank announced that it was ready to keep on paying till every deposit should be withdrawn.

It is given to few married couples for both to live long enough to celebrate their golden wedding, the fiftieth anniversary, but when they go seven years over this time, as is the case with a couple in Wilkes county, the wonder is the greater. Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Dunaway were married fifty-seven years ago, the 17th day of last month. She was then only fourteen years old. Sixteen children have been born to them. This worthy couple bids fair to live many years to come. Mr. Dunaway has always worked on his farm, does so yet, and no man in the world enjoys finer health or has a better credit.

Some nine years ago at a Christmas frolic given in the bend of the St. Mary's river in Charlton county, John J. Thomas and Joseph Crews, familiarly known as "Boney Joe," met and resumed a previous difficulty, which resulted in the death of Crews. Thomas fled the state. An indictment was found against him at the following spring term of Charlton court for murder, and not until this late day has he been arrested. He was brought from Florida by Mr. Mans, who arrested him in Volusia county of that state, upon a requisition of Governor McDaniel. It seems to be the misfortune of men who leave for crimes committed, that they render themselves so unpopular where they take refuge, that the people of their sanctuaries become restless and leave no stone unturned until they bring them, or cause them to be returned to the place from whence they came.

POLITICS IN GEORGIA.

Messrs. R. L. Campbell and Josephus F. Castleberry are the delegates to the congressional convention in Gainesville, and Colonel H. C. Johnson and W. J. Hyde to the gubernatorial convention from Dawson county, Congressional delegates instructed for Candler.

P. J. Clark has declared himself a candidate for the legislature.

Newnan Herald: The announcement of Hon. W. A. Post for the senate, subject to a nominating convention, will not take our readers by surprise, as his friends have been urging his claims for some time. Colonel Post has hesitated to enter the race, being averse to a scramble for office. The people of this county know something of his qualifications, since he so ably represented them in the lower house two or three years since. He is a man of uncommonly good sense and devoted to the interests of his constitutents. Those who know Colonel Post best have the greatest confidence in him as a safe man.

A correspondent from Walton county says: The race for the legislature in Walton is getting hot. The county paper is filled each week with cards for and against the men asking for the nomination.

CHURCH SERVICES.

METHODIST.

Trinity church, Whitehall, corner Peters, T. R. Kendall, pastor—Preaching 11 a. m. by the pastor, evening 8 o'clock by Rev. Sam P. Jones: Opening morning service reception of new members. The revival services every day. Providence willing at 9 a. m. and 8 p.m. All kindly invited to share this season of refreshing with us. Strangers especially welcome.

Trinity Home Mission—Preaching at 8 p. m.

First Methodist church, Rev. W. F. Glenn, pastor. Preaching 11 a. m., by Rev. Sam P. Jones, and 8 p. m., by the pastor. Class meeting 9:30 a. m. Sunday-school 4 p. m., J. C. Courtney, superintendent. Regular monthly meeting of board of Stewards Monday 8 p. m.

St. Paul's church, Hunter and Bell streets, Rev. J. M. White, pastor—Class meeting at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. by H. H. Parks, Presiding Elder. Communion service after preaching. Quarterly conference Monday night. Sabbath-school at 3:30 p. m., J. K. Thrower, superintendent.

Payne's Chapel, corner of Hunnicutt and Luckie streets, Rev. Jno. M. Bowden, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. by the pastor. Reception of new members at close of 11 o'clock services. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m., Dr. A. J. Bell, superintendent. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 7:45. The third quarterly conference will be held Tuesday evening at 7:30.

West End Methodist service in the Academy, H. L. Crumley, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 10 o'clock. Protracted services every day at 9 a. m. and 8. p. m., to which all the people of West End are invited.

Methodist service near E. T., Va. and Ga. railroad shops. Sunday-school at 3:30 p. m. Preaching at 8 p. m., by Rev. U. Lewis. All invited.

First Methodist Protestant church, corner of Forsyth and Garnett streets—Service at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor, Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday night at 8 p. m.

Evan's Chapel, corner Stonewall and Chapel streets, J. T. Gibson, pastor—Sunday-school 9:30 a. m, F. M. Aikin, superintendent. Preaching at 11 a. m. by the pastor and at 8 p. m., by Rev. Jno. M. White, of St. Paul's church. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at close of morning service. Class meeting at 5 p. m.

BAPTIST.

Third Baptist church, 31 Jones avenue, Rev. H. C. Hornady, D. D., pastor.—Preaching at 11 o'clock a.m. and at 8:15 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., W. H. Bell superintendent.

Fifth Baptist church—Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 8 p. m. by the pastor, V. C. Norcross. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m.

McDonough street Mission.—Preaching at 8 p.m., by Rev. Z. T. Cody. Sunday-school 3:30 p. m. Prayer meeting every Tuesday night 8 p. m. All invited.

East Tennessee Shop Mission—Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m. by Mr. Z. T. Cody, Sunday-school at 4 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 8 o'clock All are cordially invited to come.

First Baptist church, corner Walton and Forsyth streets—Sermon at 11 a. m. by Rev. M. B. Wharton, D. D., new pastor preaches introductory sermon on next Sabbath. Sunday-school 9:30 a. m.

Central Baptist church, corner Peters and Fair streets, Rev. E. Z. F. Golden, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m.

Young men's prayer meeting Monday night at 8 o'clock. Bible study, Tuesday at 5 p. m. Regular prayer meeting Wednesday 8. m. All young men of city invited. Strangers especially invited to come.

Second Baptist church, corner Washington and Mitchell streets, Rev. Henry McDonald, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday-school 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

EPISCOPALIAN.

St. Philip's Church, Capitol Hill.—Rev. James G. Armstrong, D.D., Rector.—Morning service with Holy Communion at 11 a. m.; evening service 5:30 p. m. Sunday-school 9:15 a. m.

Mission of Redeemer, corner West Fair and Walker streets—Sun-day-school every Sunday afternoon 3:30 p. m. Evening prayer and sermon every Sunday night at 8 p. m. Sermon to-night by the Rev. Dr. Armstrong, rector of St. Philip's church. All the friends os the mission cordially invited to be present.

St. Luke's cathedral, corner Houston and Pryor streets—7 a.m. morning prayer; 9:30 a.m. Sunday school; 11 a. m. rite of confirmation and address by Bishop Beckwith. Holy communion 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by Rev. Mr. Beckwith.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Fourth Presbyterian church, Chamberlain street, Rev. Z. B. Graves, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. by Dr. J. L. Rogers. Evening service at 8 p. m. Sabbath-school 9:30 a. m. All cordially invited. Prayer meeting Wednesday 8 p. m.

The congregation of the Central Presbyterian church will hold their services in the large and comfortable basement room of the new courthouse on the corner of Pryor and Hunter streets at 11 a. m. and at 8 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. G. B. Strickler, D. D. officiating. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m., sharp. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p.m. All are cordially invited.

Services at the First Presbyterian church, on Marietta street at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. E. H. Barnett, D. D. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend. The administration of the Lord's Supper will take place immediately after the morning service.

Sunday school at West End academy at 4 p.m. Earnest workers and all friends of the cause are requested to attend. George B. McGaughey, superintendent.

GOSPEL MEETING.

Y. M. C. A.—There will be a gospel meeting and service of song at the hall of the Young Men's Christian association, corner Walton and Forsyth streets at 5 o'clock this afternoon, conducted by Mr. W. F. Parkhurst. Good singing. All cordially invited. A special inuitation to young men.

CHURCH OF CHRIST.

Church of Christ, Hunter street, between Pryor and Loyd, A. G. Thomas, pastor.—Worship at 11 a. m. and 8 p.m.

UNITARIAN.

Church of Our Father, on Church street, near junction Peachtree and Forsyth streets.—Rev. George Leonard Chaney will preach at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. Subject of evening discourse: "A Training School for Men."

COLORED.

Bethel A. M. E. church, Wheat street, Rev. W. J. Gaines, D. D., pastor.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 3 p. m., and 8 m., by the pastor. Holy communion at 3 p. m., With the "General Rules" of the church explained. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.. Mr. A. S. Simms, superintendent.

Zion Presbyterian church, 130 East Harris street —Rev. J. R. Harris, pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 3 o'clock and 8 o'clock, p. m. by the pastor. Sunday-school at 9 a. m. All are cordially invited to attend.

Friendship Baptist church, Mitchell and Hayne streets, Rev. E. R. Carter, Pastor—Daily service at 3 p. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday-school at 9 a. m., Mr. Nick Holmes, superintendent. Communion at 3 p.m.

An Unlucky Man.

From the Washington, Ga., Gazette.

Sherman Heard, colored, was born on an unlucky day—about the time the infamous man for whom he was named was brandishing his torch in Georgia. The name has brought hard luck to the boy every since the day it was given him, and last Tuesday he was sentenced to the chain gang for six months. It would now become his notorious sponsor, who is living on a fat sinecure of the government and kissing all the silly young women he meets, to come to the aid of his poor namesake, and pay the small fine which a failure to pay sent Sherman Heard to the chain gang. Sherman was porter at the Arnold house, collected money from drummers and kept half,

One Hundred Years Old.

From the Dooly, Ga., Vindicator.

Mrs. Susan Grantham, of the sixth district of this county, who was something over 100 years old, died last Thursday night very suddenly. As she got up to go to retire she began to stagger about, and was asked what was the matter, she replied that she was not feeling very well, and went on to bed where she died in a few minutes. She leaves 11 children to mourn her departure.

GEORGIA BY WIRE.

THE NEWS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY CHRONICLED.

The Military Encampment at Rome—The Fence Question in Randolph County—The LaGrange Banking Company—The Weather and the Crops—Other State News, Etc.

CUTHBERT, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—The vote for "fence" or "no fence" was voted on yesterday, and went for "fence," by a vote of 5 to 1.

A Revival Discontinued.

DAWSON, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—The series of meetings which have been conducted at the Baptist church for the past two weeks have been discontinued with six accessions to the church as the result.

Baseball in Sparta.

SPARTA, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—The score of the match game at Warrenton, yesterday, between the R. A. R's., of that place and the "Seab Reese" club of Sparta, stood 6 rounds for the former, 66 for the latter.

A number of our citizens went over to the walking match in Macon, yesterday.

Stoning a Mad Dog.

ACWORTH, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—There was considerable excitement in Acworth, yesterday morning for a short while after a mad dog. The rabid beast was soon slain by the throwing of stones. Not less than a thousand stones were thrown before the dog was pronounced dead.

The Crops of McDuffie.

THOMSON, July 5.—[Special.]—The cotton is looking tolerably well. Corn, thus far, has been looking fine, but if the rains continue it will be damaged, some fields have been almost ruined, and others are beginning to lose their color.

Killed by Lightning.

ATHENS, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—Elisha E. Connally, of Banks county, was killed by lightning on Friday, as also the horse on which he was riding. A man named Hayne was with Connally and he was crippled and his mule killed.

The Knights in Elberton.

ELBERTON, July 5.—[Special.]—Dr. William King, of Atlanta, delivered an admirable address at Masonic hall to the Knights of Honor. At night the Knights gave a splendid collation to a number of invited guests. The tables were literally loaded with all the delicacies that this and the Atlanta markets could furnish.

The Spalding Democracy.

GRIFFIN, July 5.—[Special.]—At a mass meeting held here to-day, Hon. E. W. Beck, chairman, a motion was made to elect delegates to the state convention, and carried. The result was F. D. Dismuke, Thomas Nall, Marion Patrick and J. M. Kells. The voice of the meeting instructed for Hardeman for treasurer.

The Burial of Frank Carter.

DALLAS, July 5.—[Special.]—The remains of Mr. Frank Carter, of this place, was brought back on the excursion train from Atlanta last night, and will be buried here to-day. Mr. Carter left here yesterday morning on the excursion train for Atlanta and accidentally fell off of a brake near Atlanta between the cars and was instantly killed.

The Conyers Odd Fellows.

CONYERS, Ga., July 5.—At an election for officers of the Odd Fellows of this place, for the next six months, the following is the result: Mr. D. N. Hendson, noble grand; Mr. J. C. Stephenson, vice-grand and treasurer; Captain W. T. Huson, secretary. Professor T. D. O'Kelley takes the chair of the past grand.

Damage by Rain.

ATHENS, July 5.—[Special.]—Two fine mills in Clarke county, one three stories high, were washed away by Friday's rains, and the machinery in the mill. Mr. Palman Lester also lost his mill and dam. B. B. Williams, of Oglethorpe, and J. H. Thompson, of Oconee, both lost mill dams. Some farmers are in town buying early corn for replanting.

The Washington Institute.

SPARTA, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—During the day and evening of Thursday took place the closing exercises of the Washington institute at Linton. Professor Ivy W. Duggar, principal. Dr. Powell, of Atlanta, was expected to deliver an address, but he failed to be present. Professor Cox, of LaGrange, delivered the prizes.

Mark A. Cooper's Residence Destroyed.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—Glen Holly, the beautiful home of Major Mark A. Cooper, near the old Etowah iron works, was entirely destroyed by fire late yesterday afternoon. Nothing was saved. There is a movement on foot to rebuild the home of this grand old gentleman by subscription. We did not learn whether the building or its contents were insured.

The Newnan Library.

NEWNAN, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—At an election held by the members of the Newnan Library association, the following officers were elected:

W. B. Berry, president.
Z. R. Ray, vice-president.
Directors—A. D. Freeman, J. J. Goodrum, A. R. Burdett, W. W. Wadsworth.

The association is in a flourishing condition. We wish every town in Georgia had a similar enterprise.

Fatally Hurt by a Falling Tree.

JASPER, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—F. M Godfrey, living some five miles north of Jasper, yesterday evening while on his mare either going to or returning from the field, was fatally hurt by a falling tree. The tree killed the mare and his recovery is thought to be hopeless. Though he was alive this morning, Dr. Tate was called to see him and has not returned, but proposes to remain with him until there is some change.

The LaGrange Banking Company.

LAGRANGE, July 5.—[Special.]—The LaGrange Banking and Trust company have made their semi-annual report. This bank was organized in 1872, with a capital of $100,000. Have paid dividends in twelve years $130,000. Have a surplus of $63,000, and cash on hand $88,000. The stockholders own property valued at $1,300,000, which is liable for deposits. This is a fine showing, and places the bank, beyond all question, as one of the safest in the land.

Campbell County Reunion.

FAIRBURN, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—The annual reunion of the Twenty-first Georgia regiment will be held at Campbellton on July 26. The Fairburn band, good speeches, basket dinner will be the attractions of the day.

The annual picnic and reunion of the Camp and Lindley families will be held at Bethlehem campground, Walton county, August 1. The narrow gauge railroad from Social Circle to Gainesville runs by the campground. The committee extends a cordial invitation to all the members of both families to attend.

The Rome Walking Match.

ROME, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—To-day a twelve hour go-as-you-please walking match took place at Rounsaville's warehouse. Much interest was manifested, and a large crowd was in attendance.

The match opened at eleven o'clock this morning, and closed at eleven to-night. At the end of the first hour the score stood:

White, six miles, three laps.
Whitmore, five miles, one lap.
Whitfield, five miles, two laps.
Aycock, five miles, nine laps.
Ebling, six miles.
Piper, five miles, two laps.

At the end of the sixth hour the score stood:

White, twenty-seven miles.
Whitmore, thirty one miles, five laps.
Whitfield, twenty-eight miles, nine laps.
Aycock, thirty miles, four laps.
Ebling, twenty-three miles, eight laps.
Piper, thirty miles, seven laps.

White was seized with a cramp and left the track.

The match ended at eleven with a great crowd amid tremendous enthusiasm. The score stood,

Piper, 62 miles eigh-tenths.
Aycock, 60 miles eight-tenths.
Whitmore, 58 miles.
Whitfield, 53 miles seven-tenths.
Ebling, 52 miles 4-tenths.

The track was accurately measured. Piper and Aycock will challenge Prater and Seel. The town is alive with enthusiasm. It is the greatest record in the south.

The Womens' Missionary Society.

WASHINGTON, Ga., July 5.—The womens' missionary society of the north Georgia conference convened here at 9 o'clock this morning, Mrs. Dr. Boring president. Sixty delegates attended. Mrs. Hull, of Washington, gave the welcome address, and was responded to by Miss Mamie Bacon, of Dalton. The organization, reports of secretary and treasurer consumed the morning hour. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon Mrs. A. C. Safford, of Soochow, China, addressed a crowded house on the customs of China. Dr. Potter, of Macon, preaches a missionary sermon to-morrow morning, and in the afternoon Miss Laura Haygood and Mrs. Hayes will deliver addresses. Dr. Callaway preaches to-morrow night. The meeting will adjourn Monday or Tuesday.

JOHN MITCHELL'S SUICIDE.

His Remorse Because of His Betrayal of a Young Lady.

CONYERS, July 5.—[Special.]—Mr. John Mitchell, son of Captain Tom Mitchell, of Walnut Grove, Georgia, suicided at the Whitehead house here yesterday. He came down here from Atlanta last Wednesday night on the accommodation train, and remained in his room all day Thursday. He had been drinking for some time. He complained of being sick and called in Dr. J. P. Rosser, who gave him some medicine and he got better and Friday morning was out on the streets walking about. About noon he went back to bed and told Mr. Johnson, proprietor of the hotel, that he wanted his dinner and lots of it, that he felt like eating. His dinner was sent to him, but he did not touch it. When Mr. Johnson went into his room in the morning he found a Bible under his head and a pistol under his legs. About six o'clock in the evening Mr. Johnson went into his room to see how he was and found him in a stupor and could not rouse him. Drs. J. P. Rosser and J. A. Stewart were ealled in, but could do nothing for him. He died about ten last night. They discovered that he had taken poison. He had his pistol in readiness provided the poison did not have the desired effect. He told some one here that he had gotten a young lady into trouble and had to leave home, and that is supposed to be the cause of his suicide, as he assigned no reason. His father reached here this morning, and carried him home. Three attempts and two suicides have occurred in the same room in the Whitehead house.

THE ROME ENCAMPMENT.

Departure of the Quitman Guards—A Presentation to Colonel Printup.

ROME, Ga., July 5.—[Special,]—At the governor's ball last night, Captain Hardeman, in behal off the offices of the visiting military, presented to Captain John C. Printup an elegant sword for his zeal and enthusiasm in behalf of the encampment. Captain Printup responded in a few grateful words. The Quitman Guards left for home this morning. They are a fine body of men, and their early departure was much regretted. Battalion and company drill at Camp Forest this afternoon were enjoyed by a large crowd present. An entertainment was given at the residence of J. Lindsay Johnson to-night, in honor of the officers of the encampment. Dr. R. F. Bunting will preach at Camp Forest to-morrow afternoon.

Monday and Tuesday afternoons there will be a shooting match under the auspices of the Hill City Gun club. A number of foreign sportsmen are expected Monday evening. Miss May Barrett, a charming young lady from Chattanooga, of whom the press speaks very highly, will give an entertainment at the opera house in conjunction with home talents. On Wednesday a competitive drill takes plaoe. The encampment thus far has been a great success in every particular.

STATE SPECIALS CONDENSED.

Mr. John Webb, of Rome, died yesterday.

Rev. E. W. Munday says he will sue B. M. Blackburn for slander.

Mr. R. H. Lockhart, of Clarke county, had his hand and arm torn to pieces yesterday by an enraged cat.

An Old Relic.

From the Gainesville, Ga., Eagle.

Mr. E. M. Holland, who lives about six miles from this city, has in his possession a pair of yarn gloves, worn by his father, Rev. Moses Holland, during the surrender of Cornwallis to Washington, at Yorktown, over 100 years ago. The gloves are in a state of perfect preservation, nothwithstanding their age, but at the same time they look as if they had seen a good deal of service. Mr. Holland was a member of General Washington's command, and a Baptist minister for sixty-six years previous to his death. He was married twice and died in 1829, at the advanced age of 84 years. Mr. E. M. Holland is his youngest son by his second wife and is himself nearly seventy years of age. The last couple that was married by the elder Holland, was Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Gower, who are at present living in this city.

Cleopatra.

Her power was retained by force of personal charms. She led the old "boys" captive whenever she talked "pretty" to them and showed her teeth. History should tell us that she used SOZODONT, but it don't.

PALMER'S Perfumes. EXQUISITE.
PALMER'S Toilet Soaps. LOVELY.
PALMER'S Lotion, the great skin cure.
PALMER'S Invisible, the ladies delight.
PALMER'S Manual of Cage Birds, free.

Whoever is an imitator by nature, choice or necessity has nothing stable; the flexibility which affords this aptitude is inconsistent With strength.

For All Nervous Troubles.

"Bencine's Capcine Porous Plasters relieved my sciatica."—Congressman Guenther, of Wisconsin. 25c.

It rains three times as often in Ireland as it does in Italy.

Rough on Rats.

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants bed-bugs, chipmunks, chipmunks gophers 15c. Druggists.

A young woman is about to open a cigar store. We have no doubt she will have capital to back her.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS are indorsed by all the leading physicians and chemists, for their purity and wholesomeness. Beware of counterfeits and ask your grocer and druggist for the genuine article, prepared by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

"Do you believe that a woman nowadays would die for the object of her love?" asked a bachelor friend. "I don't know whether she'd die or not," answered the Benedict, "but I've known her to go wild when the trimming didn't suit her.—Newport News.

We usually learn to wait only when we have no longer anything to wait for.

Dr. Fuller's Youthful Vigor Pills cure nervous debility, impotence and spermatorrhea. $2. Depot 429 Canal st., N, Y. we fr su wky

Prudence and religion are above accidents, and draw good out of everything.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Beware of Imitations.

Imitations and counterfeits have again appeared. Be sure that the word "HORSFORD'S" is on the wrapper. None are genuine without it.

On the Handkerchief.

The best English and French extracts may be equal in quality, but far superior to these in fragrance and durability is Murray and Lanman Florida Water, combining as it does the rich aroma of these perfumes with a freshness and permanency all its own. To that numerous class of delicate persons who sensitive nerves are oppressed by the heavy odors of the European extracts, the Florida extracts, the genuine Florida Water comes as a special boon.

The Merchants Bank OF ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 5th, 1884.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF $3.50 PER share is declared payable on demand free of all taxes. W. D. LUCKIE, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NO. 23.

Bank of the State of Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 4th, 1884.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THIS bank, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent was declared, payable on demand, and five thousand dollars carried to "surplus fund." F. M. COKER, Jr., Cashier.

A. AND W. P. R. R. CO.

Treasurer's Office.

A DIVIDEND OF $3 PER SHARE WILL BE paid to stockholders on and after the 10th instant. The transfer books will be closed with that date. A. W. HILL, Treasurer. td

THE FIRST

Granulated Smoking Tobacco

The first LONG CUT Tobacco

The first CIGARETTES manufactured in Durham, were

BLACKWELL'S

The Largest Smoking Tobacco Factory in the WORLD

The BEST Smoking Tobacco, & the BEST CIGARETTES, in the WORLD are

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM

None Genuine without the trade-mark of the Bull.

Watch the papers for our large advertisement; different portraits of leading men each time,

BE ON YOUR GUARD.

Something Important for Coal Consumers.

REFERRING TO AN ADVERTISEMENT WHICH has been running in The Constitution concerning Jelico mountain coal, we beg to announce that we deny in toto the right of any one to advertise themselves as agents for Jelico mountain coal. The coal mined by the company advertising through the Atlanta agents is not mined by the Jelico Mountain coal company. Consumers are thoroughly familiar with the Jelico mountain coal, as sold by Stocks & Brazleton, and it positively cannot be obtained except from them. They are sole agents for it in the south, and the public is hereby warned to be on guard when buying. Our coal is different from that alluded to, and we have made the reputation of the coal coming from Jelico mountain. Stocks & Brazelton have supplied the trade in Atlanta and elsewhere, and will continue to act as our sole agent.

JELICO MOUNTAIN COAL AND COKE CO.
EDGAR C. MOXHAM, Superintendent,
snn Newcomb, Tenn.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY!

Valuable Hotel Property FOR SALE.

ON ACCOUNT OF THE DECLINING HEALTH of the proprietor, the hotel so long and favorably known to the traveling public, as the "Washington house," at Jonesboro, Tennessee, is now offered for sale. This house is located on the main line of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, at Jonesboro, the county seat of Washington county, 98 miles east of Knoxville and 32 miles west of Bristol. Jonesboro is a thriving town of 1,200 population. The "Washington house" fronts on public square and the railroad, and is so situated that its southern verandah connects with the platform of the railroad station. The house is in very good repair. Besides the office, sample room for the use of commercial travelers, kitchen, dining room, servants' room, laundry room, and a suit of rooms for the use of the proprietor's family there are 14 rooms for the use of guests, all eligibly located and comfortably furnished. The outbuildings, consisting of smoke house, warehouse, stable, etc., etc., are in good condition. The garden is very productive. The house enjoys a fine reputation and is unquestionably one of the best located and best patronized hotels in East Tennessee. It has had a monopoly of the "drummer" custom, and the rooms are being constantly applied for by southern people who seek the mountains of East Tennessee during the summer months. The furniture will be sold with the house if desired, except that in the room used by the proprietor's family. For terms and further particulars address

JAMES SEVIER,
Prop. "Washington Hotel,"
su fr Jonesboro, Tenn.

TO LEASE.

Broken Arrow Coal Mines.

BIDS FOR THE LEASE OF THE ABOVE MINES for a term of not less than seven or more than twenty years, on royalty, will be received by the directors of the company at a meeting to be held at Cross Plains, Ala., on Thursday, July 10, 1884. Conditions of lease may be had on application to the undersigned. The lessee will be required to give bond and security for the faithful performance of the lease contract. The right to reject all bids is reserved. Messrs. R. M. Alverson and G. W. Daughdrill, Broken Arrow, Ala., will also furnish conditions and show the property to parties desiring to inspect it. INZER & GREENE, Att'y, Ashville, Ala.

AMUSEMENTS.

4th Meeting.

CAMP STEVENSON.

July 3d to July 17th.

SPECIAL RATES

—BY THE—

C. N. O. AND T. P. R. R.

Dr. West and Dr. Young,

OF NASHVILLE, TENN.,

ASSISTED BY A CORPS OF EMINENT DIVINES.

Ice Water Free to All.

EXCURSION

ON AND AFTER SATURDAY, JULY 5TH, AND during the summer season the

Richmond and Danville Railroad

will sell round trip tickets Atlanta to Tallulah Falls at $3.00, or one fare the round trip. These tickets will be sold only on Saturday evenings and good only to return Sunday evening and Monday morning.

Train will leave the Falls Sunday p. m. at six o'clock. Arrive in Atlanta at 10:30 p. m.

Regular Summer Excursion tickets sold every day during the season at $5.00 the round trip. The hotel accommodations have been greatly improved since last season; and a nice walk has been built around the Falls, which adds very much to the pleasure of a trip to this delightfully cool and romantic resort. Tickets on sale at the union depot.

M. SLAUGHTER, G. P. A. C. W. CHEARS, A. G. P. A.
we fri su

Important Notice.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE EXPOSITION opens October 1st and closes October 28th, 1884. Proposals for renting restaurant privileges, beer saloons, stands for soda, mineral water, cigars, tobacco, etc., etc-, will be received until August 1st, 1884. Persons wishing to rent any of these privileges will address the secretary at Raleigh, N. C., or Mr. John Nichols, chief of the department of privileges, Raleigh, N. C., stating what privilege is wanted, when a diagram of the grounds and buildings will be sent showing the position that the stands would occupy, and stating terms and other necessary information.

H. E. FRIES, Secretary.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Two teachers are wanted for the S. W. Ga. Agricultural college, in Cuthbert, Ga.,—a lady for the Primary Department, and a gentleman for the Collegiate Department. The gentleman will be expected to teach the Sciences, advanced Mathematics, and fill the position of Military Commandant. Applicants will address,

REV. J. E. GODFREY, President
fri su tu Board Trustees, Cuthbert, Ga.

FOR RENT OR LEASE.

OFFICES AND ROOMS IN THE

New Constitution Building

IN SUITS OR SINGLE ROOMS.

HEAT AND ELECTRIC LIGHT FURNISHED WITH EACH ROOM.

AN ELEGANT OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATOR

Running constantly. Also

A Handsome and Large Store,

Adjoining Constitution Business office.

Diagrams of the building can be seen at The Constitution office. Parties applying now can have rooms arranged as desired.

W. A. HEMPHILL, Business Manager.

J. J. McDONOUGH, Savannah, Ga. M. F. AMOROUS, Atlanta, Ga.

M. F. AMOROUS & CO.
48 MARIETTA ST.,
ATLANTA, GA.

Long Leaf Yellow Pine Lumber,

Shingles and Laths.
Framing, bridge and trestle timbers sawed to order at short notice.
Kiln dried, dressed and matched flooring and ceiling.
Cypress shingles and cedar post.
7 Chicago lumber dryers.
Capacity planing mills, 70,000 feet per day.
Daily mill capacity, 200,000 feet.
Will quote prices delivered in any part of the United States.

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office, 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga

—ALSO—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR.

Manufacturer of

Roofing and Paving Materials,
Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts.

PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc.

No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

ROMANCES ABOUT UMBRELLAS.

A Few Phenomenal Instances in Which Borrowed Ones Were Returned.

From the Philadelphia Times.

"It's the third umbrella I've lost in twelve months," said James L. Abbott. "I'm only staying here for a few days; I live in Baltimore. On Sunday evening I got into a street car on South street and with me was a silk umbrella, almost new. I gave $5 for it in New York not six weeks ago. The car was pretty crowded and I stood my umbrella against the seat; when I got out of the car I forgot it. I remembered it as soon as I got into the street, however, but it was too late to catch the car. Unfortunately I do not remember the number of the car."

"And this you say is the third you have lost in a year?"

"Yes. The last one I lost in a somewhat peculiar manner. I was traveling between Philadelphia and Wilmington last February. A gentlemanly individual came into the car at Paschalville and sat down beside me. We got into a friendly conversation on a variety of subjects. At Chester he got off the train and I went on to Wilmington. When we arrived I found as fine a specimen of the real 'Old Mother Gamp' beside me as I have ever seen. My dandy silk 'brolly' was gone!"

"Of course you have never seen your 'brolly' since?"

"No, indeed. The third umbrella I lost in a fit of gallantry. I lent it one rainy afternoon in November last to an elderly lady on Charles street, Baltimore. Yes, indeed it was an elderly lady. She promised to send it back to me, but she has not done so as yet."

"Do you expect to get this last one back?"

"Hardly. I may by good luck. I have known a stranger thing to happen. A friend of mine, a young English actor, now in San Francisco, lent his umbrella to a lady in Boston in the winter of 1882. He went away from Boston without getting it back and returned to England last summer. While he was in London one day he received a letter saying that if he would call upon a certain lady a stated day and hour he would find his umbrella. Circumstances prevented his going at the time mentioned and he came back to this country last fall without his umbrella. The company with which he traveled visited Buffalo, N. Y., last February, and he was surprised one evening while there by being handed by the stage doorkeeper his long lost umbrella, with a note from the young lady, saying she had returned and was living in Buffalo. She saw his name in the play-bills and had much pleasure in returning his property, of which she had taken great care."

"Of course, the romance did not end there?"

"Well, yes; I fancy it did. He is one of those 'very much married' men, and the young lady had found her destiny during the long stage-wait, between the acts, so to speak."

Another almost equally remarkable case of recovery occurred in this city a few days ago. Two gentlemen were riding in a Walnut street car when a heavy shower came on. In the same were seated two ladies elegantly and fashionably dressed. They were without an umbrella and their situation appealed to the chivalrous feelings of the gentlemen. One of them offered the loan of his umbrella, asking the ladies to return it to the office of a newspaper in Philadelphia. Three or four days passed, but no umbrella appeared. An advertisement was then inserted in the newspaper and repeated three times, but still there was no sign of the umbrella, and it was given up for lost. About seven days after the advertisement had been discontinued, the umbrella was handed in at the office with a dainty little note:

"DEAR SIR—I have to apologize for retaining your property so long. I have been into the country and have had no opportunity of returning it. Very many thanks for the courtesy which prompted you to loan your umbrella to a lady completely unknown to you. You will, I am sure, be gratified to learn that it quite saved the dresses of myself and friend from total destruction.

Epithelioma, or Skin Cancer.

This form of cancer is the most prevalent type, and is in many cases fatal, as it gradually eats away until it destroys life. It would seem that Swift's Specific is indeed a specific for this scourge.

Mrs. K. A. Armstrong, Verona, Miss., writes under date of May 16, 1884: "After taking six bottles of Swift's Specific the cancer is healing; is greatly reduced in size. It now gives me no pain, and my general health has so much improved that I am able to be up and attend to my household duties—something I had not been able to do in several years. I feel that it will cure me."

Mr. M. N. Clayton, of Red Clay, Ga., writes, under recent date: "All painful sensations in my cancer are decreasing. I feel decidedly better, and the cancer has commenced to heal."

Dr. M. F. Crumley, Oglethorpe, Ga., writes under date of May 10th: "Mr. Naves, who had such a terrible cancer on his face, is about well. New skin has grown all over his face, and looks almost as well as it ever did, and I would like some of your company to see him."

Mr. W. H. Gilbert, Albany, Ga., writes, under date of May 8th: "Mr. Brooks, of Baconton, is improving fast. He is now able to be up. When he commenced Swift's Specific he was not expecting to live. He has cancer on his face."

Messrs. J. & J. B. Harter, of North Manchester, Ind., write, under date of May 1st: "The lady with cancer is improving right along. The Specific increased the discharge for the first few days, but the soreness is gone and she is much better."

Mrs. W. H. Route, of Gordonsville, Va., writes, under date of May 11, 1884: "I am much improved. The cancer is better; does not pain me at all. It is a wonder to all my friends."

Mr. James E. Ligon, of Michaux Ferry, Va., writes, under date of May 19, 1884: "My condition is greatly improved; my general health is good; my appetite good; cancer decidedly better, and has begun to heal nicely. How can I ever repay you?"

Mr. J. S. Rhodes, of Mill River, N. C., writes under date of May 19, 1884: "My mother has been using Swift's Specific about two weeks, and is improving. The cancer is not now painful and is healing."

Mr. T. J. Teate, of Wacissa, Fla., writes under date of May 2, 1884: "Swift's Specific has cured a cancer on my face and has almost made a young man out of me."

Mr. E. Tinsley, of Burr Mills, Va., writes May 1, 1884: "My wife has taken four bottles of Swift's Specific for a cancer, and has improved wonderfully. I shall keep it up; have no doubt it will cure her."

It may not be out of place to state that Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) is entirely a vegetable preparation, and seems to cure cancers by forcing out the poison through the cancer. The public should be cautioned about imitations of our remedy, and beware of all potash and mercury mixtures gotten up to imitate us and sell their poisonous stuff on the reputation of our Specific. These potash mixtures not only do no good in cancer treatment, but are absolutely dangerous. Send for full history of Blood and Skin Diseases and Cancer Treatment.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. 159 W. 23d St. N. Y., and 1205 Chestnut St., Phila.

Mexican Malaria.

Mr. Wm. A. Wansleben, Draughtsman, office of A. and M. P. R. R., Washington, D. C. writes that in field service in Sinaloa, Mexico St. Jacobs Oil, the magical pain reliever, cured several of the corps of rheumatism, and that it is now a fixture of the medicine chest.

Sin and misery are not lovers, but they walk hand in hand just as if they were.

Captain Isaiah Rynders had an attack of paralysis; tried New York's best physicians; got no relief until he obtained Giles's Iodide Ammonia Liniment, which to his unspeakable joy cured him. Captain Rynders will give any information desired. Resides, 310 West Twenty-third street, New York. Sold by Druggists.

Let every man do the best he knows and he is not a fool, he will do about right.

Cure for Piles.

The first symptom of Piles is an intense itching at night after getting warm. This unpleasant sensation is immediately relieved by an application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy. Piles in all forms, Itch, Salt Rheum and Ring worm can be permanently cured by the use of this great remedy. Price 50 cents. Manufactured by the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua O. Sold by Sharp Bros., No. 202 Marietta street, Moran's Pharmacy, opposite National Hotel, and A. J. Pinson.

In Lubec, Me., 4,340,000 boxes of "sardines" were put up this season.

Josiah Davis's Trouble.

Josiah Davis, No. Middletown, Ky., writes: I am now using a box of your HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE upon an ulcer, which for the past ten days has given me great pain. This salve is the only remedy I have found that has given me any ease. My ulcer was caused by varicose veins, and was pronounced incurable by my medical advisers. I find, however, that HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE is effecting a cure. Beware of counterfeits.

AMUSEMENTS.

n Meeting.

MP STEVENSON.

3d to July 17th.

CIAL RATES

BY THE

O. AND T. P. R. R.

est and Dr. Young,

OF NASHVILLE, TENN.,

BY A CORPS OF EMINENT DIVINES.

Water Free to All.

CURSION

AFTER SATURDAY, JULY 5TH, AND the summer season the

ond and Danville Railroad

und trip tickets Atlanta to Tallulah 00, or one fare the round trip. These ll be sold only on Saturday evenings only to return Sunday evening and orning. ll leave the Falls Sunday p. m. at six Arrive in Atlanta at 10:30 p. m. Summer Excursion tickets sold every the season at $5.00 the round trip. The mmodations have been greatly improved season; and a nice walk has been built e Falls, which adds very much to the f a trip to this delightfully cool and ro- sort. Tickets on sale at the union depot.

AUGHTER, C. W. CHEARS, G. P. A. A. G. P. A.

portant Notice.

RTH CAROLINA STATE EXPOSITION October 1st and closes October 28th, 1884. for renting restaurant privileges, beer tands for soda, mineral water, cigars, etc., will be received until August Persons wishing to rent any of these will address the secretary at Raleigh, N. John Nichols, chief of the department ges, Raleigh, N. C., stating what privi- anted, when a diagram of the grounds ings will be sent showing the position stands would occupy, and stating terms necessary information.

H. E. FRIES, Secretary.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Two teachers are wanted for the S. W. Ga. Agri- l college, in Cuthbert, Ga.,—a lady for the Department, and a gentleman for the Department. The gentleman will be to teach the Sciences, advanced Mathe- nd fill the position of Military Comman- pplicants will address,

REV. J. E. GODFREY, President Board Trustees, Cuthbert, Ga.

RENT OR LEASE.

OFFICES AND ROOMS IN THE

Constitution Building

SUITS OR SINGLE ROOMS.

AND ELECTRIC LIGHT FURNISHED

WITH EACH ROOM.

GANT OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATOR

Running constantly. Also

ndsome and Large Store,

joining Constitution Business office.

ns of the building can be seen at The tion office. Parties applying now can ms arranged as desired,

HEMPHILL, Business Manager.

DONOUGH, M. F. AMOROUS, vannah, Ga. Atlanta, Ga.

F. AMOROUS & CO.

3 MARIETTA ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.

ng Leaf Yellow

Pine Lumber,

es and Laths. g, bridge and trestle timbers sawed to short notice. dried, dressed and matched flooring and s shingles and cedar post. ago lumber dryers. ty planing mills, 70,000 feet per day. mill capacity, 200,000 feet. uote prices delivered in any part of the States.

A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

lphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

ND OTHER CHEMICALS.

5 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga

—ALSO.—

TILLER OF COAL TAR.

Manufacturer of

g and Paving Materials,

arred Roofing and Sheathing Felts.

PERFECTION BRAND OF

ADY ROOFING

nary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

OOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc.

15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

ROMANCES ABOUT UMBRELLAS.

A Few Phenomenal Instances in Which Borrowed Ones Were Returned.

From the Philadelphia Times.

"It's the third umbrella I've lost in twelve months," said James L. Abbott. "I'm only staying here for a few days; I live in Baltimore. On Sunday evening I got into a street car on South street and with me was a silk umbrella, almost new. I gave $5 for it in New York not six weeks ago. The car was pretty crowded and I stood my umbrella against the seat; when I got out of the car I forgot it. I remembered it as soon as I got into the street, however, but it was too late to catch the car. Unfortunately I do not remember the number of the car."

"And this you say is the third you have lost in a year?"

"Yes. The last one I lost in a somewhat peculiar manner. I was traveling between Philadelphia and Wilmington last February. A gentlemanly individual came into the car at Paschalville and sat down beside me. We got into a friendly conversation on a variety of subjects. At Chester he got off the train and I went on to Wilmington. When we arrived I found as fine a specimen of the real 'Old Mother Gamp' beside me as I have ever seen. My dandy silk 'brolly' was gone!"

"Of course you have never seen your 'brolly' since?"

"No, indeed. The third umbrella I lost in a fit of gallantry. I lent it one rainy afternoon in November last to an elderly lady on Charles street, Baltimore. Yes, indeed it was an elderly lady. She promised to send it back to me, but she has not done so as yet."

"Do you expect to get this last one back?"

"Hardly. I may by good luck. I have known a stranger thing to happen. A friend of mine, a young English actor, now in San Francisco, lent his umbrella to a lady in Boston in the winter of 1882. He went away from Boston without getting it back and returned to England last summer. While he was in London one day he received a letter saying that if he would call upon a certain lady a stated day and hour he would find his umbrella. Circumstances prevented his going at the time mentioned and he came back to this country last fall without his umbrella. The company with which he traveled visited Buffalo, N. Y., last February, and he was surprised one evening while there by being handed by the stage doorkeeper his long lost umbrella, with a note from the young lady, saying she had returned and was living in Buffalo. She saw his name in the play-bills and had much pleasure in returning his property, of which she had taken great care."

"Of course, the romance did not end there?"

"Well, yes; I fancy it did. He is one of those 'very much married' men, and the young lady had found her destiny during the long stage-wait, between the acts, so to speak."

Another almost equally remarkable case of recovery occurred in this city a few days ago. Two gentlemen were riding in a Walnut street car when a heavy shower came on. In the same were seated two ladies elegantly and fashionably dressed. They were without an umbrella and their situation appealed to the chivalrous feelings of the gentlemen. One of them offered the loan of his umbrella, asking the ladies to return it to the office of a newspaper in Philadelphia. Three or four days passed, but no umbrella appeared. An advertisement was then inserted in the newspaper and repeated three times, but still there was no sign of the umbrella, and it was given up for lost. About seven days after the advertisement had been discontinued, the umbrella was handed in at the office with a dainty little note:

"DEAR SIR—I have to apologize for retaining your property so long. I have been into the country and have had no opportunity of returning it. Very many thanks for the courtesy which prompted you to loan your umbrella to a lady completely unknown to you. You will, I am sure, be gratified to learn that it quite saved the dresses of myself and friend from total destruction.

Epithelioma, or Skin Cancer.

This form of cancer is the most prevalent type, and is in many cases fatal, as it gradually eats away until it destroys life. It would seem that Swift's Specific is indeed a specific for this scourge.

Mrs. K. A. Armstrong, Verona, Miss., writes under date of May 16, 1884: "After taking six bottles of Swift's Specific the cancer is healing; is greatly reduced in size. It now gives me no pain, and my general health has so much improved that I am able to be up and attend to my household duties—something I had not been able to do in several years. I feel that it will cure me."

Mr. M. N. Clayton, of Red Clay, Ga., writes, under recent date: "All painful sensations in my cancer are decreasing. I feel decidedly better, and the cancer has commenced to heal."

Dr. M. F. Crumley, Oglethorpe, Ga., writes under date of May 10th: "Mr. Naves, who had such a terrible cancer on his face, is about well. New skin has grown all over his face, and looks almost as well as it ever did, and I would like some of your company to see him."

Mr. W. H. Gilbert, Albany, Ga., writes, under date of May 8th: "Mr. Brooks, of Bacouton, is improving fast. He is now able to be up. When he commenced Swift's Specific he was not expecting to live. He has cancer on his face."

Messrs. J. & J. B. Harter, of North Manchester, Ind., write, under date of May 1st: "The lady with cancer is improving right along. The Specific increased the discharge for the first few days, but the soreness is gone and she is much better."

Mrs. W. H. Route, of Gordonsville, Va., writes, under date of May 11, 1884: "I am much improved. The cancer is better; does not pain me at all. It is a wonder to all my friends."

Mr. James E. Ligon, of Michaux Ferry, Va., writes, under date of May 19, 1884: "My condition is greatly improved; my general health is good; my appetite good; cancer decidedly better, and has begun to heal nicely. How can I ever repay you?"

Mr. J. S. Rhodes, of Mill River, N. C., writes under date of May 19, 1884: "My mother has been using Swift's Specific about two weeks, and is improving. The cancer is not now painful and is healing."

Mr. T. J. Teate, of Wacissa, Fla., writes under date of May 2, 1884: "Swift's Specific has cured a cancer on my face and has almost made a young man out of me."

Mr. E. Tinsley, of Burr Mills, Va., writes May 1, 1884: "My wife has taken four bottles of Swift's Specific for a cancer, and has improved wonderfully. I shall keep it up; have no doubt it will cure her."

It may not be out of place to state that Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) is entirely a vegetable preparation, and seems to cure cancers by forcing out the poison through the cancer. The public should be cautioned about imitations of our remedy, and beware of all potash and mercury mixtures gotten up to imitate us and sell their poisonous stuff on the reputation of our Specific. These potash mixtures not only do no good in cancer treatment, but are absolutely dangerous. Send for full history of Blood and Skin Diseases and Cancer Treatment.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., 159 W. 23d St. N. Y., and 1205 Chestnut St., Phila.

Mexican Malaria.

Mr. Wm. A. Wansleben, Draughtsman, office of A. and M. P. R. R., Washington, D. C., writes that in field service in Sinaloa, Mexico, St. Jacobs Oil, the magical pain reliever, cured several of the corps of rheumatism, and that it is now a fixture of the medicine chest.

Sin and misery are not lovers, but they walk hand in hand just as if they were.

Captain Isaiah Rynders had an attack of paralysis; tried New York's best physicians; got no relief until he obtained Giles's Iodide Ammonia Liniment, which to his unspeakable joy cured him. Captain Rynders will give any information desired. Resides, 310 West Twenty-third street, New York. Sold by Druggists.

Let every man do the best he knows and if he is not a fool, he will do about right.

Cure for Piles.

The first symptom of Piles is an intense itching at night after getting warm. This unpleasant sensation is immediately relieved by an application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy. Piles in all forms, Itch, Salt Rheum and Ringworm can be permanently cured by the use of this great remedy. Price 50 cents. Manufactured by the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua O. Sold by Sharp Bros., No. 202 Marietta street, Moran's Pharmacy, opposite National Hotel, and A. J. Pinson.

In Lubec, Me., 4,340,000 boxes of "sardines" were put up this season.

Josiah Davis's Trouble.

Josiah Davis, No. Middletown, Ky., writes: I am now using a box of your HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE upon an ulcer, which for the past ten days has given me great pain. This salve is the only remedy I have found that has given me any ease. My ulcer was caused by varicose veins, and was pronounced incurable by my medical advisers. I finds however, that HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE, is effecting a cure. Beware of counterfeits.

In the absence of suitable materials or the time to prepare it, people often go without a dressing for salads. Buy Durkee's Dressing, and you will never trouble yourself to make another.

IT costs not less than $33,000,000 annually to support the dogs of the United States.

Try it Yourself.

The proof of the pudding is not in chewing the string, but in having an opportunity to the article yourself. Sharp Bros., No. 202 Marietta street, Moran's Parmacy, opposite National Hotel, and A. J. Pinson, the druggists, have a free trial bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for each and every one who is afflicted with Cough, Colds, Asthma, Consumption or Lung Affection.

All the United States senators but two wear spectacles.

The Tide Water Pipe Co., Bradford, Pa., always keeps a stock of Giles's Iodide Ammonia Liniment on hand. It is a necessity and achieves wonders in all forms of horse troubles. Sold by all druggists.

The dude has always an eye-glass single to his business. But then, he has no business.

He had just returned from his summer vacation, and describing the beauties of mountain scenery to a lady friend, he asked: "Have you ever seen the Cats-kill mountains?" and she answered: "No! but I have seen the the Bulls-cough-syrup!"

A strong solution of oxalic acid remove dry paint. After you have tried everything else without success, try this.

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 cents. Pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 400 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

Land that is poor for clover will grow rye, and the rye plowed down can be followed with clever.

Premature Loss of the Hair

May be entirely prevented by the use of BURNETT'S COCOAINE.

HOUSEKEEPERS should insist upon obtaining **Burnett's Flavoring Extracts.**

He who conquers himself is greater than he who in battle conquers a thousand.

Temperance is a tree which has contentment for its root and peace for its fruit.

YOUNG MEN!—READ THIS.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated phamphlet free.

THE ONLY GENUINE

JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT

is the BEST HEALTH BEVERAGE, Tonic and Nutritive known. The Genuine CONTAINS ONE-THIRD MORE to the bottle than the imitation, and is SUPERIOR in quality.



"I have used Johann Hoff's Genuine Malt Extract during the last years in my medical practice, and have found it an admirable food and tonic in convalescence, in cases of **Dyspepsia**, for the weak and **debilitated**, especially **Nursing Mothers, Weakly Children, Lung and Throat Diseases.**"

W. O. STILLMAN, A.H., M.D., Phila.

I have brought **suit against Messrs. Tarrant & Co.** for bottling and selling another preparation upon the reputation of my Genuine Malt Extract, for which I have received **58** Medals from Exhibitions, Medical Societies, etc. etc.

Beware of Imitations!

None genuine without signature of **"Johann Hoff" & "Moritz Eisner,"** on the neck of every bottle.

JOHANN HOFF, Berlin, Germany.

EISNER & MENDELSON, Sole Agents for the U. S., 318 & 320 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Georgia Pacific Railway

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

THROUGH SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEBRUARY 17TH, 1884.

WESTWARD. (Central Standard Time.)	No. 1. NOrle'ns Express, Daily.	No. 2 Accom'n
Lv. Atlanta, Union Depot	7.10 a m	4.05 p m
*Howell, Ga	7.23 a m	4.30 p m
*Peyton, Ga	7.33 a m	4.48 p m
Chattahoochee, Ga	7.36 a m	4.53 p m
*Concord, Ga	7.46 a m	5.00 p m
Mableton, Ga	7.53 a m	5.22 p m
Austell, Ga	8.00 a m	5.36 p m
Salt Springs, Ga	8.08 a m	5.47 p m
Douglasville, Ga	8.21 a m	6.12 p m
Winston, Ga	8.34 a m	6.25 p m
Villa Rica, Ga	8.50 a m	7.12 p m
Temple, Ga	9.06 a m	7.43 p m
Bremen, Ga	9.27 a m	8.21 p m
Tallapoosa, Ga	9.51 a m	9.03 p m
Muscadine, Ala	10.08 a m	9.31 p m
Edwardsville, Ala	10.25 a m	10.04 p m
Heflin, Ala	10.42 a m	10.35 p m
Davisville, Ala	10.56 a m	11.00 p m
Choccolocco, Ala	11.04 a m	11.12 p m
DeArmanville, Ala	11.13 a m	11.26 p m
Oxford, Ala	11.25 a m	11.48 p m
*Oxanna, Ala	11.50 a m	11.50 p m
Anniston, Ala	12.00 a m	12.10 a m
*Berclair, Ala	12.25 p m	12.50 a m
Eastaboga, Ala	12.35 p m	1.05 a m
Lincoln, Ala	12.52 p m	1.33 a m
Riverside, Ala	1.06 p m	1.55 a m
Seddon, Ala	1.12 p m	2.05 a m
Eden, Ala	1.25 p m	2.30 a m
*Cook's Springs, Ala	1.43 p m	2.56 a m
*Bromton, Ala	2.00 p m	3.24 a m
Leeds, Ala	2.10 p m	3.40 a m
*Irondale, Ala	2.45 p m	4.30 a m
Ar. Birmingham	3.00 p m	5.00 a m
Lv. Birmingham, A. G. S	3.20 p m	
Ar. Meridian	10.20 p m	
New Orleans	6.00 a m	
Jackson	3.30 a m	
Vicksburg	5.00 a m	

EASTWARD.	No. 2. Atlanta Express, Daily.	No. 4. Accom'n Daily.
Lv. Vickburg	8.00 p m	
Jackson	10.35 p m	
New Orleans	10.00 p m	
Meridian	5.20 a m	
Ar. Birmingham	12.20 p m	
Lv. Birmingham	12.45 p m	6.00 p m
*Irondale, Ala	1.05 p m	6.25 p m
Leeds, Ala	1.40 p m	7.15 p m
*Bromton, Ala	2.00 p m	7.31 p m
*Cook's Springs, Ala	2.16 p m	7.58 p m
Eden, Ala	2.33 p m	8.25 p m
Seddon, Ala	2.46 p m	8.48 p m
Riverside, Ala	2.51 p m	8.56 p m
Lincoln, Ala	3.03 p m	9.18 p m
Eastaboga, Ala	3.16 p m	9.45 p m
*Berclair, Ala	3.25 p m	10.00 p m
Anniston, Ala	3.47 p m	10.45 p m
*Oxanna, Ala	4.07 p m	10.50 p m
Oxford, Ala	4.10 p m	10.56 p m
DeArmanville, Ala	4.20 p m	11.26 p m
Choccolocco, Ala	4.28 p m	11.43 p m
Davisville, Ala	4.35 p m	11.58 p m
Heflin, Ala	4.47 p m	12.25 a m
Edwardsville, Ala	5.01 p m	12.05 a m
Muscadine, Ala	5.16 p m	1.30 a m
Tallapoosa, Ga	5.30 p m	2.00 a m
Bremen, Ga	5.50 p m	2.40 a m
Temple, Ga	6.09 p m	3.20 a m
Villa Rica, Ga	6.24 p m	3.52 a m
Winston, Ga	6.37 p m	4.20 a m
Douglasville, Ga	6.50 p m	4.43 a m
Salt Springs, Ga	7.04 p m	5.09 a m
Austell, Ga	7.10 p m	5.20 a m
Mableton, Ga	7.17 p m	5.35 a m
*Concord, Ga	7.24 p m	5.48 a m
Chattahoochee	7.35 p m	6.06 a m
*Peyton, Ga	7.38 p m	6.11 a m
*Howell, Ga	7.48 p m	6.30 a m
Ar. Atlanta, Union Depot	8.00 p m	6.45 a m

*Flag Stations.

CONNECTIONS.

WESTWARD—Connect at Oxanna with E. T., V. & Ga. R. R., and at Birmingham with C. N. O. and T. P. and L. & N.

EASTWARD—Connect at Atlanta with R. & D., Ga. R. R., Cent. R. R. of Ga., E. T., Va. & Ga., W. & A. and A. & W. P. R. R.

L. S. BROWN, G. F. and P. A.

I. Y. SAGE, Gen. Supt.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: **Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION,** and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine **TUTT'S PILLS** have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "**scavengers of the system,**" producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. **TUTT'S PILLS** cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.

"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and **TUTT'S** are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O.

Sold everywhere, **25c.** Office, 44 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists or sent by express on receipt of **$1.**

Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

For A Business Education Attend the

Commercial College

Of Kentucky University, Lexington, Ky.

Students can begin any week-day in the year. No vacation. Time to complete the Full Diploma Business Course about 10 weeks. Average Total Cost, including Tuition, Set of Books and Board in a family, $90. Telegraphy a specialty. Literary Course free. Ladies received. 5,000 successful graduates. Over 500 pupils last year from 15 to 45 years of age, from 22 States. Instruction is practically and individually imparted by 10 teachers. Special courses for Teachers and Business Men. University Diploma presented to its graduates. This beautiful city is noted for its healthfulness and society, and is on leading Railroads. *Fall Session begins Sept. 8th.* For circulars and full particulars address its President, **WILBUR R. SMITH, Lexington, Ky.**

june18 d4t wed & wky12t

House Furnishing.

MOSQUITO NETS AND FRAMES. LATHROP & White, 46 Marietta street. We manufacture the cheapest and best. Only place in the United States where you can get them, net and frame complete, for $1.50 up.

HULL VAPOR COOKING STOVE. NO WICKS, smoke or heat. 27 South Broad.

BABY CARRIAGES, SWINGS AND JUMPERS, hammocks. Schuessler & Simms.

BABY CARRIAGES—A FEW LEFT OVER AND will be sold cheap for cash to make room for new goods at Hunnicutt & Bellingrath's.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR NEW STOVES, CAR load received this week. Can keep cool and cook at same time. Hull Vapor Stove Co. 27 South Broad.

CARPETS, LACE CURTAINS, SHADES, STRAW mattings and wall paper so cheap it will make your eyes open at Lathrop & White's. 46 Marietta street.

BABY JUMPERS AND SWINGS, 42 PEACHTREE.

SMALL STOVES FOR MAKING TEA AND COFFEE. Hull Vapor Stove company.

REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, GOOCH "Peerless" ice cream freezers, mocking bird cages, etc., cheap for the coming week at Hunnicutt & Bellingrath's.

BEST COOKING STOVE IS THE HULL VAPOR. You can cook in your parlor. No soot or smoke. 27 South Broad.

LOST.

LOST—ON JULY 4, 1884, ON THE EAST POINT road, between Mr. Bomar's store and the forks of the Campbellton road, gold bracelet with bangle. M. E. Holcomb engraved on inside bracelet, and M. E. H. on the bangle. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving at Mr. Bomar's store on East Point road or at 28 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga. su tu

JULY 4, 1884—LOST, ON PEACHTREE STREET, a gold watch chain; finder will be rewarded by returning same to R. E. R., at T. M. Clarke & Co.

FOUND.

FOUND—THAT PRYOR STREET IS NICELY paved, and ladies will find a pleasant drive to Mauck's wall paper store to buy paper.

FOR SALE—Building Material.

FOR SALE—75,000 FEET OF GOOD PINE LUMBER, will sell in a lump for $6 per 1,000 feet. Lumber, this office.

TILE! TILE! TILE! EVERYBODY COME and see our beautiful tile hearths and facings just received at Hunnicutt & Bellingrath's, 36 and 38 Peachtree street.

300 000 GOOD CITY BRICK FOR SALE. Fred S. Stewart, corner Williams and Hunnicutt. 1w

TO CONTRACTORS—WE HAVE A STABLE nearly new for sale. Good weatherboarding and shingles, etc. Will sell cheap. Apply at 44 Peachtree street.

WALNUT, CHERRY, SLATE AND MARBLEIZED mantles grates, gas fixtures, etc. just received at Hunnicutt & Bellingrath's, 36 and 38 Peachtree street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MAUCK SELLS WALL PAPER, PAINTS AND gilt moulding.

AWNINGS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE. W. W. Swanson, 104½ Peachtree street.

IF YOUR STOVE NEEDS A NEW BACK, DAMPER, grate, wood fender, has holes, cracks, is broken or worn out, leave orders at 69 South Broad street, and A. F. Todd will call and repair it.

MAUCK PAPERS, PAINTS HOUSES AND signs.

SHORT-HAND AND TYPE WRITING.

SHORT-HAND WRITING PRACTICALLY taught. Success guaranteed if instructions are followed. Private lessons if desired. Type-writing promptly, accurately and reasonably done. Short-hand studio, 5 North Broad, R. F. Cromelin, stenographer. su we fri

MACHINERY.

ATLANTA SAW WORKS—CIRCULAR AND band saws, groovers, butcher saws, etc. 120 Marietta st.

ATLANTA SAW WORKS—ALL KINDS OF SAW repairing and general jobbing, planing knives and moulding bitts made to order. 120 Marietta st.

PIANOS.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PIANO, SECOND HAND, modern style, 7⅓ octaves. Apply te W. F. C., at Frierson's, 36 Wall st.

FUEL.

WOOD—PARTIES WANTING PINE OR poplar wood for stove use, can have it delivered in their yard at $3 per cord by calling on or addressing F. E. Smith, agent's office W. & A. railroad company, Atlanta, Ga.

WATERMELONS.

WATERMELONS AND CANTALOPES—WE are prepared to handle them on this market or to forward to other good markets. Elam Johnson Son & Co. tf

FOR SALE—Hardware, Cutlery, Etc.

2 BLADE 50 CENT POCKET KNIVES THIS week for 25 cents, 42 Peachtree.

CARPENTERS' TOOLS ALL REDUCED IN price. We offer big bargains this week. 42 Peachtree.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ELMORE & KROUSE MAKE SHORT LOANS and buy purchase money notes.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A STOUT BOY TO LEARN THE printing business and an experienced feeder for job and cylinder press. H. H. Dickson, 32 Broad street.

WANTED—CIGAR SALESMAN FOR THIS territory to sell on commission to jobbers and retailers. State class of trade and amount of sales. Only reliable parties with satisfactory references wanted. Rudd Brothers, manufacturers and jobbers, 94 Warren street, New York city.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BARBER; NO other need apply. Apply Frank Bethune, Barnesville, Ga.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMEN TO SELL our cider on commission: good pay. W. W. Huff & Co., 65 Peachtree street.

WANTED—JUNIOR DRUG CLERK. STILLman & Co., 168 Whitehall street.

WANTED—COACHMAN AND COOK; APPLY 29 W. Alabama st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED TOBACCO salesman. Must come highly recommended as to character, habits and ability. Address with references, box 193, Atlanta, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Females.

WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN—IN CITY or country, to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes; $2 to $5 a day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no canvassing; no stamp for reply. Please address Reliable Man'f'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. tu th sat su

WANTED—A WHITE GIRL TO TAKE CARE of baby. German girl preferred. Inquire at 349 Marietta street.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. ONE WILLING and capable and well recommended, of middle age and without children. Apply 17 E. Pine st., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED WHITE nurse for a child 16 months old, with an invalid mother. Must be well recommended. Apply No. 11 East Peters st., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE, FIRST-class white woman or girl, to live in family and nurse little children. Address with references, B. C. J., this office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS NURSE, WHITE OR colored, for small children. Apply to 23 Luckie street, at once.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.

SITUATION WANTED—TRAVELING SALESman of experience in Georgia, Alabama, and South Carolina, wants a situation, capable of taking any line; best city reference. Address "Bows," No. 13 Mitchell street.

WANTED—BY A GOOD BOOKKEEPER, A POsition in a commission or wholesale grocery house, can give best of reference. Address J. M. T., P. O. Box 287.

WANTED—A SHORT HAND WRITER WANTS a situation. Address R., this office.

WANTED—A POSITION TO HELP A BOOKkeeper or to do writing or copying at night. Address, "R," care Constitution office.

WANTED SITUATION—Female.

A COMPETENT LADY DEIRES A POSITION or correspondent—writes a rapid, neat hand, is a skillful accountant and would not object to a situation of any kind whereby she can earn a decent support. Address Lady Bookkeeper, this office.

A WIDOW AND DAUGHTER WANT AND must have work. Will do any respectable work. Best references given. Address "Widow," Constitution office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WHITE WOman as nurse, cook or general house work. Address B. B., No. 2, Constitution office.

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS—TO SELL OUR NEW CYCLONE EGG beaters and Hunters sifters. Best chance to make big money. New goods. Fresh territory. Hunters Sifter M'f'g Co., 2, Cincinnati, O. 3su

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL THE HANDsomest and cheapest wrought iron fence made. It is easily adjusted, is free from injury by heat or cold. No trouble to sell, terms liberal. For particulars, address box 102, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WANTED—Boarders.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS OFFERED parties visiting the city. Location central, near academy of music; large cool rooms, with every convenience, 24 Irving Place, New York city, terms $2 per day. su tu

BOARD AND LODGING AT 35 POPLAR STREET.

MRS. S. ROBERTSON DESIRES SOUTHERN boarders, location central, excellent table. 115 E. 10th street, New York City. sun

SUMMER BOARD—CAN FURNISH MARried couple or two young men with delightful furnished room and board at West End. Best of reference required. Address Sargent, this office.

BOARDERS WANTED—A GENTLEMAN AND wife or three young gentlemen can be accommodated at 68 East Peters street.

BOARDERS WANTED—ONE LARGE HANDsomely furnished front room with dressing room, if desired, at No. 30 Church St. fr su we

$4.00 A WEEK PAYS FOR FIRST-CLASS board and rooms at 42 E. Mitchell st. stf

REASONABLE BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED AT No. 15 Washington street.

144 MADISON AVENUE NEW YORK SUPErior board, moderate prices, many southern references. law 3m su

MRS. M. TERBERS, No. 9 EAST 41st STREET, New York, near Grand Central Depot, has recently fitted up an elegantly furnished private boarding house, good board by the week or month at moderate prices. Southern visitors solicited. su we fr 2w

PERSONS VISITING NEW YORK AND DESIRing pleasant rooms and good board in central location can be accommodated at 119 West 21st st. References given and required. th su tu

WANTED ALL DRUMMERS TO KNOW THAT they receive the best attention at the "Brantley House," Cave Spring, Ga. Conveyances to and from depot free. wed sun

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE, 143 PEACHtree street, will be open for summer boarders from June 10 to September 1, 1844.

WANTED—Rooms and Houses.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE NICE ROOMS IN good location for light housekeeping. Best of reference; no children. Address W. H. S., care Winship & Bro.

WANTED—BY A FIRM DOING BUSINESS IN a northern city an eligible stand on Whitehall street suitable for a large retail business. Store must be central, commodious and capable of being elegantly fitted up. Parties having such a store to rent within the next three months will please communicate at the earliest possible date, with W. T. Crenshaw, insurance agent, 2½ Marietta street.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—$100 to $300 CAPITAL IN COMMISsion business. Address At Hand, this office.

WANTED—I WANT TO BUY ONE PAIR OF registered Jersey calves, both sexes. Address me, stating ages, pedigree and price, to I. D. Dickson, Westminster, S. C.

WANTED—GOOD DRY RYE STRAW AT THE Southern Spring Bed Co., 135 Marietta st.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A STOCK OF GROceries: state location and the lowest price for cash. Address C., Constitution office.

WANTED—MUSIC SCHOLARS AT 95 HILL ST. Nine lessons for $2.

PARTIES WISHING TO DISPOSE OF FURNIture and household goods will always find a cash customer by addressing P. O. Box 315. we su

Instruction.

MRS. J. L. BYERS WILL OPEN A SUMMER school at 111 Garnett street on Monday, July 7th. 3t

PENMANSHIP—SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FROM 2½ to 3½ o'clock, p. m., daily at Moore's Business university, Nos. 26 and 28 East Alabama st.

TELEGRAAPHY AND R. R. AGENT'S BUSIness taught at Moore's Business university, Nos. 26 and 28 East Alabama st.

PERSONAL.

MAUCK SELLS WALL PAPER, PAINTS AND gilt moulding.

HALL, ROBERTS & CO., 10 SOUTH BROAD street, will give special attention to sales for administrators, executors, etc. They have experience and transact such business carefully. Charges reasonable. Give them a call.

IF ANDERSON HOWARD WILL CALL ON MUSE & Swift he will hear of something to his advantage.

MAUCK PAPERS, PAINTS HOUSES AND signs.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES 6 AND 7 ROOMS, VERY nice, near Witehall street. Apply to Dr. Marvin, 365 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT—8 R RESIDENCE JACKSON STREET, 7 r house Calhoun street, 8 r residence 108 Wheat street, near in, modern improvements; 6 r house Marietta street, and a number of 3 and 4 room cottages; several nicely furnished rooms, very central, for gentlemen. Elmore & Krouse, 20 Peachtree street.

FOR RENT—FOUR BRAND NEW AND ELEGANTly finished brick houses, of 8 rooms each. These houses are fitted up with modern improvements, and are choice in every respect; situated close in. They are especially adapted for business men who wish to be near their offices or stores. Prices are cheap. Apply to Leak & Lyle, 37 Marietta st.

FOR RENT—A NEWLY FINISHED 9-ROOM two-story houses, ready for use. $30.00 per month. Inquire at T. C. F. H. J. G. P. H. Snook.

FOR RENT—A 3 ROOM COTTAGE; GOOD water close in 2 rooms, front and back verandah; apply at 58 Collins street.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, 212 JONES street, $30.00. Two new 4-room houses, Connally street, $12.50. Five-room new house, corner Hilliard and Cain streets, $20.00. Also, quite a number of nice houses in every ward. Call and see our list before renting, Hendrix & Osborn.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM HOUSE. APPLY TO M. Nally, 197 South Forsyth st.

FOR RENT—A SPLENDID NEW HOUSE WITH every convenience. No 212 W. Peachtree st. Rice & Wilson, 7 N. Broad st.

LEK & LYLE, RENT LIST—OUR RENT LIST has received some very choice additions in the shape of new and cheap houses for residences and some choice stores. List at office, 37 Marietta street.

FOR RENT—A VERY DESIRABLE 7 R. HOUSE, close in, on Markham street, fine water, etc. House in perfect order, rents for $21 per month. Apply to Leak & Lyle, 37 Marietta street. sun&tu

FOR RENT—BY HALL, ROBERTS & CO., 10 S. Broad street—A good 11 room boarding house, corner Elliott and Rhodes, $25; 10 room, Windsor, $20; 10 room, Peachtree, 50; 10 room, Capitol avenue, $55; 16 room, Pryor, $75; 9 room, 19 West Baker, $40; 8 r, West End, $25; 8 r, 55 North Butler, $22.50; 7 r, Elliott, $25; 7 r, Forest avenue, $25; 7 r, 23 Yonge, $25; 7 r, 93 Elliott, $16; 7 r, 73 McDaniel, $25; 7 r, Williams, $17; 7 r, Mechanic, $18; 7 r, Spring and James, $30; 6 r, 59 Cone, $35; 6 r, 58 Fairlie, $30; 6 r, Luckie, $21; 6 r, Merritt's avenue, $20; 6 r, 153 Mangum, $16; 6 r, 107 West Harris, $20; 7 r, E Harris, $18; 5 r, 25 Young, $16.66; 5 r, Spring; $25; 5 r, West End, $17.50; 5 r, West End, $15; 4 r, 359 Collins, $18; 4 r, 228 West Fair, $10; 4 r, McAffee, $10; 4 r, Reed, 6; 4 r, 87 Hilliard, $10; 3 r, 31 Plum, $10; 3 r, 6 Mill, 12.50; 3 r, Fowler, $7; 3 r, Bell, $9; 3 r, 20 Rock, $10; 3 r, Thompson, $12.50; 2 r, East Cain, $6; store room and 5 rooms connected, 141 Calhoun, $25; 2 stores, Marlietta street, one beef market, Marietta, 1 store, Decatur street, a good stand, corner Harris and Calhoun, store and 3 rooms, north Atlanta, $8. Have a good supply of two room houses. Always call at our office before renting. Hall, Roberts & Co.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—THREE NICE, LARGE AIRY rooms at 110½ Peachtree. T. L. Henry,

CENTRAL ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNished. Single rooms for gentlemen; gas, bath, etc.; meals if desired; very cheap. 43 East Mitchell street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT ROOMS, EN SUITE OR single. Terms low. Object company. 73 Forest Avenue.

FOR RENT—TWO SLEEPING OR OFFICE rooms. Apply to E. B. Lovejoy, No. 42 N. Broad st.

FOR RENT—TWO CONNECTING ROOMS OVER our store, one of them a front room. M. Rich & Bros., 54 and 56 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS. APPLY to 128 South Pryor street.

PLEASANT ROOMS FOR FAMILIES AND single gentlemen, furnished or unfurnished, bath room and gas, 45 East Mitchell.

FOR RENT—3 ROOMS IN NO. 1 N. SPRING street, with gas and best drinking water in city. Apply to T. A. Frierson, 36 Wall st.

FOR RENT—ROOMS ON FIRST FLOOR. FURnished or unfurnished. Apply 115 Ivy street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS, light and airy, either to married couple or single gentlemen. 13 N. Collier st.

FOR RENT—ONE OR TWO NICELY FURNISHed or unfurnished front rooms at 79 Collins. Terms reasonable.

FOR RENT—FROM AUGUST 1, A LARGE room on second floor, 32 Broad street suitable for office or small manufacturing. Power furnished if desired. H. H. Dickson.

FOR RENT—A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT room, furnished or unfurnished, at 58 Washington street. Good day board convenient.

TO RENT—3 ROOMS, AT 69 HOUSTON STREET; 2 rooms at 77 Houston. Apply at 69 Houston street. 4t

ROOMS TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, at 230 South Pryor street. Apply on premises.

ROOM, NICELY FURNISHED, LIGHT AND airy, on first floor, gas, bath. etc. Price moderate to desirable party. Address A. L. B., Constitution office. dtf

A BARGAIN—WANTED—A DESIRABLE party to share house of 11 rooms; is within block of governor's mansion. Apply 12 N. Spring st. Will rent rooms if preferred.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT OFFICE IN MY BUILDing on corner Pryor and Alabama streets. Apply to undersigned. Henry Jackson. we su

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FRESH WATER FISH RECEIVED DAILY AT Arctic Ice House, 51 Peachtree street. tf

MAUCK PAPERS, PAINTS HOUSES AND signs.

FOR SALE—15 SHARES CAPITAL CITY LAND and Improvement Company, second installment paid. S. M. Wall, W. U. Tel. Co.

BROWN LEGHORN AND PLY ROCK EGGS FOR setting at $1.00 for 15. Will warrant them pure and fresh. 12 Ply Rock chicks with mother for $6.00. Apply No. 46 Marietta street.

FOR SALE—TWO GOOD FRESH 3 GALLON milk cows at Miller & Brady's livery stable, 16 Loyd street. Call Monday.

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, THREE very cheap, good as new, best make, one with burglar chest. Call or write, No. 20 Loyd street, under Markham house, Clarke, Herbert & Co. 3t wed fri sun

MAUCK SELLS WALL PAPER, PAINTS AND gilt moulding.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—THE ENTIRE STOCK of drugs and fixtures recently owned by C. A. Moran, at No. 11 Peachtree street, having been conveyed to me by deed of assignment for the benefit of his creditors, I offer the same for sale; the stand is a good one, the stock new and complete; will be sold as a whole, stock, fixtures, debts due, etc. Call on or address me at Nos. 41 and 43 Alabama street. John Stephens, Assignee. 3t

FOR SALE.—A BUSINESS ESTABLISHED IN 1872. Pays more money than any business using same amount of capital. Proprietor wishes to engage in business in Virginia. Address, S. P.C., care Constitution.

FOR SALE CHEAP—OR WILL EXCHANGE FOR Atlanta city property or a good paying business, 400 acres of good land on East Tennessee railroad 1½ miles from Varnell station; 330 acres in fine timber, which can be sold for lumber for more than the place can be bought for. Balance of land, 70 acres, in cultivation, and rent pays interest on whole place. A rare bargain can be had. Address "B," P. O. box 97, Madison, Ga. suntf

Fruits, Vegetables, Groceries, Meats, etc.

THE PLACE TO GET THE BEST. IF YOU WANT good meats and a large variety to select from go to Clemmons & Kenny's. Telephone 321.

FOR SALE—THE VERY BEST STOCK (CLAY) peas and Pearl meal at Holbrook, Osborne & Co., 79 Peachtree.

SOME VERY FINE SPRING LAMB AT CLEMmons & Kenny's, also all other kinds of fresh meats, the best in the market can always be found there, try them. Telephone 321.

ICE, FISH AND MELONS, FINEST QUALITY in market. Send orders to H. F. Emery, No. 15 Peachtree. Telephone 52. 2

IF YOU WANT STRICTLY FINE CORNED BEEF try some of Clemmons & Kenny's. You will be pleased with it.

ICE AT WHOLESALE—SPECIAL RATES FOR car load lots and by the ton at Arctic Ice House. Capacity 20 tons a day. 51 Peachtree street. tf

CLEMMONS & KENNY KEEP THE LARGEST variety of selected meats that is to be found in the city, try them.

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—FARM FOR SALE: ONE OF THE best farms in north Georgia, 25 miles from Atlanta, 1 mile Duluth. For particulars address, I. N. Strickland, Duluth, Ga. d1w.

FOR SALE OR RENT—NICE NINE ROOM house 234 Ivy. Pleasant, healthy location. Modern conveniences. Apply to Mrs. C. L. Fay, 170 E. Hunter st.

Elmore & Krouse, 20 Peachtree St.

$1100—TWO NEW 3 ROOM COTTAGES; $300 cash, balance monthly.

$450—Nice 3 room cottage, near in.

$300—Nice level lot near Boulevard.

$550—Nice lot, near in; bargain.

$50 to $75—Lots on installments.

$125 to $300—Choice lot; ½ cash, balance monthly.

$1300—Five houses; $400 cash, balance long time; rents for $26 per month.

ELMORE & KROUSE HAVE A LARGE LIST OF vacant lots on the principal streets in the city. Give them a call.

IF YOU WANT A HOUSE FROM $250 TO $10,000 call on Elmore & Krouse and they can suit you.

John S. Willsons Real Estate Agent.

WE HAVE SOME EXCELLENT BARGAINS to offer this week, better than bank bonds property, must be sold. Call and see us. Two nice suburban houses on instalment plan, cheap. Call at No. 11 S. Broad street. John S. Willson, real estate agent.

Leak & Lyle Sale List.

$2,650—NICELY FURNISHED 6 R HOUSE, beautiful grove and lot, 85x160 feet, close in.

$1,600—4 r house well built, and 2 r house in rear lot, 50x200 feet, desirably situated.

800—4 r residence well furnished and desirable lot.

500—3 r house, very close in, occupied and paying good rent.

1,800—3 r house, plastered, etc., and 3 r house in rear lot, 50x200 feet, Baker street, close in.

800—Good 3 room house and 8 acres land, on Ga. R. R.

1,300—Well built 5 r house, lot 50x156 feet, desirable.

1,050—First class 4 r house, lot fronts two streets.

1,000—4 vacant lots, well located and cheap.

275—1 vacant lot, E. Cain.

350—Vacant lot fronting 2 streets.

75 to 250—Thirty select vacant lots, suitable to build on.

We are always ready to show property and have conveyances for that purpose, and we have every variety of Atlanta real estate to show. Splendid and costly vacant lots, cheap vacant lots, palatial residences, comfortable cottages, renting property, and long time and easy payments. Give us a call at 37 Marietta street. Leak & Lyle.

Hall, Roberts & Co., Sale List.

$300—FOR LOT 57x175 FEET ON COX STREET, two room new house, rent for $5; fine bargain.

$400—For three room house and lot 57x175, Cox street rent for $6, well worth $600 when money is more in circulation.

$425—For house and lot No. 25 Victoria street, near the new Georgia Pacific depot, always well rented, $550 was refused for it just before the financial excitement; come quick, owner must have money.

$450—For house and lot No. 20 Scofield street, regular tenant at $6 per month, large lot; price reduced to this exceedingly low figure for quick sale.

$450—For house and lot 136 North Butler, near Wheat, always well rented; worth just $600.

$550—For a three room house, Old Wheat, near Jackson, rent $7 per month; a fine investment.

$650—For house and lot fronting Marietta street 50 feet, and running through to Mayson and T. ferry road 120 feet, with blacksmith shop, etc., vell rented and room for other improvements.

$750—For new three room house on fine lot, Randolph street, near Wheat, well rented; a bargain.

$1000—For three room cottage, Jones avenue, $200 cash, balance $25 per month, if desired.

$1060—For storehouse and residence on corner Wheat and Randolph; good tenant at $15 per month.

$1250—For nice three room Luckie street cottage, close in; a pleasant home and fine investment.

$2000—For five room house, Collins street, close in; worth $2,500.

$2100—For six room, new cottage, fine, high lot, West Harris street; close in.

We have many other fine bargains in both improved and vacant property. Please give us a call before making investments. Hall, Roberts & Co., 10 South Broad street. (near the bridge.)

AUCTION SALES—Real Estate.

ADMINISTRATORS, EXECUTORS, AND OTHers, having real estate to sell at auction will do well to give us a call before arranging for their sales. Our Mr. Hall is our auctioneer, who is one of the oldest real estate men in Atlanta, and no man in the city is better posted on the value of property. Hall, Roberts & Co., 10 South Broad st.

G. H. EDDLEMAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS—WE will sell, at auction, upon the premises, on Tuesday, July 8th, 1884, at 3½ o'clock in the afternoon, one four-room house and lot and two vacant lots, on Ezzard street. This property is well located, being just beyond the Boulevard and within 200 feet of Decatur street. A survey has been made, and the street cars will soon be running right by this property from Ponce de Leon springs to Grant park. Titles perfect. Terms cash. The property will be sold absolutely for what it will bring. No by-bidding. Get a plat, examine the property and attend the sale. Free ride on the Decatur street cars. G. H. Eddleman & Co., real estate agents, No. 55 South Broad street.

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Wagons.

VERY CHEAP HEAVY SET CARRIAGE HARness, original cost $100; have only been used short time; will take $40 for them. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall.

THE USE OF A PERFECTLY GENTLE BUGGY horse can be had every day after 8:30 in the morning for his feed. Apply to Richmond Green's stable on Ivy street.

1 SET SECOND HAND TRUCK HARNESS AND one set buggy, very low. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A SMALL 4-YEAR old dark grey Kentucky pony; also, an iron safe. 551 Marietta or 78 Peachtree street.

A FEW SET EXTRA FINE HAND-MADE CARriage and buggy harness, carriage lap dusters and fine buggy whips at a sacrifice. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

1 SECOND HAND SPRING WAGON IN GOOD order and very little used for sale at Henry Seltzer, 16 N. Broad street. tu, thr and sat.

1 SECOND HAND ENGLISH SHETAL SADDLE and one Whiteman saddle, one third original cost. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall st.

SECOND-HAND PONY PHAETON AND HARness, good as new, cheap. Can be seen at Taylor's stables. Owner at 8 Peachtree street. 1t

JOB LOT OF MENS' RIDING SADDLES WILL be closed out $19 per dozen, bridles and whips equally low; here is a chance for dealers. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall.

IF YOU WISH TO BUY A WAGON, BUGGY OR any kind of harness and desire to do justice to yourself and family, go and see Watts & Huff, 91 Whitehall street before you purchase.

A LOT OF HARNESS OIL IN BULK OR IN CANS a little over half price. D. Morgan, 80 Whitehall.

Catoosa Springs.

CATOOSA SPRINGS, GEORGIA, OPEN 1ST JUNE; every variety of mineral water; the best French and German cooks.

TABLE SUPPLIED WITH WADE'S FAMOUS Jersey butter.

TERMS TWO AND A HALF TO THREE DOLLARS per day, fourteen to seventeen and a half dollars per week. Special rates for longer time or large parties.

"SANS PARIEL" ORCHESTRA: ONE OF THE finest in the south; engaged for the season.

ROUND TRIP EXCURSION TICKETS FROM ATlanta, including one week's board, for 10 dollars. Children and colord servants half price. A. Leyden, owner and proprietor. su we

FOR SALE—Machinery.

FOR SALE—ONE 15 HORSEPOWER ECLIPSE engine, second hand, on wheels; one 3 to 5 horsepower Peerless engine, second hand, on wheels; one 4 to 6 horsepower Peerless engine, second hand, on wheels. A barbain, by J. W. Anderson, 93 Broad street.

AXEHANDLE MACHINE FOR SALE—A FULL and complete set of latest improved handle machine. All in good order and capable of turning out 90 dozen daily, will be sold cheap to make room for other machinery. Apply to Atlanta Cotton Mills Supply Company, 654 Marietta street. sun tu th tf

LADIES COLUMN.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN, 3 BURNER HULL vapor stove and lot household and kitchen furniture. Apply 145 Decatur street, first floor.

OSTRICH FEATHER DYEING ESTABLISHment, feathers cleaned, dyed and curled in the most approved manner by artistic workmen, also, laces, kid gloves, cleaned by I. Phillips, 13 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. tu th su tf

THE CONSTITUTION.

Published Daily and Weekly.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month $2.50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, JULY 6, 1884.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states at 1 a. m. to-day: fair weather, except partly cloudy weather and local showers, in the extreme southwest.

GENERAL BUTLER rode into Chicago with a savage air, and refused to allow a reporter to pump the secrets out of his soul. On his arrival he fell into the hands of the workingmen's associations, and was greeted with chee through the streets.

IT is stated that on the fall of Khartoum most of the Europeans accepted the mahdi as the prophet, and did him honor accordingly. It is just such men who bring discredit upon Christianity in the east, and who render the work of the missionaries so difficult.

AMONG the bills which failed to become laws was the electorrl bill. The house would not pass it without some guarantee that its provisions would be fair, while the senate wanted it passed in such shape as would give that lordly body an undue advantage in the settlement of a contest.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

This beautiful Sabbath morning finds the representative democrats of the country assembled in Chicago for the purpose of choosing a leader and declaring a platform for the campaign of 1884.

We hold, now, as we have held for months, that the only certain road to success is the nomination of Tilden. The unparalleled enthusiasm with which the democratic masses everywhere have demanded his nomination, is itself presage of victory. Even since his letter of declination enough states have declared for him to make his nomination a certainty, if he would only consent to make the race. We fear he will not do this, and will thus with his own hands put the presidency away.

Next to Mr. Tilden, we are satisfied Governor Cleveland is the strongest candidate that can be nominated. He has much of Tilden's prestige, having proved, as Tilden did, invincible before the people, and having, as Tilden did, triumphed repeatedly over adverse majorities. He represents more fully than any other man the idea that made Tilden so strong—the policy of administrative reform. He is a safe man without being a great one, and a strong man without being strongly intellectual. It is possible that the intrigue of factions in New York may prevent his nomination. If so more is the shame to the democratic party. For we speak deliberately when we say that it could better be defeated now and again than to submit to the dictation of John Kelly, who goes to the convention solely that he may strike down the strongest man and put a man of his own choosing in his place. For twelve years the democrats of the country have been insulted and bullied by Mr. John Kelly and his adherents, and the time has come to stop it. In 1876 he attempted to cut down Tilden, the favorite candidate; in 1880 he still aimed at the great leader and succeeded in preventing his nomination. In 1884 he again assaults the man who, without his interference, would be promptly and overwhelmingly nominated by the party at large.

With Tilden, victory would be assured; with Cleveland the democracy has fine chances for success; with whatever candidate it determines to make the fight, whether Randall, Bayard, Field, Slocum or Thurman, it will have the earnest and unswerving support of THE CONSTITUTION. It is now happily assured that the party will not commit itself to an extreme position on the tariff, but that something like the Ohio platform will express the sense of the convention and the attitude of the party on that issue. This will make victory possible, where otherwise it would have been impossible.

To summarize the situation it appears that Tilden, the overwhelming favorite, is out of consideration; that Cleveland, the undoubted leader, barring Tilden, is subject to the dangers that hang about leaders where a large field is behind him, and that Slocum, or Randall appear to be the chief probabilities behind the absolute declination of Tilden or the overthrow of Cleveland.

JOHN KELLY AND HIS ORGAN.

Mr. John Kelly's personal organ, the New York Star, takes exceptions to some of the remarks made by THE CONSTITUTION relative to the malignant influence exerted by Tammany hall on the fortunes of the democratic party. It is natural not only that Kelly's organ should take exceptions, but that Kelly himself should feel aggrieved to see the facts of a peculiar and deplorable ituation so plainly set forth. We made no allowance for the sensibility of Tammany's boss, but if Kelly is a sensitive man he must have felt somewhat disturbed to know that he sentiments expressed in THE CONSTITUTION are those of every honest and patriotic democrat in the land.

It is no longer possible to conceal the fact that the democratic party is very tired of John Kelly and his methods, and if the democrats who are to assemble in Chicago the day after to-morrow do their duty, as their constituents expect them to, Kelly and his followers will have no difficulty in discovering that they are powerless to carry out the plans of personal aggrandizement, the hope and desire of which hold Tammany together.

What THE CONSTITUTION has said of John Kelly and his pernicious influence might have been said long ago so far as the truth of it is concerned, but the time had arrived to say it, and we have yet to see a protest against it from any responsible democratic quarter.

The Star denies with some degree of bitterness the suggestion that Kelly sold out Hancock in his deal with Arthur in 1880. The Star forgets, however, that to admit that this suggestion or charge has no basis in fact is not by any means to admit that Kelly and those whom he controls are honest and patriotic men. The importance of the Star's denial is in a direction scarcely anticipated by Mr. Kelly. He and his followers are in the habit of claiming an overwhelming influence in elections in New York, and the claim has been so boldly and so persistently put forward that it has not been without effect on respectable democrats throughout the country.

But if the denial by the Star of the charge that Tammany sold out Hancock in 1880 is to be believed, then belief must go a step further and discover that Tammany has small influence in determining results at the polls in New York city and state. For, whatever else may be doubtful, it is certain that Hancock was defeated in New York. If the influence of Kelly was exerted in behalf of the democratic candidate at that time, it follows that that influence was of small account. Where was the Kelly "power" when Hancock was defeated? The boss strode upon the stage at the Cincinnati convention, shook hands with an opposing New York democrat, and pledged himself and his followers to the support of Hancock. The result was that Hancock was defeated in New York. At St. Louis in 1876, he distributed a circular declaring that under no circumstances could Mr. Tilden carry New York. The result was that Mr. Tilden had not the slightest difficulty in carrying New York.

If we accept Kelly at his word and put any confidence in his claim of power and influence, we must believe that he deliberately sold out the democratic candidate in 1880. If we believe his organ, which declares that he and his followers supported the democratic candidate in good faith, then we must conclude that his influence is worth nothing to the democratic party.

And this must be the conclusion in any event. Mr. Kelly is out of place in the democratic party. His methods are obnoxious to all right-thinking men. He represents a system that can commend itself to no honest man. He represents no principles but simply a purpose to hold office and to dispense patronage. This is not democracy; it is Kellyism. There is no other name for it. But whatever its name, the democratic party is pledged by every consideration of honesty to oppose it by every means at its command. If the party cannot get along without Mr. Kelly, it is certain that it cannot get along with him. There are thousands of democrats in all parts of the country who would rather participate in the defeat of their party than to see it win a victory, knowing that such elements as Tammany would rush to the front to paw over the spoils.

OUR NEED OF BANKING CAPITAL.

Atlanta's most pressing need is more banking capital. Compared with the volume of business, the enterprise, activity and importance of the city, we do not think there is a place in the country where the proportion of banking capital is less. Take Nashville, a city of equal size with Atlanta. Colonel Cole's bank has $1,000,000 capital; First National has $500,000 capital and $200,000 surplus; the other national bank has $500,000 capital and $200,000 surplus; there are also two private banks, and a new bank with $300,000 capital has just been organized, giving Nashville fully $3,000,000 of banking capital. Atlanta has considerably less than $1,000,000 of capital and surplus combined. Indeed one bank in Savannah, the Southern, has a capital surplus, that is alone more than the entire banking capital of Atlanta. Augusta has more than twice as much banking capital as Atlanta.

In our rapidly growing city a million dollars of additional banking capital would be absorbed immediately. Its influence on the expansion of our business, and the promotion of our industries, can hardly be estimated. If this million dollars of extra capital was added to the capital of each of our banks, the net profits of each bank would be largely increased. The Nashville banks are all prosperous and the stock of each commands from 140 to 230. The Augusta banks are likewise prosperous, though they carry a capital, the size of the two cities compared, as about five to one, over our banks. A million dollars can not be better invested, in our opinion, than by adding it to the banking capital of Atlanta.

AN ATHLETIC CLUB FOR ATLANTA.

We note with pleasure that an athletic club, modeled after the best English and American clubs, is being organized in Atlanta.

This club starts out under the best auspices, and will have ample backing. It is proposed to establish club-grounds, build a grand stand, a club-house, gymnasium, base-ball field, and race-track; and to make the club the patron of all manly and athletic sports. The ground will be enclosed, and the gate money for the "events" given by the club will go to the treasury, the contestants striving for the club medals or for fixed amounts. Atlanta has long needed such an organization, that shall be moral and conservative in management and enterprisng in its plans.

The demand for athletic amusements is as old as history. From the Olympic games in which the flower of the Roman youth contended for the laurel to the last rowing match between Yale and Harvard, the masses have demanded healthful and honest trials of human mussle and human endurance. It is the football, cricket and pedestrianism of the English youth that give sturdiness to the English people, and the sports of the athletic clubs of the north that redeem the youth of that section from the debilitating cigarette and the sapping vices that the cigarette implies or suggests.

We are aware that there are certain journalists who deny all this sort of thing. We are also aware that some objectionable features have gathered about certain forms of athletic sports. These may be lessened or entirely done away with. But even as things stand, there have been many worse things approved of in Georgia than the athletic sports that amused, let us say for instance, our sister city of Macon, on the late fourth. It is certainly better to interest our youths and our older people too, for that matter, in a good game of baseball, a rowing match or a bicycle race, than to have them loafing about billiard rooms and grog-shops. And even those men who are safe from these temptations can spend their afternoons more profitably in watching a good game of foot-ball than in sitting in an up-stairs back room and secreting bile.

LUDLOW street jail has become quite a resort for Wall street men. It is said that a ticker is to be placed in every cell.

THE New York Sun declares that Mr. Tilden doesn't favor Cleveland. It is to be observed, however, that Mr. Tilden has made no such statement over his own name.

IT is rather significant that Minister Lowell was too ill to have the usual fourth of July dinner. There is no doubt that Minister Lowell has become acclimatized in Great Britain.

NEAR Buzzard Roost, North Carolina, is a peculiar mine of white rock. This rock is ground up into a fine powder and shipped to New York where it is sold for about $3.50 a barrel. The coarser quality is used to adulterate granulated sugar. This escapes without detection as it is said twenty per cent of it can be mixed with sugar without discovery. The finer grades of this powdered rock are used for pulverized sugar, and family flour. This rock now makes a leading element in all of our fancy candies, and is said to be much more harmless than terra alba. The candies containing this mineral adulteration are the so-called French mixed candies, lozengers of all kinds, cheap stick candies, strawberry drops, bull's eyes, sugar bells, and all excessively sweet preparations. The clear or crystalized candies are not adulterated.

EDITOR MOSES HANDY notes with a little flourish that there are very few sunstrokes this year. He will find, however, that there is a big one growing in the garden for Blaine.

IT is plain to see that the Philadelphia Press expects John Kelly to contribute to the Blaine boom.

We have Mr. Sullivan's word for it that when a Boston man is drunk he is likewise sick.

SOME of the French republican papers are mad because Morton, the American minister, has been crawling on his belly in front of the Compte de Paris. We assure our esteemed French contemporaries that such a spectucle as this is a distinct outgrowth of republicanism in New York city.

THE democratic convention, if it does its duty, will open up the campaign by mashing John Kelly and the whisky ring.

IT is said that Sally Bernhardt, of Paris, wants to commit suicide. There is probably a Whitehall, Mud Valley and West End street railroad jolting things around in her neighborhood.

IT is said that in Winnebago lake, Wisconsin, they fish with lines six miles long, and use 20,000 hooks on a line. One catch generally realizes 2,000 fish. The 20,000 hooks are baited with pieces of meat and lowered to the bottom. It takes twenty boats with two men in each to look after this big catch. Most of the fish taken from this lake are sturgeon, weighing on an average seventy pounds.

AN article is going the rounds headed "How to Take Care of Husbands." We have not read it, but it is a serious article. It tells wives how to get their husbands out of billiard rooms and beer saloons. A husband can't be taken care of until he is coaxed to stay at home at nights.

THE Blaine organs are very much troubled in regard to the condition of Mr. Tilden. They say he is so feeble he falls asleep at the table. The truth is, that Mr. Tilden's dreams are of more importance to the country than the waking thoughts of all the republicans put together.

A NEW cartoonist has been developed in the pages of "Life" in the person of W. A. Rogers, who is not only an artist, but a humorist in a deeper and wider sense than either Keppler or Nast. There is a refinement and subtle meaning in his work that have never before been reached by the makers of comic pictures in this country.

THE prospects are that Carter Harrison will be called to take charge of affairs in Illinois as governor of Illinois. Democrats are in demand everywhere.

KERNAN and Sergeant Bates are supposed to be on the editorial staff of the Chicago Tribune. All the other editors are old maids, including Dr. Josef Medill.

EDITOR JOHN MCLEAN, of Cincinnati, hints that the outlook in Ohio is promising. There is no doubt that the people are preparing to protest against the flatulency displayed in the columns of the Commercial-Gazette.

SAU-AU-BRAH, the converted Burmese, who is attracting so much attention in this country just now, says that in India they have 80,000 young widows between the ages of three and five. He says that they will never be married, because in India as soon as a child is born a match is made by the parents. If the boy dies the girl is considered a widow, and must remain in mourning for her husband as long as she lives.

ASIATIC cholera, when it once enters a country, marches on a straight line through it. In its track it leaves desolation and death. Several times when it made its appearance in America thousands of people were suddenly carried off without the slightest warning. At first it is generally supposed that the disease is dysentery or cholera morbus, but in the course of a few days all doubts are removed. Frequently when a person is attacked a fatal collapse occurs in one or two hours. On one occasion in India the epidemic struck a train of several hundred passengers, and in a few hours' time fifty dead people were dragged out. It seems that the resources of medical science so far have been found unable to cope with this devouring pestilence.

Where It Began.

"Where does your lesson beginb" asked the mother of her ten-year old.

"Right there," putting his finger on a word in his spelling book.

"It begins with 'rod,' does it?" she asked.

"Yes'm," answered rhe child, putting his hands behind him, "an' as I played bad all yesterday evening, I recken it'll end with rod too."

POLITICAL N OTES.

THE democrats of Alabama will begin their state canvass on the 10th of July.

GENERAL JOHN A. LOGAN has his letter of acceptance ready, and is now waiting on the "tattooed man."

THE Ohio greenbackers are opposed to General Butler on the ground that he is not a fair representative of their party interests.

HON. JAMES P. BARR, one of the delegates at large from Pennsylvania to the democratic convention, says he will bolt if Butler should be nominated.

"WE can at least say," remarks the Louisville, Kentucky, Post, "that we prefer the Hon. Charles A. Dana himself as a democratic nominee for president to any of the possible nominees Mr. Dana has thus far suggested."

THE editors and correspondents resident in Washington to the number of 75, have been complimented to Chicago on a special train tendered by the Baltimore and Ohio road.

CALVIN WELLS, of the Philadelphia Press, who is one of the republican electors at large for Pennsylvania, has been forced to withdraw, owing to the hostility of the working men. His resignation will be announced shortly by the proper party authority.

NEVER did a candidate receive a more generous support from double-leaded type than Mr Hoadly is now receiving from the Cincinnati Enquirer. The New York correspondent of the Springfield, Ohio, Globe, who is vouched for by his paper as a journalist of high reputation, great dignity of character and conspicuous intimacy with the leading politicians of the city, asserts that Mr. Tilden has at last yielded to the pressure and will accept the nomination upon two conditions, namely, that it shall come to him by acclamation and that Governor Hoadly shall have the second place on the ticket.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

SAVENTO, which was the home of the poet, Tasso, has no monument to his memory.

MRS. ANNIE LOUISE CARRY RAYMOND has forwarded a check for $250 to the Maine general hospital.

MISS NANNIE RIGGS, a well known Baltimore young lady, has entered Mount De Sales convent near Washington City.

GENERAL MCCLELLAN will spend the summer at Bar harbor, where he will not allow politicians to encroach upon him.

P. T. BARNUM, the great showman, having given $55,000 to establish a museum of natural history at Tuft's college, is receiving many letters of compliment from distinguished educators.

CAPTAIN JOHN W. ANDREWS, of Sumter, South Carolina, the monogenarian who on May 6 started to walk from his home to Boston, is said to have shaken hands with more than ten thousand people on his way.

THE building in Gloucester, Mass., which Mr. Samuel I. Sawyer purchased for $20,000 and presented to the city for a public library, was formally dedicated on Tuesday. Mr. Sawyer has also given $20,000 as a nucleus for the library fund.

PRESIDENT ELIPHALET NOTT POTTER, while in Paris, was importuned by a well known California millionaire to found an educational institute in San Francisco; for the purpose the gentleman proposed to place in Dr. Potter's hand the munificent fund of $10,000,000, and Dr. Potter was obliged by personal reasons to dicline.

IN GENERAL.

THERE seems reason to hope that the cholera talk may scare certain large cities on this continent into a bit of street cleaning.

ONLY 35 of the original 204 houses composing the famous Jew-lane in Frankfort now remain standing, and some of these are soon to be torn down. One of the 35 is the Rothschild homestead.

DURING the last ten years the area of Prussians forests has been wisely and largely increased. In the state forests of Hanover alone an area equal to three German square miles has been added. Forests belonging to convents and private estates make similar reports.

ONE of the royal crowns of France which was stolen about two years ago from the abbey at St. Dennis was discovered a fortnight since while an inventory was being taken at the Mont-de-Piete. It is believed that the crown was pledged about a year after the robbery.

IN a voyage from Rio Janeiro to Bordeaux two French savants carefully investigated the quality of sea air. They found in all instances that over the open sea at a distance from the vessel, the air was singularly free from the multitude of organisms which are found in land breezes. It is now believed by these and other investigators that none of the germs of an epidemic can cross the ocean with the wind, but that all low forms of life contained in it must soon reach the water and die. Sea voyages are now sometimes recommended on this special ground.

SOME of the favorite dishes in Elizabeth's time were curious enough. Seagulls were eaten. There were pickled goose with cloves and ginger, soused turkey boiled in white wine and vinegar and soaked for a month, and pear puddings, containing no pears, but made of cold fowl or turkey chopped up, with flour, currants and eggs, and then fashioned into the form of pears and baked. The stalks of tulips cooked like peas, omelettes of mallow stalks, hartshorn jelly, pippins preserved in jelly, apple syrup and quince cheese were also among the delicacies of the age.

THE small boy stands
Besides the pool,
And with his hands
The waters cool
He feels.

He lingers not,
Nor time does waste,
The weather's hot
And with great haste
He peels.

—Boston Post.

THE peculiar sect known as the "Shaking Quakers," deserve credit for the many useful inventions of the present. More than half a century ago they first originated the drying of sweet corn for food, and they first raised, papered and vended garden seeds in the present styles. From their first methods of preparing medicinal roots and herbs for market sprang this immense patent medicine trade. They began the broomcorn business. The first buzz-saw was made by the Shakers at New Lebanon. This is now in the Albany geological hall. The Shakers invented metallic pens, first made of brass and silver. All distilled liquors were abandoned as a beverage by the Shakers sixty years ago, and during the past forty years no fermented liquor of any sort has been used, except as a medicine. Pork and tobacco are also numbered among the "forbidden articles."

The Old Eighteenth Georgia Regiment.

From the Cartersville, Ga., Free Press.

In this issue of our paper will be found an official notice of the reunion of the survivors of the old Eighteenth Georgia regiment. Companies F, G, H and K, of this regiment were from this county, and company E, from Cass and Gordon. We learn their next reunion will, in all probability, be held here, and we hope enough of the old veterans will attend the reunion this year to secure the next meeting here, and we believe the old Eighteenth has enough friends here to extend such a welcome as we all would feel proud of. Captain J. R. Wikle, Colonel F. M. Ford and Major A. F. Woolley, of this county, Major J. A. Stewart, of Conyers, and Dr. E. J. Roach, of Atlanta, have been appointed a memorial committee to submit suitable resolutions on the death of General William T. Wofford, the first colonel, and Captain J. F. Maddox, who have died since the first reunion, at the meeting at Conyers.

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

Knight Templarism.

Subscriber, Griffin, Ga.: How did the order known as Knights Templar originate, and what is the object of same? Was Georgia represented at the last triennial conclave of Knights Templar held in San Francisco, Cal., in August, 1883?

The order Knights Templars originated about 1113, A. D., for the purpose of protecting pilgrims in their visits to and from Jerusalem, and for the rescue and defense of the holy land. Its objects now are the defense and protection of the principals of Christianity, charity, and especially the binding of good and true men together for the common benefit and good of all. The order in this state was only represented by proxy at the last triennial conclave at San Francisco, 1883.

"The Hand Without the Heart."

Tuscumbia, Tuscumbia, Ala.: Please inform me where I can get a little book entitled "The Hand Without the Heart." I have forgotten the author.

The novel is T. S. Arthur's production. It can be procured at Richards' book store, Atlanta.

Bill Arp's Book.

J. D. N., Gainesville, Ga.: 1. When will Bill Arp's book be out? 2. Who will publish it? 3. What do you think will be the price? 4. When the book gets out I desire the agency for South Carolina. Do you think I can secure it?

1. Don't know precisely. Possibly in 3 months. Arp is still furnishing copy. 2. James P. Harrison, Atlanta. 3. Can't say. 4. You may secure the agency. The author's address is Cartersville, Georgia.

Babcock's Fire Extinguishers.

W. N. P. & Co., Monroe: Please tell us where we can get Babcock's fire extinguishers?

At 317 South Desplaines street, Chicago, Illinois. Harden's hand granades can be procured in Atlanta.

Tomb Stones—Their Manufacture.

E. C. V. Arnold, Walton county, Ga: 1. How are tomb stones made smooth? 2. How are raised letters made on the stones? 3. When does your weekly paper leave for Woodstock, Georgia? 4. Are there any United States troops in Atlanta now; if not why have been removed?

1. Tombstones are made smooth by rubbing the surface with a stone of the same nature, the surface of the stone under manufacture being previously sprinkled with a grit. Finer and finer grit is used until the surface becomes perfectly smooth. 2. The stone is cut away from the letters. 3. On Tuesday of each week. 4. The troops have been removed to Newport, Kentucky. It was deemed too expensive to retain them at so many different points. When the lease of the barracks here expired the soldiers were removed.

Pledger—The Capitol—New York.

H. A. B., Visage, Ga.—1. Is Pledger a full-blooded negro? 2. What will be the cost of the new state capitol? 3. How many men are employed in publishing THE CONSTITUTION? 4. What is the diameter of New York city?

1. No. 2. The appropriation for the purpose was $1,000,000. 3. About 70, exclusive of a corps of correspondents. 5. The length is about 20 miles and width from two to four miles.

Negro Delegates at Chicago.

Subscriber, Cicero, Cleburne county, Ala.: How many negro delegates was there in the national republican nominating convention?

About two-thirds of the delegates from the southern states were negroes—about two hundred. The exact figures are not at hand.

Vaccination.

Anxious One, Cuthbert, Ga.—When and by whom was vaccination introduced?

On the 14th of May, 1496, by Dr. Edward Genner, who first discovered its effect.

Fitzjohn Porter—Governor McDaniel.

G. R., Upshaw, Ga.—1. What were the charges against Fitzjohn Porter for which he was dismissed. 2. What has become of General Gordon's sheep ranch, about which there was so much talk a few years ago. 3. Was Governor McDaniel major of the 11th Georgia regiment.

1. The charges against Fitzjohn Porter were cowardice and refusal to obey orders of superior officer on field of battle. 2. General Gordon still owns the land, but has virtually abandoned the sheep industry. 3. Yes.

Cedar Telegraph Poles.

T. G. H., Douglas Hill, Ga.—What is the cost of cedar telegraph poles? What is the extent af the supply, and wheareabouts are they obtained?

Cedar telegraph poles vary in price, quality and quantity fixing the price. The average price is from $5.50 to $6. The supply is plentiful, though long and sound poles are in demand. They are principally procured in Alabama and Tennessee swamps, few in Georgia and some in Florida.

He Can't Get The Constitution.

FORT GAINES, Ga., July 2.—Editors Constitution—Dear Sir: I have attempted daily since leaving Atlanta to buy THE CONSTITUTION on the trains of the Southwestern railroad, but in every instance have been unable to do so. What is the cause of this? We can always get a Macon paper, but so far find it utterly impossible to got one from our home. I have heard many traveling men make the same complaint. Cannot you remedy this, and confer a favor upon an

ATLANTA TRAVELING MAN.

A French Husband.

From the London Standard.

A Frenchman recently died who, it is narrated on his wedding day some twenty years ago, took the original—perhaps it may be said rather imprudent—resolution to keep a yearly account of kisses exchanged with his wife until their union became severed by death of one or the other. He was destined to be the first to go, but when on his sick bed, foreseeing that he would not recover, he begged a friend to let the world know the result of his twenty years' account-keeping. During the first year of wedded life the kisses exchanged reached the colossal figure of 36,500, or 100 a day on an average; but in the following twelve months there was a notable decrease, not more than 16,000 being inscribed on his register; while the third year shows a still greater falling off, the average number of kisses being about ten a day. And after the lapse of five years a further reduction is recorded, and the account-keeper's task is simplified, for only two kisses were exchanged during each twenty-four hours—"one on rising, one on retiring to rest."

Later on, during the last ten years of his married life, they "only kissed each other on leaving for, or returning from, a journey," and he had very little trouble in making up his annual domestic statistics.

How Commodore Garrison Fell in Love.

From the Baltimore American.

"How did the aged commodore get his young wife?" I asked of an acquaintance.

"She whistled and he came to her, my lad," was the reply, "but she didn't do it in the spirit of the girl in the ballad. It happened six years ago this summer, and in the very hotel in which we are sitting. Garrison had been for forty years a widower. He was a testy oldfellow and had notbeen suspected of caring a rap for women. The posession of somewhere from $10,000,000 to $15,000,000, much of it in complicated use for the promotion of railroad and steamship schemes, had harassed him all winter and spring, and he had come down here for rest and quiet. He took a suite of the best rooms in the row of cottages which are an annex of the main establishment, calculating that he would be a little removed from the bustle of a public house, and it was for a few days as he had fondly anticipated. Then the family of John M. Randall, of St. Louis, took possession of adjoining apartments. They numbered a half dozen persons, including a whistler. Through the thin partition the commodore heard and was annoyed by the whistling. He disliked it exceedingly. He was driven by it to exasperation. There was a boy in the Randall party, and to him the veteran attributed the noise. He would not at that time, hear the soft melody of the whistle, nor its clever fidelity to the music which it interpreted, but simply kept his ears open to it as a torture. Randall was an acquaintance of his, and one day he said to him, as they sat chatting on the veranda: "That boy of yours will be the death of me, John. Won't you plug his mouth, just to please em?"

"'Oh, it ain't the boy,' replied Randall, 'but my daughter. Here, Letitia!'

"It was a lovely girl of 20 who responded to the call, and was presented to the commodore. She whistled for him that evening to a piano accompaniment, and it was no longer irritating to him. They were married in the ensuing October. His wedding gift was a million dollars in sound securities. In no season since that has any belle at Long Branch been dressed or diverted in a more costly manner than the fair whistler."

HUMOR OF THE DAY.

Funny Things Gathered in From Many Sources.

There was a party across the river the other night. Toward the close she slipped to his side and sweetly asked:

"Going home by yourself, Charlie?"

"Guess so," he said.

"Would you like some one to see you home?"

"Depends on who it is." His answers were short and crusty. Many a one would have been disheartened, but Lucy was not of that kind. She still persevered.

"Some young lady, I mean."

"Depends on who the young lady is," said the brute.

"Some one about my size," persisted the angel.

"There are several here about your size."

"There's only one exactly my size."

"See here, Lucy," said Charles, "if you want to take me home you may."

"Oh," she replied, "I've no particular desire to take you home, but as I was going, I thought you—"

He interrupted her with an "All right," and together they left.

He was leaning on her arm, and silently they meandered over the frozen streets. They stopped at his door. He invited her in.

"No, Charlie, I won't go in, but I want to tell you something."

By the light of the street lamp on the conner Charlie's face was seen to grow pale as she continued:

"I am abundantly able to support a husband. I have a bank account of a good size. I love you, Charlie, and can give you a good home. Will you be mine, dearest?"

"Lucy," gasped the brute, "you've no idea what it takes to support a husband—"

She interrupted him.

"Darling, if it should be necessary I would work from morning until night, and even take in washing and sewing; you shall want for nothing. Only say you will be mine."

"No, Lucy; it can not be. I shall always love you as a brother, watch over your pathway through life, and should you stand in need of advice or assistance, you can rely on my willingness to assist you; but I can never marry you."

"Then you refuse me?"

"Yes."

"Base wretch!" she exclaimed, "you will live to repent your hasty decision, for to-morrow my dead body will be found in the cold waters of the river." And, clasping him in her arms in one convulsive embrace, she fled into the outer darkness.—Buffalo Times.

OUT ON SECTION NINETY-FOUR.

"Misthur Maguire, phwat's this the convintion is convaned I don no?"

"The convintion, is it?"

"Sure it is."

"What convintion?"

"Sorra the wan o' me knows. Is it Scheeago, is it?"

"Troth, thin, I b'lave it is."

"Wull, phwat uz it, thin?"

"Is it the convintion?"

"Sorra ony other."

"Wull, thin, it's the convintion."

"I concayve it uz."

"An' it is convaned."

"Phwat uz convaned, Misther Maguire?"

"The convintion."

"An' uz that all, Misther Maguire?"

"That's all, Misther Hoolihan?"

"My heavy hathred go wid 'em, thin. Ah, the blaggairds!"

"Thrue for you, Mr. Hoolihan. Lay hould on that pinch bar here till we aise this blue cyar down a bit on the siding, an' we'll slide a sliver of new timber undher the frog here gist. An' so it's the convintion, thin?"

A DEAD SHOT.

A lot of tourists were on the beach at Los Angeles the other day, watching some fancy rifle-shooting by a party of professional otter hunters who had come over from the Channel islands for a Sunday lark. These really wonderful marksmen, most of them native Californians, were killing gulls on the water, breaking bottles and hitting dollars thrown in the air, with great eclat, when a dudish-looking young man from 'Frisco yawned in bored manner, and remarked in a very audiable voice to a companion that he didn't see anything very wonderful in that sort of shooting.

This produced a series of sarcastically polite retorts on the part of the original lords of the soil. "Perhaps the gentleman could show them something better?"

"Well, I don't know," replied the young man, languidly taking one of the hunters' Winchesters. "I might if somebody would hold a cork or something on his head for me."

The riflemen showed their white teeth with amusement.

"Doubtless," said one of them, winking at his companions, "doubtless the gentleman's friend would oblige him."

"Why, to be sure," drawled the dude, looking round. But his fellow-dude had sauntered off and was standing some 300 yards further along the beach, meditatively smoking a long-nine.

"Ah! there's Cholly," said the languid party, cocking the gun. "Let me see. You observe that cigar he has in his mouth. Very well. I'll put a hole through that," and, taking a careless sight, he fired. At the report the smoker gave a sudden start, took out and examined his Havana, and then shook his fist angrily.

The entire crowd ran toward him. Sure enough, there was a hole right through the center of the cigar, almost cutting it in half.

"That's the fourth cigar you've spoiled for me," said the smoking dude in a vexed tone. "I wish you'd stop that sort of thing."

As for the other hunters, they looked at each other in mortified silence for a few minutes, then climed into their boat and set sail.

"That's the most wonderful shot I ever saw," said an old gentleman to the shooter the next morning. "Such a terrible risk, too."

"Nothing wonderful about it," said the California Tell, confidentially. "All you have to do is to have your confederate cut a hole in the cigar with a penknife beforehand. It's a boss scheme?"—[San Francisco Post.

Maud S. in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 5.—Maud S. has arrived in Cleveland, and was taken to Glenville track, where quarters were ready for her. She will begin daily work after a day or two of rest. "Billy" Barr came with her, and Grant, her groom, is still attending her. She is as beautiful as ever, and Barr says she was never in better form. She has been stabled in the orchard, near the Perkins horses.

Anniversary of the Wyoming Massacre.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 5.—The annual meeting of the Wyoming commemorative association was held at Wyoming, where was observed the 206th anniversary of the battle and the massacre. There was an informal reunion at the old monument at noon. Addresses were made by prominent speakers before a large gathering of old settlers.

The Columbus Schools.

COLUMBUS, Ga. July 5.—[Special.]—Colonel A. P. Mooty was elected superintendant of public schools of Columbus in place of G. M. Dews. Mr. Dews was made principal of the proposed High school. No changes in other teachers except the wife of W. H. Spencer, takes the place of Anna Love, resigned in the colored schools.

The Cotton Supply.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The total visible supply o cotton for the world is 2,173,288 bales, of which 1,317,788 are American, against 2,322,984, and 1,561,084 respectively last year. The receipts at all interior towns are 5,222. The receipts from plantations are 4,655. The crop in sight is 5,641,268.

The Wedding March.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 5.—Last night there was a very brilliant wedding in the town of Newberry. Miss Mott, a most beautiful and attractive young lady of that town was married to Captain James N. Lipscomb, secretary of the state. The happy pair have come to Columbia to reside. Captain Lipscomb has lately been nominated as secretary of the state. This is his third matrimonial enterprise. His hosts of friends wish him many years of happiness. The relatives and friends of Captain Lipscomb in Atlanta, congratulate him, and unite in the above wish with his Carolina friends.

A Bad Spell.

You have heard of the City of Sioux,
The loveliest you ever knioux—
And the following tale,
I am sure, cannot fail
To be read with emotion by yioux.

To this bustling young City of Sioux,
Came a scion of Albion trieux;
When the name was pronounced
In his hearing, he flounced,
And at once in a passion he flioux.

"Now tell me, O, people of Sioux,"
He shouted, "what can a man dioux?
As 'tis spelled, so we say it,
And that is the way it
Should be!" And he blustered and blioux.

And all through the City of Sioux,
That man raised a hullabullioux,
With madness enraged,
Like a tiger uncaged,
He fell upon Gentile and Jioux.

As over the City of Sioux
He rushed, still the madder he grioux,
Till he fell in a fit,
And his soul, promptly it
Left his body—sans further adioux.

Then the coroner's jury of Sioux,
Their verdict most solemnly drioux,
"By disease of the heart
Victim's life did depart."
You have heard the sad tale: I am thrioux.

—Max Welton, in Sioux City Journal.

MACON TOPICS.

THE RUBBER MATCH BETWEEN MACON AND ATLANTA.

The Good Showing of the Macon Postoffice—A Bold Robbery in Broad Daylight—A New Phase of Ford's Suicide—Personal and General Mention, Etc., Etc.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Macon is now beginning to take a decided interest in athletic sports. The success of yesterday at the park was great and not content to be satisfied at this, Macon is looking for more conquests in which to excel. Her eyes are now turning toward Atlanta for the rubber match. The subject is being discussed freely and Macon wants it bad.

Augusta has been discussed as the probable battle ground, but the long distance away and her failure to get up a successful match has caused Griffin to loom up as the scene of the tilt. Its central locality and being easy of access has made it popular as the point.

The train from Atlanta brought Mr. N. P. T. Finch president of the Atlanta Library association. He was called on at his room at the Brown house and asked the probabilities of such a match. He said Atlanta wants it and I see nothing in the way but for the two cities to select grounds, and go at each other. I am down for the purpose of conferring with the members of the Macon Library as to the possibility of such a match." At tea o'clock Mr. Finch met a number of directors in the chess rooms of the library and the matter was discussed at length. Mr. Powell, the president of the library and the other members of the party decided that if Griffin would bear the local expenses and satisfactory arrangements could be made with the railroads she could get the match. If not another selection would be made.

It is probable that the match will take place Saturday week, the 19th.

The probable entries from Macon will be Ford, McKay, Harris, Moncrieth and one to be named.

Prater, Seel, Glenn, Church and another from Atlanta will make a match that will attract the attention of the whole state and make it a grand success.

The Macon Postoffice

IN A FINE CONDITION UNDER POSTMASTER BROWN.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Macon has one of the largest and best regulated postoffices in the south, and gives more satisfaction to its patrons than many others to be found. The free delivery system established through the instrumentality of Congressman Blount has caused the business to increase greatly in disbursements and receipts. There are now six carriers, with a total of eighty-seven lineat miles, sixty-six of which are in the city, twenty-one in the suburbs. There are three deliveries, six daily in the business portion and one in the resident portion of the city.

Postmaster Brown when asked of the condition of the postoffice to-day said:

"Oh, fine. Come in and let us make a comparison. Here is a report I have just made out for the third assistant postmaster, giving a statement of receipts for the quarter ending June 1st, with one of the same quarter in last year. April, 1884, $296-234; May, $223,234; June, 223,182; showing a decrease of $150.55, or two per cent.

There is no better place to judge the drift of money matters than the postoffice. It is a never failing barometer. There has been a noticeable falling off in mail and receipts recently owing to the stringency in the money market."

"What amount of mail matter do you handle?"

Recent statistics from the department show that the amount of second class matter mailed at this office exceeds that of any other office in the state. The amount of registered letters delivered June, 1883, was 724. The number of letters delivered June, 1884, 42,648; June, 1884, 54,266. Postal cards June, 1883, 18,594; June, 1884, 28,238. Newspapers delivered June, 1883, 16,579; June 1884, 19,293, which makes a good show. We have now five clerks, and I am going to apply for another carrier. Our mail is growing too large for the force now on."

A Bold Robbery.

THE RESIDENCE OF MR. A. B. SMALL ROBBED IN DAYLIGHT.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Yesterday about 11:30 the residence of Mr. A. B. Small, on Johnson street, was robbed of a number of articles.

The family had gone to the park, leaving the cook, a negro woman, on the place. She left later. When the family returned in the afternoon they found the house had been pillaged, the drawers left open and ransacked. The thief had taken leave by the back door, locking it and leaving the key in it.

The entrance was effected through a side window where a pane of glass was broken out, and the sash raised. The loss was slight; nothing of a valuable nature was missing.

The Macon Drummer.

A WALKING MATCH OF THREE HOURS FOR NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—The Macon drummers have caught the infection and are going to have a big whoop in the warehouse formerly occupied by Messrs. Hardeman & Gibson, Fourth street. An electric light will be put in, and Saturday night next, from 7 to 10, it will be the scene of lots of fun. The entries are: Pierre Marks, Joe Grier, Thomas Moore, Jim McGregor, Levi Sheppard, Berrian Walker.

A NEW STORY OF FORD'S SUICIDE.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—The northern press handled in true sensational style the suicide of young Ford last week, given in detail in THE CONSTITUTION, stated that he had been murdered by horse thieves.

Coroner Wm. Hodnett received to-day a letter from his father R. P. Ford, Newark, Ohio, asking him to describe the scene and see if the murderers could not be brought to justice. He was forwarded a copy of THE CONSTITUTION of the date.

A Singular Fire.

THE BED-CLOTHES BURNED OVER A SLEEPING MAN.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Last night a serious affair occurred that came near causing the loss of life. Colonel B. F. Josey, a boarder at Mrs. Brown' on Poplar street, retired and left his lamp burning. During the night it exploded and set fire to the mosquito bar and the bed clothes. He was awakened by the fire to find himself enveloped in flames. He succeeded in putting it out without making an alarm. The furniture of the room was destroyed, and he barely escaped with his life.

Personal Mention.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Colonel H. J. Lamar and family will leave Monday for Tate Epsom springs, via the Central railroad, for the summer.

Dr. E. W. Warren, pastor of the First Baptist church, will leave Monday for Gainesville, Georgia, to spend a few days. WYNTON.

ESSENCE OF DIXIE.

Alabama has the promise of an unusual corn crop

Fourteen barbecues are advertised in Lexington county, South Carolina, for July and August, and the candidates are expected to patronize all of them.

A citizen of Fairfield county, South Carolina, values his hunting dogs at $21 each and pays taxes on them accordingly.

Texas is out of debt and has a surplus of $1,075,000 cash on hand.

Shelby county, Alabama, has about $5,000 surplus cash in the treasury.

The broom handle factory, with a capacity of turning out 5,000 handles per day, at Gadsden, Alabama, will go into operation in a few days.

Alabama will not only make an immense corn but also a very fine cotton crop.

For two or three miles west of Palatka, Fla., lands are selling at $50 and $100 per acre.

Corn, rice, cotton and sugar are doing finely in many parts of Louisiana.

Wheat in parts of Texas is turning out forty-five bushels to the acre.

At Goliad, Texas, a $4,000 monument is about to be erected in memory of Fannin and his men.

The wheat crop of Mississippi is estimated at 500,000 bushels for this season.

Columbus, Mississippi, is to have a street railway.

The cotton crop of Holmes county, Mississippi, amounts to about $1'250,000 annually.

Over 800,000 sheep in the county in which Abilene, Texas, is located, and 2,500,000 pounds o wool weremarketed there last year.

Turning Over.

"Bill," sternly spoke the irate parent, "have you gone no farther than that page, in your studies?"

"No, sir," stammered the youth, "but my lesson advances to-morrow."

"In what manner?"

"My teacher told me to commence in the morning by turning over a new leaf."

HUMOR OF THE DAY.

...ings Gathered in From Many Sources.

...s a party across the river the other ...and the close she slipped to his side ...asked:
...ome by youself, Charlie?"
...," he said.
...on like some one to see you home?"
... on who it is." His answers were ...rusty. Many a one would have been ...d, but Lucy was not of that kind. She ...ered.
...ung lady, I mean."
...on who the young lady is," said the ...
...ne about my size," persisted the ...
...e several here about your size."
...only one exactly my size."
..., Lucy," said Charles, "if you want to ...me you may."
...e replied, "I've no particular desire to ...me, but as I was going, I thought you ...
...upted her with an "All right," and to-...left.
...aning on her arm, and silently they ...over the frozen streets. They stopped ... He invited her in.
...rlie, I won't go in, but I want to tell ...ing."
...ght of the street lamp on the conner ...ace was seen to grow pale as she con-...
...undantly able to support a husband. I ...account of a good size. I love you, ...l can give you a good home. Will you ...arest?"
...asped the brute, "you've no idea what ...upport a husband—"
...upted him.
...if it should be necessary I would work ...ng until night, and even take in wash-...ing; you shall want for nothing. Only ...be mine."
...; it can not be. I shall always love ...ther, watch over your pathway through ...ould you stand in need of advice or as-...u can rely on my willingness to assist ...an never marry you."
...u refuse me?"
...tch!" she exclaimed, "you will live to ...hasty decision, for to-morrow my dead ...found in the cold waters of the river." ...g him in her arms in one convulsive ...e fled into the outer darkness.—Buffalo ...

...T ON SECTION NINETY-FOUR.

...Maguire, phwat's this the convintion ...I don no?"
...vintion, is it?"
...vintion?"
...wan o' me knows. Is it Scheecago, is ...
...in, I b'lave it is."
...wat uz it, thin?"
...onvintion?"
...other."
...n, it's the convintion."
...e it uz."
...convaned."
...convaned, Misther Maguire?"
...intion."
...at all, Misther Maguire?"
..., Misther Hoolihan?"
...bathred go wid 'em, thin. Ah, the ...
...you, Mr. Hoolihan. Lay hould on ...bar here till we aise this blue cyar ...the siding, an' we'll slide a sliver of ...nother the frog here gist. An' so it's ...m, thin?"

A DEAD SHOT.

...rists were on the beach at Los An-...er day, watching some fancy rifle-...party of professional otter hunters ...e over from the Channel islands for ...rk. These really wonderful marks-...of them native Californians, were ...on the water, breaking bottles and ...s thrown in the air, with great eclat, ...sh-looking young man from 'Frisco ...bred manner, and remarked in a very ...e to a companion that he didn't see ...y wonderful in that sort of shoot-...
...ered a series of sarcastically polite re-...part of the original lords of the soil. ...gentleman could show them some-...
...n't know," replied the young man, ...king one of the hunters' Winchesters, ...somebody would hold a cork or some-...his head for me."
...riflemen showed their white teeth with ...musement.
"Doubtless," said one of them, winking at his ...anions, "doubtless the gentleman's friend ...ge him."
...be sure," drawled the dude, looking ...his fellow-dude had sauntered off and ...g some 300 yards further along the ...atively smoking a long-nine.
...'s Cholly," said the languid party. ...um. "Let me see. You observe that ...in his mouth. Very well. I'll put a ...that," and, taking a careless sight, he ...report the smoker gave a sudden ...ut and examined his Havana, and ...is fist angrily.
...rowd ran toward him. Sure enough, ...le right through the center of the ...cutting it in half.
...fourth cigar you've spoiled for me," ...king dude in a vexed tone. "I wish ...at sort of thing."
...other hunters, they looked at each ...ified silence for a few minutes, then ...heir boat and set sail.
...most wonderful shot I ever saw," ...ntleman to the shooter the next ...uch a terrible risk, too."
...onderful about it," said the Califor-...denfially. "All you have to do is to ...nfederate cut a hole in the cigar with ...eforehand. It's a boss scheme?"—...o Post.

...Maud S. in Cleveland.

...July 5.—Maud S. has arrived in ...nd was taken to Glenville track, ...s were ready for her. She will begin ...er a day or two of rest. "Billy" ...h her, and Grant, her groom, is still ...She is as beautiful as ever, and ...was never in better form. She has ...n the orchard, near the Perkins ...

...y of the Wyoming Massacre.

..., Pa., July 5.—The annual meeting ...g commemorative association was ...ng, where was observed the 206th ...the battle and the massacre. There ...al reunion at the old monument at ...ses were made by prominent speak-...e gathering of old settlers.

...e Columbus Schools.

...a, July 5.—[Special.]—Colonel A. ...elected superintendant of public ...mbus in place of G. M. Dews. Mr. ...e principal of the proposed High ...anges in other teachers except the ...Spencer, takes the place of Anna ...in the colored schools.

The Cotton Supply.

...July 5.—The total visible supply o... world is 2,173,288 bales, of which ...nerican, against 2,322,984, and 1,561,-...y last year. The receipts at all in-...e 5,222. The receipts from planta-... The crop in sight is 5,641,268.

...he Wedding March.

...C., July 5.—Last night there was a ...wedding in the town of Newberry, ...ost beautiful and attractive young ...wn was married to Captain James ...ecretary of the state. The happy ...to Columbia to reside. Captain ...ately been nominated as secretary ...his is his third matrimonial enter-...ts of friends wish him many years ...The relatives and friends of Captain ...tlanta, congratulate him, and unite ...sh with his Carolina friends.

A Bad Spell.

...eard of the City of Sioux,
...st you ever knioux—
...ollowing tale,
..., cannot fail
...with emotion by yioux.

...tling young City of Sioux,
...n of Albion trieux;
...e name was pronounced
...ring, he flounced,
...e in a passion he flioux.

...ne, O, people of Sioux,"
..., "what can a man dioux?
...elled, so we say it,
...is the way it
..." And he blustered and blioux.

...ough the City of Sioux,
...aised a hullabullioux,
...ness curaged,
...er uncaged,
...n Gentile and Jioux.

...City of Sioux
...still the madder he grioux,
...l in a fit,
...oul, promptly it
...y—sans further adioux.

...roner's jury of Sioux.
...t most solemnly drioux,
...e of the heart
...ife did depart."
...eard the sad tale: I am thrioux.
...x Welton, in Sioux City Journal.

MACON TOPICS.

THE RUBBER MATCH BETWEEN MACON AND ATLANTA.

The Good Showing of the Macon Postoffice—A Bold Robbery in Broad Daylight—A New Phase of Ford's Suicide—Personal and General Mention, Etc., Etc.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Macon is now beginning to take a decided interest in athletic sports. The success of yesterday at the park was great and not content to be satisfied at this, Macon is looking for more conquests in which to excel. Her eyes are now turning toward Atlanta for the rubber match. The subject is being discussed freely and Macon wants it bad.

Augusta has been discussed as the probable battle ground, but the long distance away and her failure to get up a successful match has caused Griffin to loom up as the scene of the tilt. Its central locality and being easy of access has made it popular as the point.

The train from Atlanta brought Mr. N. P. T. Finch president of the Atlanta Library association. He was called on at his room at the Brown house and asked the probabilities of such a match. He said Atlanta wants it and I see nothing in the way but for the two cities to select grounds, and go at each other. I am down for the purpose of conferring with the members of the Macon Library as to the possibility of such a match." At ten o'clock Mr. Finch met a number of directors in the chess rooms of the library and the matter was discussed at length. Mr. Powell, the president of the library and the other members of the party decided that if Griffin would bear the local expenses and satisfactory arrangements could be made with the railroads she could get the match. If not another selection would be made.

It is probable that the match will take place Saturday week, the 19th.

The probable entries from Macon will be Ford, McKay, Harris, Moncrieth and one to be named.

Prater, Seel, Glenn, Church and another from Atlanta will make a match that will attract the attention of the whole state and make it a grand success.

The Macon Postoffice

IN A FINE CONDITION UNDER POSTMASTER BROWN.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Macon has one of the largest and best regulated postoffices in the south, and gives more satisfaction to its patrons than many others to be found. The free delivery system established through the instrumentality of Congressman Blount has caused the business to increase greatly in disbursements and receipts. There are now six carriers, with a total of eighty-seven lineal miles, sixty-six of which are in the city, twenty-one in the suburbs. There are three deliveries, six daily in the business portion and one in the resident portion of the city.

Postmaster Brown when asked of the condition of the postoffice to-day said:

"Oh, fine. Come in and let us make a comparison. Here is a report I have just made out for the third assistant postmaster, giving a statement of receipts for the quarter ending June 1st, with one of the same quarter in last year. April, 1884, $206-234; May, $223,234; June, 223,182; showing a decrease of $150.55, or two per cent.

There is no better place to judge the drift of money matters than the postoffice. It is a never failing barometer. There has been a noticeable falling off in mail and receipts recently owing to the stringency in the money market."

"What amount of mail matter do you handle?"

Recent statistics from the department show that the amount of second class matter mailed at this office exceeds that of any other office in the state. The amount of registered letters delivered June, 1883, was 724. The number of letters delivered June, 1884, 42,648; June, 1884, 54,266. Postal cards June, 1883, 18,594; June, 1884, 28,238. Newspapers delivered June, 1883, 16,579; June, 1884, 19,293, which makes a good show. We have now five clerks, and I am going to apply for another carrier. Our mail is growing too large for the force now on."

A Bold Robbery.

THE RESIDENCE OF MR. A. B. SMALL ROBBED IN DAYLIGHT.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Yesterday about 11:30 the residence of Mr. A. B. Small, on Johnson street, was robbed of a number of articles.

The family had gone to the park, leaving the cook, a negro woman, on the place. She left later. When the family returned in the afternoon they found the house had been pillaged, the drawers left open and ransacked. The thief had taken leave by the back door, locking it and leaving the key in it.

The entrance was effected through a side window where a pane of glass was broken out, and the sash raised. The loss was slight; nothing of a valuable nature was missing.

The Macon Drummer.

A WALKING MATCH OF THREE HOURS FOR NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—The Macon drummers have caught the infection and are going to have a big whoop in the warehouse formerly occupied by Messrs. Hardeman & Gibson, Fourth street. An electric light will be put in, and Saturday night next, from 7 to 10, it will be the scene of lots of fun. The entries are: Pierre Marks, Joe Grier, Thomas Moore, Jim McGregor, Levi Sheppard, Berrian Walker.

A NEW STORY OF FORD'S SUICIDE.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—The northern press handled in true sensational style the suicide of young Ford last week, given in detail in THE CONSTITUTION, stated that he had been murdered by horse thieves.

Coroner Wm. Hodnett received to-day a letter from his father R. P. Ford, Newark, Ohio, asking him to describe the scene and see if the murderers could not be brought to justice. He was forwarded a copy of THE CONSTITUTION of the date.

A Singular Fire.

THE BED-CLOTHES BURNED OVER A SLEEPING MAN.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Last night a serious affair occurred that came near causing the loss of life. Colonel B. F. Josey, a boarder at Mrs. Brown' on Poplar street, retired and left his lamp burning. During the night it exploded and set fire to the mosquito bar and the bed clothes. He was awakened by the fire to find himself enveloped in flames. He succeeded in putting it out without making an alarm. The furniture of the room was destroyed, and he barely escaped with his life.

Personal Mention.

MACON, July 5.—[Special.]—Colonel H. J. Lamar and family will leave Monday for Tate Epsom springs, via the Central railroad, for the summer.

Dr. E. W. Warren, pastor of the First Baptist church, will leave Monday for Gainesville, Georgia, to spend a few days. WYNTON.

ESSENCE OF DIXIE.

Alabama has the promise of an unusual corn crop

Fourteen barbecues are advertised in Lexington county, South Carolina, for July and August, and the candidates are expected to patronize all of them.

A citizen of Fairfield county, South Carolina, values his hunting dogs at $21 each and pays taxes on them accordingly.

Texas is out of debt and has a surplus of $1,075,-000 cash on hand.

Shelby county, Alabama, has about $5,000 surplus cash in the treasury.

The broom handle factory, with a capacity of turning out 5,000 handles per day, at Gadsden, Alabama, will go into operation in a few days.

Alabama will not only make an immense corn but also a very fine cotton crop.

For two or three miles west of Palatka, Fla., lands are selling at $50 and $100 per acre.

Corn, rice, cotton and sugar are doing finely in many parts of Louisiana.

Wheat in parts of Texas is turning out forty-five bushels to the acre.

At Goliad, Texas, a $4,000 monument is about to be erected in memory of Fannin and his men.

The wheat crop of Mississippi is estimated at 500,000 bushels for this season.

Columbus, Mississippi, is to have a street railway.

The cotton crop of Holmes county, Mississippi, amounts to about $1 250,000 annually.

Over 800,000 sheep in the county in which Abilene, Texas, is located, and 2,500,000 pounds o wool were marketed there last year.

Turning Over.

"Bill," sternly spoke the irate parent, "have you gone no farther than that page, in your studies?"

"No, sir," stammered the youth, "but my lesson advances to-morrow."

"In what manner?"

"My teacher told me to commence in the morning by turning over a new leaf."

THE JAMES COMPROMISE.

The Situation Not So Bad as it Was at First Thought to Be.

Yesterday was a lively day with the James compromise matter. It was thought yesterday morning that the suit instituted by Mr. Neal, of Louisiana, to break the assignment would result in demolishing the compromise scheme. It had the opposite affect, and before night nearly thirty-seven thousand dollars of creditors had gone to the bank and added their names to the long roll. A member of the committee remarked:

"If we could get another bill filed Monday, we could close up the compromise on Tuesday. That states the effect of this one. I imagine that this claim of $5,500 cannot prevent the consummation of the compromise. It is a mere pebble on the track, as Judge Bleckley would say, and cannot throw the train off the track. The tail can't wag the dog. The rule nisi calls for an answer on the 16th. It may be that the court will order money enough held up to protect Mr. Neal's claim, but in the meantime the creditors can go on with the compromise."

"I understand," remarked the reporter, "that there is some difficulty about the legality of Mrs. James's guarantee of the interest."

"There is no difficulty about it. Mrs. James does not secure her husband's debt. She guarantees that certain stock of a company to be incorporated shall produce 4 per cent net per annum for so many years. The consideration of that undertaking on her part is not a benefit to her husband, but is a benefit to her individed property. The benefit that she receives is that she relieves a large block of her property of the charge that it is responsible in equity to the creditors to a large amount. That charge is based upon two views: First, that Mr. James improved her property greatly shortly before the failure, and therefore to that amount her property is subject to the claims of his creditors; and secondly, that Mr. James controlled the property personally and appeared to be its owner and a great number of people dealt with him believing that it was his propert and trusted eim upon the faith that it was his property and credited credited him under a similar idea. It is held that she allowed Mr. James to so act as to induce people to credit him and therefore the property is to a large extent liable in equity to these creditors. The titles of a large part of the property were not recorded. This proposition without a compromise would end in a suit between the creditors and Mrs. James and she simply settles that lawsuit in advance by simply guaranteeing the interest on the stock of the company. It benefits her title you see. All this is to be perfected by a consent decree to be had on pleadings framed for the purpose of adjudicating the matter and making the settlement final.

Mr. Anthony Murphy of the committee has this card for publication:

TO THE PUBLIC.

Owing to the filing of a bill in equity on the part of a creditor of J. H. James, a great deal of rumor has been busily circulated to the effect that this step destroys all hope of adjustment, without substantial litigation.

The committee of conference appointed by the creditors feel it due to them and the public to state that the bill referred to is based on a claim of only $5,500 out of $500,000 of debt.

The immediate effect of the bill was to cause creditors to the amount of $36,976.07 to sign the agreement of adjustment this day.

Of 1,300 creditors over 1,200 have agreed to the adjustment.

With such a vast majority (of both numbers and amount) of the creditors convinced that their best interests are to be subserved by the success of the efforts of the committee, with such an amount this very day signifying acceptance of that conclusion, in light of the public interest of creditors at stake, we are resolved not to give over our efforts, but to continue them persistently until entirely successful. The amount yet to be signed is small, and the committee has assurances from nearly all that they will sign as soon as the charter is granted, which will be in a few days. This done, the amount of one hundred thousand dollars, necessary to carry out the agreement, can be distributed within the next thirty days; in fact a large part of that amount could be paid now if the adjustment was consummated.

We again beg those, who prefer adjustment, as proposed, to the uncertainties, worries and expenses of long litigation, to come forward at once and signify it. Let the true proposition be exactly known, and let each man reflect that the interests of hundreds of people, beside his own, that the interests of the business of ouo city are, to some extent, at stake, and act accordingly.

ANTHONY MURPHY,
Chairman pro. tem.

Salt Spray—Morehead City.

"The Atlantic," under Mr. Raney's superior management, combines the best attributes of a summer resort and first-class metropolitan hotel.

Mrs. Dr. Skinner, the handsome and cultivated wife of Dr. Skinner, the celebrated Baptist divine, is here with her charming family.

The beautiful Misses McCrary, of Columbia, are here, two stately, graceful brunettes.

Mrs. Dabney, the fascinating and intellectual Kentucky wife of Professor Dabney, state chemist of North Carolina, is equally charming in the surf and in the ballroom.

Miss Mary Miller, of Raleigh, is much admired for her perfect dancing, lovely manners and sparkling conversation.

Mrs. Carlton Hillyer, of Augusta, is a universal favorite and pleases alike the polished society man and the rough boatman, all paying court to her unfailing sweetness of character and affability.

Mrs. Moring, of Raleigh, reminds one of the classic beauty of Mary Anderson.

General Ransom, of Newberne and Dr. "Dick" Heywood, of Raleigh, still constitute themselves the special "squires" of Georgia "dames" and show them many delightful attentions.

The menu comprises all varieties of fish, elegantly prepared, soft shell crabs, scallops, prawns, fruits, fresh vegetables and is frequently enriched by fine scuppernong and other fine native wines.

"Among the attractive "rosebuds" are Miss Mildred Badger, of Raleigh; Miss Pauline Faison, Miss Annie Faison, Miss Eliza Skinner.

Still bathing is enjoyed every hour of the day by all ages, from the curly-headed babies to their grandmothers.

A concert of choice opera airs and classical music is given every afternoon by Wurm's orchestra.

Come and fill your veins with the elixir of the sea and bathe in the rainbow surf.

Getting Better.

The negro woman who was knocked in the head night before last on Humphreys street was much better yesterday afternoon. Her head is badly crushed but the physicians say she will probably recover. The police are now looking for a negro who, it appears, had a hand in the row with Turner.

Cut in the Side.

Yesterday morning Ed Harper, a negro man, was stabbed in the left side by a negro woman. Harper went to the woman's house near the old barracks, and after quarreling awhile, struck her with a chair. The woman quickly thrust a knife under his left arm making an ugly and bloody, but not dangerous wound.

Going Back for Trial.

Yesterday Alf Doyle was taken down to Griffin, where he will remain until he can have another trial. Doyle was taken from the jail an hour before the train left Atlanta, and was permitted to walk to the depot. On the streets he met several old acquaintances, with whom he shook hands. He was not handcuffed, and seemed happy and in a good humor.

Columbia at New Orleans,

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 5.—The Columbia board of trade will take steps at the next meeting to secure display of Columbia's industries at the New Orleans cotton exposition.

The Choctaw Troubles.

FORT SMITH, Ark., July 5.—The Choctaw troubles, which originated in the refusal of certain property owners to pay the permit tax, have assumed a serious attitude. Milo Hoyt, a prominent Choctaw leader, has been outlawed and driven into the Cherokee nation, where he has a gang of about thirty men, mostly desperate characters, who have rallied to his support. Fifty Choctaw militia men have been called out, and the Cherokee authorities have been asked to co-operate with the militia to effect the arrest of Hoyt's gang. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Hoyt for burning the Choctaw courthouse. A fight is daily expected.

An American Bull Fight.

KANSAS CITY, July 5.—A dispatch to the Times from Dodge City, Kan., says the first Mexican bull fight on American soil took place yesterday. A large number of visitors by the trains east and west and 500 cowboys were present.

Sir James Paget, president British medical association, says that 70,000 deaths are annually caused by nervous diseases in England, and that there is no more powerful and effectual nervous tonic than Liebig Co's Coca Beef Tonic, is evidenced by the emphatic testimony of the most eminent physicians. For malaria, debility, sick headache, dyspepsia, monthly suffering and billiousness it is incomparable.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Continued from first page.

tion bill. An agreement was reached on all points of difference, except that increasing the appropriation for the senate contingent fund, and that presented by the senate amendment striking out the restriction on the use of that fund. The agreement is reached by the practical yielding of all points by the house conferees. The senate, however, recedes from its amendments prohibiting the printing of undelivered speeches in the Record. Legislation reducing the number of internal revenue and customs collection districts is stricken from the bill. The bill, as far as agreed to, appropriates $2,142,632

Mr Homan, though presenting the report, does not sign it, as he differs from his colleagues on some points.

CLEVELAND AT THE CAPITOL.

The Drift of Opinion in Washington for New York's Governor.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—[Special.—]—The drift of opinion in Washington to-night is strongly toward Cleveland's nomination. His friends in congress from New York have received, to-day, telegrams from Manning and other Cleveland leaders at Chicago, stating that there is no doubt, that he will be presented as New York's candidate. They claim to have received assurances of sufficient support from other states to nominate Cleveland on the first ballot. The difference in the tone of his friends in Washington is very marked. A week ago they were anxious and confessed that the outlook was very complicated. To-night they are extremely confident and back their assertions with good evidence. Letters have been received from New York to the effect that Tammany is by no means solidly opposed to Cleveland, and it is thought that a huge game of bluff is being played by Kelly and Grady. Randall has undoubtedly gained recently, and he is classed in corridor gossip at the capitol to-night on even terms with Bayard. Cleveland has the clear lead of the field, with his supporters enthusiastic and aggressive. A large number of democratic congressmen from all sections will leave for Chicago to-night, and others go to-morrow. The decided majority of them favor Cleveland, and will work for his nomination. Carlisle has a special parlor car engaged for himself and a few friends, and hoped to start for Chicago to-morrow, but the condition of the business of congress at this hour renders his detention until Monday probable. Randall will also reach there at the eleventh hour. The talk is to-night for Hubbard, of Texas, as the temporary, and Thurman as the permanent chairman.

LAST NIGHT'S STORM.

A Gale That Made Things Whizz for About Fifteen Minutes or So.

Last night about eleven o'clock a wind from the north, blowing at the rate of forty-eight miles an hour, and blowing an immense lot of angry clouds struck the city. The gale blew at that rate for fifteen minutes and the temperature fell twelve degrees. The storm did not blow at the rate of a cyclone, but awnings, signs and fences were thrown about generally, and one man was considerably hurt by a bar of iron. The awning in front of Andrews's clothing house and Thornton's book store on Whitehall was blown down. The frame is heavy iron, and just as it fell an unknown white man passed by. A piece of the iron struck the man on the forehead and tore the skin away clear across the head, and as high as the middle of the head. The wound was an exceedingly ugly one, but is not considered dangerous. The skull was exposed.

The show case that stands in front of Delbridge's shoe shop on Whitehall, at the corner of Alabama, was blown down and broken to pieces. The glass was scattered around promiscuously.

A fence around Mr. Williams's residence on Loyd street was torn down.

A carriage was blown across the sidewalk on Butler street, where Captain Crim found it about one o'clock this morning. He was unable to ascertain where the carriage was blown from.

The patrolmen who were in the fourth ward, reported several fences blown away, and some trees uprooted.

The sand and dust were all blown off the streets, leaving them clean and bare.

Pen Pictured Reverie.

From the Covington, Ga., Clarion.

He sits in the summer twilight musing. The paper over which he has been pouring falls from his hands; his eyes look into vacancy; his thoughts fly out over the stubblefields of oats wild and tame which he has sown and gathered; back years on years to the lane he whistling trod a bare-foot boy. The bugs—those winged candles of the night—fly athwart his vision; an occasional bird mutters disturbance from his perch in the mulberry bough; the stars one by one come out till the heavens seemed stitched with luminous gold; but the tired brain worker sees nor heeds them not; He is resting now; communing with spirits in his own ideal kingdom—spirits embodied, spirits gone—some removed by weary miles of distance and others from across the silent river he has summoned to this soul feast webbed in dream.

No whirlpools of passion—no sports of thorny vexation—no wastes of envy nor stains of jealous distrust comes in his restful reverie—only love lights dance along the retrospect—love lights up the dreamer's kingdom and reflects its radiance on his face.

We've seen such pictures, you and I, tired ones wooed from the world, the cast of quiet in their countenance—with peace serenely slumbering there, and we've queried thus, Is that of heaven? and should they die in this waking dream would angels help them up the mystic stairs—up to the life forever? and out from the awed silence as if from the tongue of imaged thought, came back the answer: Yes. MAX.

A WESTERN CYCLONE.

The Disaster Following in the Wake of an Iowa Cyclone—Property Destroyed.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, July 5.—A storm, which partook of the nature of a cyclone, swept through the southern portion of this city at 6 o'clock last evening. A funnel shaped cloud, moving with great rapidity and giving out a roaring sound was one of the distinguishing phenomena. The Catholic bell tower was blown down and the walls of the church were so badly shaken as to be unsafe. The new Episcopal mission school was wrecked. The plow factory, a large brick building, was razed to the ground. The loss to the company is $15,000. Bogg's & Co.'s packing house was damaged $2,000. An immense oil tank at the oil works was blown to the ground, while a huge pile of empty barrels directly in front of the oil tank was undisturbed. The plate glass front of several stores were destroyed. Large numbers of trees were levelled with the ground. No casualties have as yet been reported. The business portion of the town was sheltered by the bluffs and was saved.

Precautions Against Cholera.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The secretary of the treasury has issued a circular to the customs officers in regard to the prevention of cholera, of which the following is a copy:

"It has been brought to the attention of the department that persons from the infected districts of France are leaving in considerable numbers by other than French lines. you will, therefore, require evidence that were of the baggage of the immigrants, or returning travelers has been shipped from infected districts since June 20, 1884. The certificate of the local quarantine officer to the effect that no danger to the public health need be apprehended from allowing the landing of any passengers' baggage, may be accepted as entitling such traveller or immigrant to land his effects.

Will Be Here Monday.

Mr. Edbrooke, the architect of the new state capitol, will arrive here to-morrow to look after matters connected with the commencement of the work.

Whose Ring Is It?

Yesterday officer Stroud found a small negro boy who had in his possession a child's gold finger ring that he said he "found on Peachtree street." The ring is at police headquarters awaiting a claimant.

The Irish Land League.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 5.—[Special.]—The Savannah branch of the Irish national land league last night elected J. B. Killoughby, the well known sergeant of police, as delegate to the convention in Boston on the 13th and 14th of August.

To be Installed.

Rev. Mr. Horthorne, the new pastor of the First Baptist church, will be here on Sunday next and will be duly installed in his new position. He will preach next Sunday morning and the installation ceremonies will occur that night. All the Baptist pastors of the city will be present and will participate in the exercises. At both services there will be a choir composed of the best talent in the city among other voices Mrs. Haynes, formerly Mrs. Clara Johnson.

PAYING HER INTEREST.

State Treasurer Speer Returns From New York and Talks about Finances.

Yesterday State Treasurer Speer returned from New York, where he has been for several days looking after the payment of the July interest. Mr. Speer was asked for the result of his trip and said:

"The interest has nearly all been paid and is now being paid as fast as the coupons come in. The money is on hand and everything is moving along smoothly."

"The state borrowed a part of the money I believe?."

"Yes; at the last session of the legislature some very heavy appropriations were made beyond the usual demands on the state. The session of the legislature cost sixty thousand dollars more than was expected, the maimed soldier bill cost sixty or seventy thousand dollars, making an item that everybody seemed to have overlooked in calculating the expenditures. There has been a heavy drain on account of the asylum. These and other drafts on the treasury, coupled with the fact that the taxes were reduced, made us run short. We have been expecting for sometime that the state would have to borrow money to tide over the July interest. When the fact became known a conference was held between General Toombs, Mr. Ferdinand Phinizy, Mr. C. H. Phinizy, President Raoul, of the Central. Mr. W. C. Morrell, of the Western and Atlantic, Attorney-General Anderson, Governor McDaniel and myself. The result was the money was speedily tendered at the legal rate of interest. We needed $150,000 and took it, but we were offered twice that amount. The interest account was a little over $250,000."

"Is the state out of money?"

"By no means. But it was evident that we would need money before the year was out, and it was considered best to take the loan for the July interest."

"Will the state have to borrow any more money?"

"No. We have enough to carry us through, and in the fall will pay back the hundred and fifty thousand that we have just borrowed."

Mr. Speer states that money matters are getting better in New York. He was offered plenty of money there, but the state borrowed from her own citizens namely, the Central, the Georgia and the Western and Atlantic and the Southern Bank of the State of Georgia at Savannah.

Found to be Sane.

READING, Pa., July 5.—The Berks county poor directors to-day investigated the case of two brothers, Henry and Frank Herb, who have been confined in cells in the insane asylum here for six years and treated as dangerous lunatics. The directors declared that they were perfectly sane, released them from their cells, and allowed them the liberty of the grounds.

The Roughs and the Police.

TROY, N. Y., July 5.—At a picnic yesterday of the Shirt Cutter's association, the roughs and the police engaged in a pitched battle. Both sides used revolvers. The police, with their clubs, finally triumphed. Many roughs were badly beaten. One man was shot.

The Tennessee Bar.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 5.—The Tennessee bar association at its third annual meeting in this city, elected Xenophon Wheeler, of this place, president; and Professor Baldwin, of Yale, read an able paper. A committee was appointed on calling a constitutional convention to reduce the number of judges and chancellors. The proceedings closed with a splendid banquet tendered by the local bar.

Colored Discontent in Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, July 5.—[Special.]—Leading colored republicans published a statement this evening. They refuse to support the nominations of the late republican convention for sheriff, and will support a democrat if an independent candidate to their liking is not in the race.

Accidents in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 5.—[Special.]—Peter Holden, while at work on a schooner at the railroad wharf, had his right arm broken and badly injured by a heavy timber falling on him. Holden is an old yellow fever nurse, well known to every Savannah physician.

Richard Raetz was standing near a tree at Thunderbolt Thursday night, which was struck by lightning, and was knocked insensible, remaining unconscious over two hours. Dr. Stone was summoned, and found photographed on his left breast the leaves and a small twig of the tree. To-day Raetz is reported out of danger.

Baseball Yesterday.

Buffalo—Buffalos 9, Providence, 1.
Detroit—Detroits 10, Philadelphias 0.
Cleveland—Bostons 6, Clevelands 0.
Cincinnati—Cincinnatis 17, Athletics 2.
Richmond—Virginias 10, Ironsides 9.
St. Louis—Metropolitans 11, St. Louis 8.
Baltimore—Baltimores Union 13, Cincinnatis 3.
Washington—Nationals Union 1, St. Louis 7.
Philadelphia—Keystone Union 3, Chicago 0.
Chicago—Chicagos 7, New York 6.
Toledo—Toledos 3, Washington 2.
Columbus—Columbus 4, Baltimore 2.
Indianapols—Indianapolis 12, Alleghenys 3.

Another Monument at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July 5.—The Fourteenth Connecticut regiment visited Round Top avenue on the 3rd, the scene of Longstreet's assault twenty years ago to-day, and unveiled a monument ten feet high, built of Adams county granite. Two bronze tablets and the base bear the regimental records. After the unveiling ceremonies the assemblage withdrew to a neighboring grove, where an address was delivered by Chaplain Henry S. Stevens.

THE WILKINS FEE.

The Jury Award Him Five Thousand Dollars for His Services.

It will be remembered that some time ago the Georgia iron works got into trouble and a receiver was appointed by the superior court to take charge of the business of the concern. Mr. Grant Wilkins was appointed receiver and took charge of the business and operations of the works. He was in charge of the concern for about seven months. In the final settlement of the affairs of the concern Mr. Wilkins claimed about $13,000 for his services as receiver. This was objected to by the representatives of the bondholders of the company. The matter was then referred to the master in chancery, and he reported in favor of allowing Mr. Wilkins $3,500. From this award exceptions were taken, and the matter came before Judge Hammond and a jury yesterday. The matter was argued very elaborately, and the jury granted Mr. Wilkins $5,000.

The Forty-second Georgia.

Colonel L. P. Thomas, chairman of the resident committee for the reunion of the Forty-second Georgia regiment, on the 22d, is getting letters from the non-resident committee, showing that the surviving members of the gallant old command will be here almost to a man. The committee will arrange a very interesting programme next Monday evening at the office of Hon. W. L. Calhoun, ordinary. They meet at 4 o'clock p. m., and a full turnout is desired. Ponce de Leon springs will be a lovely place for the reunion, and the pavilion will afford ample room for the speaking. The members from a distance should take trains from different points so as to arrive in Atlanta by 8 o'clock a. m., on the 22d, as it is probable the speaking will commence by 10 o'clock a. m. The members will all go out in a body on the Gate City street car line, which will give them a view of the ground they occupied before making that memorable charge on the 22d.

Colonel Hammond at Home.

Colonel Hammond reached the city yesterday from Washington. He was looking well and was warmly received by his many friends. He was asked if he would begin his campaign.

"I will, in my way," was his smiling reply.

The colonel did not know where he would make his first speech.

Major R. A. Bacon.

Major R. A. Bacon, of Fort Worth, Texas, has been appointed by the Atlanta and West Point and Western railroad, of Alabama, as their agent in Texas, with headquarters at Fort Worth. He moved from Atlanta to that place several months ago. Atlanta is sorry to lose him, but Fort Worth should treat him kindly. He is well worth keeping.

Three Hundred People Homeless.

MONTREAL, July 5.—A fire at Lochrine yesterday destroyed about forty houses, principally occupied by poor laborers. About 300 people are rendered homeless. The loss is estimated at $50,000; one-fourth insured. The homeless people are sheltered in tents. Subscription has been started for their relief. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

PUBLIC ATTENTION is respectfully directed to the fact that we are Sole Agents in Atlanta for the sale of the Gorham M'f'g CO.'s celebrated STERLING SILVER GOODS. We keep at all times a full line of these goods in fancy pieces for presentation purposes, and plainer patterns for table use. We offer specially artistic designs in Spoons and Forks.

J. P. STEVENS & CO., Jewelers.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Charles A. Howell left yesterday to witnes the Chicago convention and also to pay a shor visit to his brother, Captain William H. Howell in Montana. He will return by the first of nex month.

Mr. J. G. Zachry has moved into the city from Edgewood, and is rooming at the Markham.

Death of Mr. John Dooly.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 5.—[Special.]—Last evening Mr. John Dooly's remains reached Columbia from North Carolina. Mr. Dooly was stricken with paralysis a few days ago and yesterday morning died. He was a well known citizen of Columbia and had lived here for many years. For some years he was an alderman of the city, and he was largely instrumental in securing an appropriation for the Columbia canal. He was an honest, wide-awake and industrious man, and his death is deeply deplored. He leaves a large family. One of his sons, Martin, is the well known Atlanta bill-poster.

A Promenade Concert.

A promenade concert and supper will be given at Kirkwood, for the benefit of the new Presbyterian church, on Thursday, July 10th. Lrains go out at six and half-past eight o'clock, p. m. A special train will leave for Atlanta at half-past eleven.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

DUNHAM—The friends and acquaintances of Captain Joseph L. Dunham, formerly of Columbus, Georgia, are invited to attend his funeral at 9:30 a. m., this (Sunday) morning, from his late residence, No. 125 Jackson street.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Wholesale by Boynton Bros., Atlanta, Ga.

Received too Late for Classification.

MELON GROWERS BE CAUTIOUS—THE "glorious Fourth" left markets so demoralized that we would advise you to wait for advice. Elam Johnson, Son & Co.

LOST—AT THE MARKHAM HOUSE LAST night, a pocket book containing about seventy-five dollars and a lot of papers. $25 reward will be paid for its return to Markham house office and no questions asked.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY IN BUYING

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS

It will pay you to inspect my stock of

Business & Dress Suits,

EXTRA PANTS,

ALPACA, SICILLIAN AND SEERSUCKER COATS AND WHITE VESTS.

FANCY HALF HOSE,

NECKWEAR

Collars, Cuffs, Shirts, Etc.

ALL WILL BE SOLD AT LOW FIGURES.

A. B. ANDREWS,

NO. 16 WHITEHALL STREET.

Bulwer Lytton's Bridge.

Where it Touches the Shores and the Great Columns in Midstream.

"What a beautiful bridge between old age and childhood is religion. How intuitively the child begins with prayer and worship on entering life, and how intuitively, on quitting life, the old man turns back to prayer and worship, putting himself again side by side with the infant," remarks Sir E. Bulwer Lytton, in his "Strange Story."

Yes, but between its distant abutments the bridge of life has many high and awful arches, through which the wild waters dash and roar in wrath and desolation. Prayer and worship alone do not sustain these. Nature's solid rocks must lie unshaken beneath, and human art and skill must rear and solidify the structure overhead. God's will is best exemplified in the laws He has made for the creatures whom He has placed under their control. Neither the child's trustful "Our Father," nor the old man's "Forget me not in the midst of mine infirmities," will alter this by the weight of a single grain.

Science and art first—then faith and prayer—is the order of Heaven itself. Divinity heals through its agents, and those agents are the discoveries of man; not the vague announcements of prophets or seers. Is life a burden to you? Does time drag? Is your power to cope with life's problem and duties weakened? You are not well. Your blood is sluggish and tainted, perhaps; or some important organ is torpid or overworked. This fact may have taken the form of dyspepsia, rheumatism, gout, malaria, pains in the stomache, chronic headache, or any of a dozen other ills. PARKER'S TONIC will invigorate you, as fresh air invigorates those who have been shut up in damp, fetid cells. It is powerful, pure, delicious, scientific, safe—the keystone of the central arch of the bridge of life.

DR. DEHAUT'S PURGATIVE PILLS.

THESE CELEBRATED PILLS have for 30 years been recommended by the leading Physicians of Paris as the BEST PURGATIVE known; full directions accompany them. The SIGNATURE "Dehaut" ispressed into the bottom of each GENUINE BOX. DEHAUT, 147 Rude du Faubourg St. Denis, Paris. E. FOUGERA & CO., 30 North William Street, N. Y.

BLOOD

And its unparalleled abuses, are fully and freely discussed in a neat 32 page book, mailed free to any address, by Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Drop a postal for it, as every man and woman needs it and will be delighted with its valuable and entirely new revelations.

SMALL VOICES

Sometimes shake a Nation of people and arouse them to action. Expressions similar to the following, from a well-known Druggist of Atlanta, pour in from sections where B. B. B. has been used.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

It is our firm belief that B. B. B. is the BEST Blood Purifier on the market. We are selling four or five bottles of it to ONE of any other preparation of the kind. It has failed in no instance to give entire satisfaction. Merit is the secret.

W. P. SMITH & CO., Druggists.

This is the only blood medicine known that combines quick action, certain effect, cheap price and unbounded satisfaction.

WE PROVE

That one single bottle of B. B. B. will do as much work in curing Blood Poisons, Skin Affections, Scrofula, Kidney Troubles, Catarrh and Rheumatism as six bottles of any other preparation on earth.

One 50-year-old chronic ulcer cured; Scrofula of children, cured with one bottle. Blood Poisons cured with a few bottles. It never fails. We hold home proof in book form. Send for it. Large bottle for $1.00, six for $5.00.

Expressed on receipt of price, if your Druggist can't supply you. Address

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

tu th sa su wky nx rd mat

FRAUD: CAUTION!!

Many Hotels and Restaurants refill the LEA & PERRINS' bottles with a spurious mixture and SERVE IT as the GENUINE Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce.

THE GREAT SAUCE OF THE WORLD.

LEA & PERRINS'

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851. "Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."



SOUPS, GRAVIES, FISH, HOT & COLD MEATS, GAME, &c.

Lea & Perrins

Signature is on every bottle of GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Sold and used throughout the world.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES. NEW YORK.

SOLAR TIP SHOES



We have made a specialty of this excellent SHOE for BOYS' WEAR for years. We make nothing else, and produce perfection of fit, comfort, good style, and the best wearing boot that is made. Cost no more than is generally charged for ordinary shoes, and will save 50 per cent. in wear. No corns, no bunions. Any dealer content with a fair profit will confirm what we say. Give them a trial, and you will be a permanent friend of THE SOLAR TIP. Beware of Imitations called by names so nearly like Solar Tip as to deceive. Trade-mark and "JOHN MUNDELL & Co." in full, is on sole of each pair.

MOTHERS!

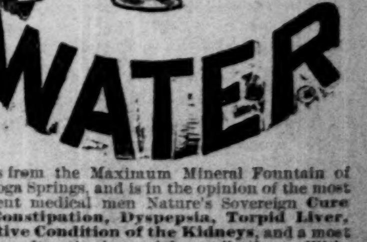
LOOK INTO THE MERITS OF THE

SOLAR TIP SHOES!



FOR YOUR BOYS. They will be A GREAT SAVING in MONEY, and your boys will be pleased. None genuine without trade-mark and "JOHN MUNDELL & Co." on each pair. Beware of imitations with names sounding similar to Solar Tip. THERE IS NO DISAPPOINTMENT with THESE SHOES, for they are as good as we represent them, and your dealer will say so too.

HATHORN



WATER

Flows from the Maximum Mineral Fountain of Saratoga Springs, and is in the opinion of the most eminent medical men Nature's Sovereign Cure for Constipation, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Inactive Condition of the Kidneys, and a most salutary alterative in scrofulous affections. With ladies, gentlemen, and bon vivants every where it has become the standard of dietary expedients, fortifying the digestive functions and enabling free livers to indulge with impunity at table. The world of wealth, intelligence and refinement testifies to its sparkling, naturally pure, and delightful qualities as the beverage incomparable, and accredit it with being the surest and speediest source of clear complexions, high health and exuberant spirits. Hathorn Springs Water is sold only in glass bottles; four dozen pints are packed in a case. It may be obtained at all hotels, and of druggists, wine merchants, and grocers everywhere.

THE BUSINESS OF THE SOUTH.

The Outlook of Business as Reported by R. G. Dun & Co.

While the failures for the first half of 1884 in the United States are only 18 per cent more than for the corresponding period of the year before, yet the liabilities for the same period are nearly double. The great growth in liabilities is due to the recent panic,and the stringency affects speculative stocks only. Yet all business suffers from the tightening of the money market. Taking it altogether, the first half of 1884 has been a period of greater strain upon the commercial fabric of the country than almost any preceding six months in its history. In the past there have been periods when, for a brief space, the suddenness and intensity of disasters have tested the strength of financial institutions, and attacked the solidity of the best concerns. But it has rarely been the ill-fortune of the commercial community to have so steady a strain extend over a period so long, during which events of such startling magnitude have occurred, accompanied by a depreciation in values and a disappearance of wealth so sudden and irrevocable. Reviewing the six months from a purely financial point of view, as exemplified by the operations in Wall street and their possible effects outside, the disasters which have occurred to legitimate commercial enterprises have been surprisingly few. It is true that prominent financiers, great promoters, and men in high positions have been forced to succumb; it is equally true that the shrinkage in the wealth of many rich men has been very great. But it is a fact that, to a great extent, the disasters of the year have been confined to the wealthy class, and with but little interference with legitimate traders in moderate circumstances. The panic which we have passed through has been well described as "the rich man's panic." It is a matter of significant moment that, considering all the violent fluctuations that have occurred, the enormous shrinkage in values, and the severe restrictions which monetary institution haves found it necessary to enforce, that failures have not been more numerous. So that, instead of being depressed by the figures which we herewith present, indicating, as they do, a large increase in casualties, and an enormous growth in liabilities, there is yet comfort to be found in the fact that the rank and file of legitimate business men have withstood a shock so severe. They have not only been able to respond to their obligations promptly, but are in a shape to take advantage of a revival of trade, which must certainly follow.

The only serious element which threatens is the possible restriction of banking accommodation throughout the country, as the result of the financial disturbance at the monetary centres. This accommodation merchants have been accustomed to rely upon, and as capital is largely locked up in assets not at once realizable, a restriction of credit is a serious matter. If, in Wall street, values continue very low and confidence only slowly returns, this stringency in money may result in serious embarrassment. But, with the expectation of a better condition of things, the hope is a reasonable one; that the ordinary business facilities which the commercial community have a right to expect, will be afforded to them. The restriction which has thus far taken place in loans has been enormous, but it has been responded to in a manner that is astonishing in view of its suddenness. It speaks well for the general soundness of trade, that a change so violent has been brought about with casualties so few.

ATLANTA, GA.— The following reports from southern financial centers will be read with interest:

Cotton planting commenced later than usual, but this loss of time has been fully made up by the recent and copious rain, causing the young plant to grow very rapidly. It is too soon by several weeks to form a definite idea of the probable yield. So far, the conditions have been all that could be desired. Grain crops in North Georgia have been good, but some loss caused by rain before harvesting was completed. Fruit yield backward, but not satisfactory. Business, except in groceries and provisions is very quiet jobbers, however, are quietly preparing for and average fall trade. Manufacturers running on reduced time but building up stocks for the coming season. The financial pressure is severe, but causing much less distress than might be reasonably expected when it is remembered how much the south is dependent upon financial centers for money during the summer. A careful canvass of the situation indicates a hopeful confidence among business men. With worn-out stocks in the country stores, and a bounteous crop in prospect, it would seem reasonable to expect a fair, if not good, business for the fall and winter.

SAVANNHA, GA.—Trade for the past six months as been an average one, and proved fairly satisfactory; the demand for staple articles continues good, and buyer and seller seem disposed to observe more caution than formerly in placing orders, which are somewhat backward this season. Reports received on the growing crops are generally of a favorable character; grain is doing well, and the stand of cotton in most sections good, but backward owing to recent rains and cool nights; there has been a slight increase in acreage planted, but it is too early to predict what the crop will likely be in this section. The naval stores and lumber interests, owing to overproduction, are depressed; prices are low, and but little improvement is looked for this year, in these lines of trade. The outlook is not considered by some authorities a very favorable one, yet a healthy trade is looked forward to by a majority of our merchants, who speak hopefully of the situation, and express the opinion that the demand for goods will come fully up to that of last fall.

NASHVILLE, TENN.—A careful survey of our situation from extended personal observations through middle and eastern Tennessee and north Alabama, and strengthened by carefully prepared reports from well-informed correspondents, indicates a healthy condition of things as regards the present and prospective state of trade. Our wheat crop will exceed by one-third that of last year. Other cereals damaged somewhat by the late cold and wet spring, but a fair or average yield is at this time expected. Potatoes will yield a full crop with fairly remunerative prices. Small fruit abundant. Apples will fall short one-half, and peaches nearly a failure, due to a severe winter. The same may be said of corn. Tobacco is being cultivated more extensively than formerly, and the present crop is very promising. Manufacturing industries are steadily increasing in number and importance, both here and at Chattanooga and Knoxville, as well as at other points in the state. Recent financial disturbances in the east had no perceptible effect on our bankers, manufacturers or merchants, and the only disturbing element at this time appears to be the agitation on the subject of tariff, and a slight relaxation of business progress, which is always incidental to a presidential year. The jobbing trade report collections for the past season asbeing quite satisfactory, and country merchants generally in good shape. On the whole, everything considered, the outlook is good, and believed to be somewhat better than a year ago.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—The prospect in this section, notwithstanding the present financial stringency, are encouraging. Reports from the interior represent the cotton crop in good condition, though retarded by the unfavorable spring. There has been a good yield of wheat, and the oat crop has been above the average. The rice crop, except in a few sections, owing to freshets, is represented as in good condition. The naval store trade, from present outlook, will be considerably less than heretofore. Our lumber trade has greatly increased, both in domestic and foreign demand. Owing to partial failure of cotton crop last year, most of the interior merchants have had to ask accommodations, but strict economy has been used, and with a good crop, it is believed that the general condition will be greatly improved. Should no disaster arise, we may safely anticipate a healthy and profitable trade the coming fall.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

BROKER AND DEALER IN

STOCKS AND BONDS,

OFFICE

6 City National Bank Building.

(Pryor Street Entrance.)

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CASH CAPITAL..........$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND..........60,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) Individually liable.

N. J. Hammond. J. G. Zachry. T. A. Hammond.

HAMMOND, ZACHRY & HAMMOND, Attorneys at Law, 21½ E. Alabama st., Atlanta, Georgia. Practice in all the Courts.

W. H. PATTERSON,

Bond and Stock Broker

24 PRYOR STREET,

JACKSON BUILDING.

FOR SALE

Central Railroad Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Stock.
Georgia Pacific Railroad Bonds.
Atlanta 6 per cent, 7 per cent and 8 per cent, Bonds.
Atlanta Street Railroad Stock.
Atlanta Gas Light Co Stock.
Georgia Railroad Bonds.

CLARKE, HARRISON & CO.,

BROKERS IN

Cotton, Produce, Stocks & Bonds

No. 9 and 11 N. Broad Street,

ATLANTA..........GEORGIA.

THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF COTTON, Grain, Provisions, Petroleum and Coffee, for future delivery on margins, in the New York Exchanges and on the Chicago Board of Trade a Specialty.

ALSO BUY AND SELL STOCKS & BONDS.

Daily market quotations furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

The Gate City National Bank

Atlanta, Georgia.

LODOWICK J. HILL, President. | A. W. HILL, Vice-President.
E. C. McCANDLESS, Cashier

CAPITAL $250,000.

Surplus and Undivided Profits $62,000.

THE NEW YEAR FINDS US IN OUR NEW AND permanent offices, built by and for the Bank, with unsurpassed facilities and conveniences for the transaction of business, and with the largest capital of any bank in the city. We most respectfully solicit the accounts of Banks, Bankers, Merchants, Corporations and Individuals. Will give prompt respectful and efficient attention to all business entrusted to us, and extend to customers the utmost liberality consistent with that conservatism essential to security and successful banking. Any inquiries looking to the establishment of business relations will receive respectful attention. su

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 5, 1884.

Money is slightly easier, and we look for a material improvement in that direction in the immediate future.

All stocks and bonds, upon which dividends and interest are payable to-day, are quoted ex-dividend and ex-interest.

Georgia railroad transfer books are closed until the 15th instant, when the usual dividend of $2.50 ℔ share is due and payable.

Securities are firm but the week opens with light demand.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50 ℔ 1,000 premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 6s	102	103	Atlanta 7s, 1899	101	104
Ga. 7s, 1886	101	103	Atlanta 6s (L.D.)	94	100
Ga. 7s gold	106	109	Atlanta 6s (S.D.)	93	97
Ga. 7s, 1896	115	117	Atlanta 5s	80	82
S.C.(Brown)	100	102	Augusta 7s	102	104
Savannah 5s.	79	81	Augusta 6s	97	100
Atl'ta 8s1902	110	114	Macon 6s	100	103
Atl'ta 8s1892	101	104	Columbus 5s	79	81
Atl'ta 7s1904	103	106			
ATLANTA BANK STOCK.					
Atlanta Na'l	200	210	B'k State of Ga	100	115
M'ch'ts B'k	100	102	Gate City Nat	100	105
RAILROAD BONDS.					
Ga. R. 6s1897	99	101	Atlanta & Char. inc	70	75
Ga. R. 6s1910	100	102	M. & Aug. ind.	97	105
Ga. R. 6s1922	100	103	W.R. of Ala,1st	104	106
Cen. R. 7s1896	106	109	do. 2d	106	108
C. C. & A. 1st	100	103	Ga. Pac. Ind.	85	85
At.&Char.1st	101	103			
RAILROAD STOCKS.					
Georgia	140	143	Central debent	86	89
At. & Char	62	65	Aug. & Sav	116	118
Southwe'tern	108	110	A. & W. P.	90	93
South C'lina	20	25	do. debent	89	92
Central	70	72	C., C. & A.	15	18

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 5, 1884.

New York—Holiday.

Liverpool—Futures closed quiet and steady. Spots—Uplands 6 5-16d; Orleans 6 7-16d; sales 5,000 bales, of which 3,700 bales were American; receipts 3,000; American 2,700.

Local—Operations suspended here to-day. Spots quotable as follows: Good middling 11c; middling 10⅞c; strict low middling 10⅝c; low middling 10⅜c; strict good ordinary 10⅛c; tinges 11⅛c; stains 9@9½c.

NEW YORK, July 5—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending yesterday:

Net receipts at all United States ports	5,799
Same time last year	16,839
Showing a decrease	11,040
Total receipts	4,821,481
Same time last year	5,882,459
Showing a decrease	1,060,978
Exports for the week	15,340
Same time last year	14,018
Showing an increase	7,678
Total exports to date	3,673,479
Same time last year	4,526,078
Showinn a decrease	852,599
Stock at all United States ports	336,393
Same time last year	386,883
Showing a decrease	50,490
Stock at interior towns	18,827
Same time last year	36,520
Showing a decrease	22,693
Stock at Liverpool	857,000
Same time last year	1,007,700
Showing a decrease	150,700
American cotton afloat for Great Britain	49,000
Same time last year	54,000
Showing a decrease	5,000

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 5—Noon—Cotton demand limited; middling uplands 6 5-36; middling Orleans 6 7-16; sales 5,000 bales; speculation and export 500; receipts 3,000; American 2,700; uplands low middling clause July and August delivery 6 17-64; September and October delivery 6 17-64; October and November delivery 6 4-64; December and January delivery 6 1-64; September delivery 6 21-64; futures opened steady with a limited demand.

LIVERPOOL, July 5—2:00 p.m.—Sales of American 3,760 bales; uplands low middling clause July delivery 6 17-64, sellers; July and August delivery 6 17-64, sellers; August and September delivery 6 19-64, buyers; September and October delivery 6 17-64, buyers; October and November delivery 4-64, buyers; November and December delivery 6 1-64, buyers; December and January delivery 6, buyers; September delivery 6 21-64, sellers; futures closed quiet and steady.

GALVESTON, July 5—Cotton dull; middling 11; net receipts 14 bales; gross 14; sales none; stock 2,275.

WILMINGTON, July 5—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 11⅛; net receipts none; gross none; sales none; stock 873 bales.

SAVANNAH, July 5—Cotton quiet; middling 11; net receipts 21 bales; gross 21; sales none; stock 317; exports coastwise 337.

NEW ORLEANS, July 5—Cotton dull; middling 11; net receipts 51 bales; gross 51; sales 100; stock 69,972.

MOBILE, July 5—Cotton dull; middling 11; net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; sales 25; stock 4,428; exports coastwise 51.

MEMPHIS, July 5—Cotton quiet; middling 11 net receipts 23 bales; shipments none; sales none; stock 11,480.

AUGUSTA, July 5—Cotton entirely nominal; middling 11; net receipts 14 bales; shipments —; sales 4.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, July 5, 1884.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, July 5—Market comparatively quiet. Coffee—Rio 10@12; old government Java 25c. Sugars—Standard A 7¾c; granulated 7½c; white extra C 7c; no demand for New Orleans sugars. Molasses—Black strap in barrels 29c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 50c; prime 45c; fair 35@40c; common 30c. Teas—Black 40@60c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 80c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 80c. Pepper 18c. Crackers—Milk 8c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 7c; X soda 6c; XXX do. 6½c. Candy—Assorted stick 9½c. Mackerel—Market about bare of Is and 2s; No. 3 kits, L.W., 55c; do. ½ bbls, 80 ℔s, $2.75@$3.75; do. ½ bbls, 100 ℔s, $4.50. Soap $2.50@ @$7.00 ℔ 100 cakes. Candles — Full weight 15c. Matches—100 ℔ box $1.50; 200 $3.50; 300 $4.75. Soda, in kegs, 4¾c; in boxes 5¾@6½c. Rice 6@7c.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, July 5—Market quiet to-day. Flour—Patent process $6.50@$6.75; fancy $5.50@$5.75; extra family $5.25; family $5.00; southern flour 25@ 50c more. Wheat — No demand for old wheat. Prices unsettled for new, but prompt delivery in good condition $1.00. Corn — White milling, car lots bulk, 81c; do. sacked 84c; dray lots 88@90c; mixed, car lots bulk, 71c; do. sacked 74c; dray lots 77@80c. Corn Meal—85@90c. Stock Feed—$1.35 ℔ 100 ℔s. Oats—Car lots bulk 45c; do. sacked 47½c; dray lots 52c. Rye—None. Hay—Fancy ℔ ton $20.00; ℔ 100 ℔s $1.10; choice ℔ ton $19.00; ℔ 100 ℔s $1.05; prime ℔ ton $18.00; ℔ 100 ℔s $1.00; no clover on market. Wheat Bran—Car lots 95; dray lots $1.05@$1.10. Grits $3.85 ℔ bbl.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, July 5—Apples—None. Peaches—Not many on market; choice in good demand at $1.50@$2.00 ℔ bushel. Watermelons ℔ car $100 @$175; ℔ 100 $10@$22. Canteloupes ℔doz $1.00@ $1.50. Lemons—$3.00@$3.25 ℔ box. Oranges—None. Cocoanuts—None on market. Pineapples—$1.60@ $2.50 ℔ doz. Bananas—Car lots 90c@$1.25; dray lots $1.25@$2.00. Figs—18@20c. Raisins—New ℔ box $2.75; new London $3.00; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—None on market. California Pears—None. Citron—20c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—11c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Firm; Tennessee 7@7½c; North Carolina 7½c; Virginia 11c; roasted 1½c ℔ ℔ extra.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, July 5—Eggs—12@12½c. Butter—Jersey 25c; choice Tennessee 15@17c; other grades not wanted. Poultry—Young chickens 12½@22½c; hens 25@27½c; cocks, 20c; ducks 20@22c. Irish Potatoes—New, small $2.00@$2.25; small $3.00@$3.80 ℔ bbl; old $1.75@$2.00. Sweet Potatoes—None; no demand. Dried Fruit—Dull; season about over; peaches, peeled 6@10c; no demand; unpeeled 5@7c; sundried apples 6@7c; evaporated not wanted. Honey—Strained 9@12½c; in the comb 13@15c. Onions — $3.50@$3.00. Feathers — Choice 54@60; prime 50@55. Cheese—Skims 11. Peanuts 8½@12c.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, July 5—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@ $2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $.150@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, July 5 — Market very quiet. We quote: Horse shoes $4.50; mule shoes $5.50; horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $5.00. Trace-chains 40@70. Ames' shovels $10.50. Spades $10.50@$13.00. Axes $7.00@10.00 ℔ doz. Cotton cards $4.00. Well-buckets $4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3 rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails $3.00. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ℔ ℔ 7c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $2.70. Bar-lead 7c; shot $2.00.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, July 4—The demand for mules is very moderate, and very few on market. Horses are in fair request at the following prices: Good combination horses $1.50@$2.50; good plug $1.15@ $1.25; driving horses $1.50@$1.75. The supply of horses is in excess of demand.

Leather.

ATLANTA, July 4—Market quiet: G. D. 24@26c; P. D. 21@24c; best 25@28c; whiteoak sole 40c; harness leather 30@33c; black upper 35@40c.

Provisions.

ATLANTA, July 5—Clear rib sides 9@9¼c. Bacon —Sugar-cured hams 13@13¼c. Lard—Tierces, refined 8¾c; tubs 9¼c.

Naval Stores.

CHARLESTON, July 5—Spirits turpentine buoyant at 28 bid; rosin quiet; strained and good strained $1.00.

--THE--

Richmond and Danville

LINE.

72 MILES SHORTER

Than any Existing Route

To Washington and the East.

350 MILES SHORTER

—THAN—

Any Route via Cincinnati.

Richmond and Danville R. R. Time One Hour Faster than Atlanta City Time.

Schedule in effect, May 11th, 1884.	Mail and Express No. 53.	Express No. 51.
Leave Atlanta (City Time)	7 40 a m	3 40 p m
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. Time)	8 40 a m	4 40 p m
" Lula	11 04 a m	7 40 p m
" Greenville	2 59 p m	11 45 p m
" Charlotte	6 55 p m	4 20 a m
" Salisbury	8 40 p m	6 50 a m
" Greensboro	10 25 p m	8 05 a m
Arrive Danville	12 00 m	10 20 a m
Leave Danville	12 20 a m	10 35 a m
" Lynchburg	2 40 a m	1 50 p m
" Charlottsville	4 55 a m	4 35 p m
Arrive Washington	9 20 a m	9 20 p m
Leave Washington	9 40 a m	9 50 p m
Arrive Baltimore	10 50 a m	11 25 p m
" Philadelphia	1 23 p m	3 45 a m
" New York	3 50 p m	6 25 a m
" Boston		4 40 p m
Leave Danville	10 20 p m	10 35 a m
" Burkville	5 20 a m	1 44 p m
Arrive Richmond	7 00 a m	3 50 p m

GAINESVILLE ACCOMMODATION—DAILY.

L eave Atlanta..........5 15 p m
Arrive Gainesville..........7 25 p m

RETURNING.

Leave Gainesville..........6 00 a m
Arrive Atlanta..........8 20 a m

Two daily trains for Athens, Ga.

EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ONLY 31 HOURS TRANSIT

ATLANTA TO NEW YORK.

Two Fast Through Trains Daily, Pullman Palace Buffet Sleeping Cars, Atlanta to New York without change, via

VIRGINIA MIDLAND.

Berths secured and numbers given ten days in advance.

E. BERKELY, Superintendent, Atlanta, Ga. | M. SLAUGHTER, Gen. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.
C. W. CHEARS, Ass. Gen. Pass. Agt. Atlanta, Ga. | C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, Ga., April 6th, 1884.

Commencing Sunday, 6th inst., the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

Trains run by 90th meridian time, 22 minutes slower than Atlanta time:

FAST LINE.

NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.

L've Augusta..........7 05 pm
L've Athens..........8 30 am
L've Gainesville..........5 00 pm
Ar. Atlanta..........1 40 am

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

Leave Atlanta..........2 45 pm
Leave Gainesville..........5 30 am
Arrive Athens..........7 15 pm
Arrive Augusta..........8 05 pm

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

NO 2 EAST—DAILY.		NO. 1. WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 25 am	L've Augusta	10 30 am
Ar. Gainesville	9 15 pm	" Macon	7 10 am
Ar. Athens	4 40 pm	" Mill'g'v'e	9 10 am
" Washington	2 45 pm	" Washin'n	11 30 am
" Milledgeville	4 49 pm	" Athens	9 35 am
Ar. Macon	6 45 pm	Ar. Gainesville	9 15 pm
" Augusta	3 55 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 pm

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

NO. 4 EAST—DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	8 50 pm	Lv Augusta	9 00 pm
Ar. Augusta	6 10 am	Ar. Atlanta	6 40 am

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

L've Atlanta	6 00 pm	L've Covington	5 40 am
Ar. Decatur	6 36 pm	L've Decatur	7 30 am
Ar. Covington	8 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta	8 00 am

DECATUR TRAIN.

(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	3 50 pm	Lv. Decatur	4 30 pm
Ar. Decatur	4 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 00 pm

CLARKSTOWN TRAIN.

Lv. Atlanta	11 40 am	Lv. Clarkston	12 37 pm
Lv. Decatur	12 10 pm	Lv. Decatur	12 53 pm
Ar. Clarkston	12 25 pm	Ar. Atlanta	1 25 pm

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signaled, stop at any regular schedule Flag Station.

Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Berzelia, Dearing, Thomson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur. These trains make close connection for all points East, Southeast, West, Southwest, North and Northwest, and carry Through Sleepers between Atlanta and Charleston.

Train No. 28 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Berzelia, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and Southeast.

JOHN W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager. | E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

SMITH'S

Extract of May Flower,

THE

STANDARD REMEDY

FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE

Bladder and Kidneys.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

Endorsed by Practicing Physicians

AND

APPROVED BY THE PUBLIC.

IT IS

WOMAN'S FRIEND.

Offered on its merits, not introduced to the the public by parading the names and nature of the complaints of those who have been benefited by its use.

Every bottle speaks for itself and is its own advertisement.

Ask your druggist for

SMITH'S

Extract of May Flower,

Sold all Around the World.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia

RAILROAD.

DIVISIONS IN GEORGIA.

THE NEW SHORT LINE.

Chattanooga to Atlanta,
Atlanta to Macon
Rome to Atlanta,

—AND—

THE SHORTEST OF ALL ROUTES

Chattanooga and the West,

To Florida and the Southeast

Closely Connecting in Union Depot at Chattanooga

BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH

with trains of Cincinnati Southern Railway, and Memphis and Charleston Railroad division, Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway.

OnlyLine Running Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND FLORIDA

The Year Round Without Change and Without Delay. Trains at Atlanta Arrive at and Depart from Short Line Passenger Station, Mitchell Street.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING

THROUGH PASSENGER COACHES

Between Chattanooga and Jacksonville, Fla.

Without Change and Without Extra Fares.

CONDENSED LOCAL PASSENGER SCHEDULE (on basis Central Standard time, by which all trains are run), in effect June 29th, 1884.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Train No. 53.	Train No. 51.
Leave CLEVELAND	8 15 a m	2 40 p m
" CHATTANOOGA	8 20 a m	
" Ooltewah	8 53 a m	
" Cohuttah	9 25 a m	3 15 p m
Arrive DALTON	9 52 a m	3 50 p m
Leave DALTON	9 55 a m	3 50 p m
Arrive East Rome	11 17 a m	5 30 p m
Leave East Rome	11 25 a m	5 30 p m
" Rockmart	12 19 p m	6 35 p m
" Dallas	1 04 p m	7 28 p m
Arrive ATLANTA	2 40 p m	9 15 p m
Leave ATLANTA	3 45 p m	5 30 a m
" McDonough	5 02 p m	6 45 a m
" Jackson	5 45 p m	7 25 a m
" Indian Springs	6 01 p m	7 48 a m
Arrive MACON	7 30 p m	9 20 a m
Leave MACON	7 55 p m	9 15 a m
" Cochran	9 43 p m	12 05 p m
" Eastman	10 37 p m	1 35 p m
Arrive JESUP	3 30 a m	6 00 p m
Leave JESUP	4 00 a m	
" Sterling	6 00 a m	
" BRUNSWICK	6 45 a m	

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Train No. 54.	Train No. 52.
Leave BRUNSWICK	8 00 p m	
" Sterling	8 40 p m	
Arrive JESUP	10 10 p m	
Leave JESUP	11 30 p m	6 45 a m
" Eastman	4 10 a m	12 10 p m
" Cochran	5 05 a m	1 25 p m
Arrive MACON	7 00 a m	3 30 p m
Leave MACON	7 20 a m	4 30 p m
" Indian Springs	8 51 a m	6 05 p m
" Jackson	9 03 a m	6 18 p m
" McDonough	9 45 a m	7 04 p m
Arrive ATLANTA	11 05 a m	8 30 p m
Leave ATLANTA	12 35 p m	11 30 p m
" Dallas	2 03 p m	1 35 a m
" Rockmart	2 53 p m	2 45 a m
Arrive East Rome	3 50 p m	4 00 a m
Leave East Rome	3 55 p m	5 00 a m
Arrive Dalton	5 33 p m	6 30 a m
" Cohutta	6 07 p m	6 55 a m
" Ooltewah	6 40 p m	7 59 a m
" CHATTANOOGA	7 20 p m	8 45 a m
" Cleveland	8 00 p m	7 25 a m

CONNECTIONS.

Trains Nos. 53 and 54 connect at Chattanooga with Memphis and Charleston Division, E. T. & G. R. R., and Cincinnati Southern R'y and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis R'y.

Trains Nos. 51, 52, 53 and 54 connect at Cleveland with main line East Tenn., Va. & Ga. R. R. and connect at Rome with Alabama Division E. T., V. & Ga. R. R.

Trains Nos. 51, 52, 53 and 54 connect at Atlanta with diverging roads, and connect at Jesup with S., F. & W. R'y for Florida.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

Trains Nos. 53 and 54 have Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars and Through Passenger Coaches between Atlanta and Jacksonville. Trains 53 and 54 connect at Cleveland with Pullman Sleepers between Cleveland and New York, and also with Sleepers between Cleveland and Warm Springs without change, and Sleeping Car between Atlanta, Macon and Brunswick.

Trains Nos. 51 and 52 have Sleeping Cars between Macon and Cleveland, connecting with Pullman Sleepers between Cleveland and New York.

All trains run daily.

Trains to and from Hawkinsville connect at Cochran daily, except Sunday.

J. E. MALLORY, Superintendent Brunswick Division, Macon.
J. W. FRY, Superintendent Atlanta Division, Atlanta, Ga
A. POPE, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
J. J. GRIFFIN, A. G. P. A., Atlanta.

EDUCATIONAL.

GLENDALE

Female College.

Thirty-first year begins September 16th. Best facilities in one complete and thorough Course—English, Scientific and Classical. Superior advantages in Music and Art. Address,
Rev. L. D. POTTER, D. D., Glendale, O.
tu fri&wkv

WARD'S SEMINARY

NASHVILLE, TENN.

Closed its 19th year with 354 young ladies.

An active, progressive, non-sectarian school. Thousands of parents have tested its value, and still it increases. A grand new building with a dining-room fit for a queen was erected during the year. Opens Sept. 1st. Address, for new catalogue, DR. W. E. WARD.

july1—d2m tues thu sat



COMBINATION PRESS

FOR MAKING

WINES AND JELLIES

From all kinds Fruits and Berries.

PRICE $3.00.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

BECK AND GREGG

HARDWARE CO.

ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Railroads.

All trains of this system are run by Central or (90th Meridian time.)

SAVANNAH, GA., June 15, 1884.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JUNE 15 1884, PASSENGER TRAINS ON THESE ROADS WILL RUN as follows:

READ DOWN. / READ UP.

	No. 15† Acc.	No. 53* Pass'ger.	No. 51* Pass'ger.	C. R. R.—Main Line. Savannah and Atlanta Divisions.	No. 52* Pass'ger.	No. 54* Pass'ger.	No. 16† Acc.	
	5 40 pm	8 45 pm	10 00 am	Lv......Savannah......Ar	3 30 pm	7 40 am	8 05 am	
	7 27 pm	10 23 pm	11 50 am	Ar......Oliver......Lv	1 52 pm	6 14 am	6 30 am	
		11 34 pm	1 08 pm	Ar......Millen......Lv	12 40 pm	5 14 am		
		11 46 pm	1 35 pm	Lv......Millen......Ar	12 20 pm	4 59 am		
	No. 1*	1 47 am	3 59 pm	Lv......Toomsboro...Ar	10 20 am	3 07 am		
	Pass'ger.	3 02 am	5 22 pm	Ar......Gordon......Ar	9 07 am	1 52 am	No. 2*	
	7 26 am	4 15 am	7 16 pm	Ar......Macon......Lv	8 25 am		Pass'ger.	
No. 11*	7 20 am	4 05 am	7 10 pm	Lv......Macon......Ar	8 05 am	12 56 pm	7 00 pm	No. 12*
Acc.	9 03 am	5 43 am	8 53 pm	Ar...Barnesville...Lv	6 29 am		5 23 pm	Acc.
5 00 am	9 03 am		8 53 pm	Lv...Barnesville...Ar	6 29 am	11 22 pm	5 23 pm	7 52 pm
5 41 am	9 43 am	6 18 am	9 33 pm	Ar......Griffin......Ar	5 48 am	10 47 pm	4 43 pm	7 09 pm
8 10 am	11 30 am	7 50 am	11 20 pm	Ar......Atlanta......Lv	4 00 am	9 00 pm	3 00 pm	5 00 pm

No. 19* Pass'ger.	No. 17* Pass'ger.	C. R. R.—AUGUSTA Branch.	No. 18* Pass'ger.	No. 20* Pass'ger.
2 00 am	1 28 pm	Lv......Millen......Ar	12 02 pm	12 30 pm
5 45 am	4 30 pm	Ar......Augusta......Lv	8 30 am	9 00 pm

No. 23‡ Pass'ger.	Milledgeville and Eatonton Branch.	No. 24† Pass'ger.
9 10 am	Lv......Gordon......Ar	5 15 am
10 29 am	Ar...Milledgeville....Ar	3 30 pm
12 30 pm	Ar......Eatonton......Lv	2 15 pm

No. 35.† Pas'enger	No. 33.† Pas'enger	UPSON COUNTY RAILROAD.	Pas'enger No. 34.†	Pas'enger No. 36.†
5 40 pm	9 30 am	Lv......Barnesville...Ar	8 30 am	5 00 pm
7 10 pm	11 00 m	Ar......Thomaston...Lv	7 00 am	3 45 pm

No.—† Pas'enger	S., G. & N. A. RAILROAD.	No.—† Pas'enger
12 30 pm	Lv......Griffin......Ar	9 40 am
3 15 pm	Ar......Newnan......Lv	6 50 am
5 10 pm	Ar......Carrollton......Lv	5 30 am

No. 9.* Acc.	No. 1.* Pas'enger	S. W. & M. & E. RY —MAIN LINE.	No. 2.* Pas'enger	No. 10.* Acc.
	9 00 am	Lv......Macon......Ar	6 35 pm	
	10 21 am	Ar......Fort Valley...Ar	5 18 pm	
	12 49 pm	Ar......Smithville......Lv	3 00 pm	
	1 13 pm	Lv......Smithville......Ar	2 40 pm	
	2 56 pm	Ar......Cuthbert......Ar	1 08 pm	
	4 09 pm	Ar......Eufaula......Lv	11 57 pm	
	4 14pm	Lv......Eufaula......Ar	11 52 am	
	5 53 pm	Ar..Union Springs..Lv	10 17 am	
8 56 am	5 53 pm	Lv..Union Springs..Ar	10 17 am	5 40 pm
11 42 am	7 41 pm	Ar...Montgomery...Lv	8 35 am	2 50 pm

No. 25* Pas'enger	No. 3* Pas'enger	S. W. R. R.—ALBANY LINE.	No. 4* Pas'enger	No. 26* Pas'enger
	7 30 pm	Lve......Macon......Ar	7 00 am	
	8 37 pm	Ar......Fort Valley......Lv	5 53 am	
	8 37 pm	Lv......Fort Valley......Ar	5 53 am	
	10 35 pm	Ar......Smithville......Lv	3 55 am	
3 00 pm	10 35 pm	Lv......Smithville......Ar	3 55 am	12 50 pm
4 05 pm	11 30 pm	Ar......Albany......Lv	3 00 am	11 45 am

No. 23† Pas'enger	No. 21† Pas'enger	S. W. R. R.—PERRY BRANCH.	No. 22† Pas'enger	No. 24† Pas'enger
8 45 pm	10 30 am	Lv—.Fort Valley....Ar	3 35 pm	5 45 am
9 30 pm	11 20am	Ar......Perry......Lv	2 45 pm	5 00 am

No. 29† Pas'enger	S. W. R. R.—BLAKELY EXTENSION.	No. 30† Pas'enger
4 20 pm	Lv......Albany......Ar	11 30 am
8 12 pm	Ar......Blakely......Lv	7 30 am

No. 31† Pass'ger.	S. W. R. R.—FORT GAINES BRANCH.	No. 32† Pass'ger.
3 20 pm	Lv......Cuthbert......Ar	12 03 pm
4 38 pm	Ar......Fort Gaines...Lv	10 45 am

No. 33† Pass'ger.	EUFAULA & CLAYTON RAILROAD.	No. 34† Pass'ger.
5 05 pm	Lv......Eufaula......Ar	9 27 am
6 27 pm	Ar......Clayton......Lv	8 00 am

No. 5.* Pass'ger	S.W.RR.—COLUMBUS MAIN LINE.	No. 6.* Pass'ger
8 15 am	Lv......Macon......Ar	5 42 pm
9 81 am	Ar....Fort Valley....Lv	4 25 pm
12 32 pm	Ar......Columbus......Lv	1 00 pm

Elegant local Sleeping Cars on night trains as follows: Between Savannah and Augusta, trains Nos 53 and 54; between Savannah and Macon, trains Nos. 53 and 54; between Savannah and Atlanta, trains Nos. 53 and 54.

Pullman Hotel Sleeping Cars between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, via Atlanta, Albany and Waycross.

out change. Pullman Sleepers between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, via Atlanta, Albany and Waycross and via Montgomery, Albany and Thomasville.

Trains marked thus * run daily; trains marked thus † run daily except Sunday; trains marked thus ‡ run daily except Monday.

Tickets for all points and Sleeping Car Berths on sale at the Union Depot 30 minutes to the leaving of all trains.

WILLIAM ROGERS, General Supt., Savannah. | T. D. KLINE, Sup't S. W. R. R. Macon.
W. F. SHELLMAN, Traffic M'g'r, Savannah. | G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
R. SCHMIDT, Agent, Atlanta.

KENNESAW ROUTE.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

The following time card in effect Sunday, June 15, 1884.

NORTHBOUND.

NO. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta..........8 20 a m
Arrive Dalton..........12 06 n'n
" Chattanooga..........1 30 p m
Stops at all important stations.

NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta..........2 35 p m
Arrive Dalton..........6 22 p m
" Chattanooga..........8 00 p m

NO. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Atlanta..........3 45 p m
Arrive Rome..........6 50 p m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

No. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays

Leaves Atlanta..........7:05 a m
Arrives Marietta..........8:15 a m
Stops at all way stations, and by signals.

NO. 11, EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta..........11 40 p m
Arrives Chattanooga..........5 15 a m
Stops at all important stations when signalled.

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS

No. 3 has Parlor Chair Cars Atlanta to Nashville.
No. 1 has Pullman Palace cars Atlanta to Louisville, via Nashville, New Orleans to Washington, and Pullman cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati.
No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 11 has Pullman car Atlanta to Nashville.

SOUTHBOUND.

NO. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Chattanooga..........8 00 a m
Leave Dalton..........9 47 a m
Arrive Atlanta..........1 40 p m
Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Chattanooga..........2 55 p m
Arrive Atlanta..........8 40 p m

NO 12, EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leaves Chattanooga..........10 15 p m
Arrive Atlanta..........3 40 a m
Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Rome..........8 30 a m
Arrive Atlanta..........11 45 a m
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

Leaves Marietta..........7 05 a m
Arrive Atlanta..........8 15 a m

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 4 has Pullman Palace cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville, New Orleans to Washington, and Nashville to Atlanta.
No. 2 has Parlor Chair car Nashville to Atlanta.
No. 12 has Pullman car Louisville to Atlanta via Nashville.

B. W. WRENN, Pass. and Ticket Agent.
A. R. ANDERSON, General Superintendent.

MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of early imprudence, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., New York.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., May 10th, 1884.

On and after May 12th, 1884, trains on this road will run as follows:
Time given here is 90 meridien, Atlanta cit time.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 51.	No. 53.
Leave Athens, 90 meridian	3:30 p m	7:00 a m
Arrive at Lula	6:00 p m	9:00 a m
Arrive at Atlanta	10:30 p m	12:00 n'n
Arrive at Tallulah Falls		12:50 a m

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 50.	No. 52.
Leave Tallulah Falls	6:40 a m	
Leave Atlanta	7:40 a m	3:40 p m
Arrive at Lula	8:50 a m	6:40 p m
Arrive at Athens	12:30 p m	8:20 p m

Tallulah Falls accommodation Wednesday and Saturday only.

Leave Tallulah Falls	5:45 p m
Arrive at Rabun Gap Junction	6:50 p m
Leave Rabun Gap Junction	7:30 p m
Arrive at Tallulah Falls	8:30 p m

Connections made at Lula with passenger train on Richmond and Danville railroad, both east and west.

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
MERCER SLAUGHTER, G. P. A.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE

ATLANTA & WEST POINT

—AND—

Western Railway of Alabama.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE

Between the Southwest, and Northeast. Double Daily Line of

PULLMAN SLEEPERS

Between New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery to Atlanta and Washington.

TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, JUNE 1, 1884.

No. 50.	No. 52.	Read Up		Read Down	No. 51.	No. 53.
10 10am	9 50pm		ArN. O'lnsLv		6 00pm	8 20am
4 45am	4 00pm		......Mobile......		11 35pm	1 55pm
8 00pm	5 45am		...Montg'my...		8 00am	9 30pm
6 40pm	4 24am		...ChehawAr.		9 18am	10 49pm
5 45pm	3 27am		......Opelika....		10 18am	11 45pm
5 00pm	2 39am		...West Point.		11 04am	12 35am
2 00pm	11 30pm		Lv Atlanta...		2 10pm	3 45am
8 35am	10 05pm		...Wash'gt'n...		9 20pm	9 20am
6 50am	9 05pm		...Baltimore...		11 25pm	10 50am
3 45am	6 00pm		...Philad'a...		3 40am	1 23pm
12 night	3 45pm		LvN.YorkAr		6 50am	3 50pm

Pullman sleepers on trains 50 and 51 between Washington and New Orleans via Kennesaw Route without change.

Pullman sleepers on Nos. 52 and 53 betwen Washington and New Orleans via Richmond and Danville Route without change.

Western railroad sleepers on trains 52 and 53 between Montgomer and Atlanta.

Trains 50, 51, 52 and 53 make close connections with trains to and from Mobile and New Orleans. Train 52 connects at Montgomery with trains for Selma and Eufaula. Connections made at Opelika with East Alabama and Cincinnati, and the Columbus and Western railroads. All trains except 51 and 53 connect at Chehaw with Tuskegee railroad.

A. J. ORME, G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.
CECIL GABBETT, Gen'l Manager, Montgomery, Ala.

A TEACHER'S TALK.

THE DISCUSSION ON THE SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY.

Incidents of an Interesting Debate on the Advisability of the Establishment of a School of Technology in Connection With the State University at Athens, Etc.

On Friday afternoon at was supposed the topics of debate had been pretty well talked out, and the business of the convention seemed preparing for adjournment, when Mr. Fleming, of Augusta, arose and proposed a resolution recommending the establishment of school of technology in connection with the university at Athens. Mr. Fleming is a young lawyer of fine talents and high character, whose interest in education was early aroused by beginning life as superintendent of schools for Richmond county and the city of Augusta.

We suppose there is no doubt that there is a widespread demand among the people for more practical education, bearing somehow on the business of life—industrial education. The leading teachers and members are pretty well committed to favor this change, and doubtless in hearty sympathy with it. But many were evidently not prepared to commit themselves to any particular project carrying it out.

Dr. Orr arose and said that he heartily favored a school of technology; that the only question was one of expense. He stated that he had obtained from the federal department of education a circular of information, a book of several hundred closely printed pages giving a detailed account of all the industrial schools of the United States.

He referred to three of the great schools, that at Hoboken, New Jersey; that at St. Louis and that at Boston. These he said cost each about $700,000. He went on to say that the state could not at present spend so much money for such a project, and also give additional funds to public schools. He referred to the appalling illiteracy, the 600,000 young persons who could not write their own names, and argued that the Georgia Teachers' association was deeply interested to see this state of things changed.

There was a general protest from the friends of the school, that they were heartily in favor of adding to the public school fund, that the two projects were in no way inconsistent with each other. A number of the members of the association felt that the body would be wiser not to take up the course of the technological school, but the matter was pressed. There was a growing excitement, a resort to parliamentary devices. The president did not even have a gavel, one of the ordinary school call bells having been supposed sufficient for the demands of the occasion, and between motions "to lay on the table," which did not prevail, calls for "a division," calls for "the yeas and nays," and "the question," the proceeding of the Georgia Teachers' association were getting into entanglement, and the members looked at each other in dismay. The day was wearing away, there had been no election of officers, no preparation for any future meeting and there was no means of lighting the hall of the Mallon society in which the meetings were held; nobody came expecting to stay over Saturday; and looked as if the debate on the technological school were about to end the Georgia Teachers' association for good and all.

The motion to lay on the table not prevailing Mr. Orr, (son of the commisioner) offered a substitute recommending the legislatuore to give more money to public schools. This was somewhat resented by the friends of the tecnological school who declared their willingness to vote for this resolution separately, but not a a substitute (which was afterwards done). The friends of the technological school declared that the two causes were in no sort of opposition.

Upon this, the Hon. Mr. Mitchell, late representative of Gwinnett county in the legislature, and a member of the committee on education, rose and stated that he had given a good deal of time and study to the subject of a technological school in connection with the university, that the vast expense had discouraged him from supporting the project. He also stated that he thought the measure for gaining more money for public schools had been defeated by the agitation of the technological school; not that there was the smallest opposition between the two, except as competitors for the public money, and Mr. Mitchell also stated that the school commissioner, Dr. Orr, had made no opposition to the technological school bill.

Mr. Fleming then urged that the measure was in the interest of the common people; that in electing members for the legislature in Richmond county who favored this school it was argued that it would make the University of Georgia less exclusively a school for the sons of rich men.

The resolutions were warmly supported by three fine-looking young men from Augusta. We do not know whether they (the young gentlemen) were appropriated or not, but they were warmly backed by some pretty young teachers, and somebody was unwise enough to say the resolutions ought not to be offered before a body composed largely of women, who probably had not considered the merits of the case. This occasioned some feeling, and Mr. Patton had the floor when Dr. Powell, of Atlanta, rose to offer a remark or two. By the request of some of the visitors, Mr. Patton gave way for a moment. Atlanta people do not need to be told of Dr. Powell's eloquence. When the torrent gets under way it is irresistible. He argued that the passage of the resolutions was a mere courtesy, and from this the gallent Dr. diverged to the ladies, who he said were peculiarly fitted to perform acts of courtesy. He paid a compliment of about twenty minutes long to the sex in his most impassioned, fervid, and interesting style.

After Dr. Powell, Colonel Lewis, of Dalton, arose and with some excitement of manner said there was a complaint of bulldozing, but he felt that the opponents of the resolution were bulldozing, and then he went on to criticize the feminine vote. He said the resolutions would not carry much weight when it was known that girls just out of the high school composed part of the voters. The colonel, at one point, added "women, young and old," or words to that effect. As he finished, a clear feminine voice was heard in the rear, and Miss Kate Massey stood up to defend her sex. Women do not often talk in the Georgia Teachers' association, and the buzz, the excited whispers and noise gave way to deep, interested silence as she proceeded to say that she thought she could vote intelligently; that she had studied this subject. A storm of applause followed her words. Colonel Lewis asked her what a technological school was. She replied intelligently and firmly. But the convention stopped the catechising, and the scene. The vote was taken by yeas and nays, and afterwards Mr. Orr's substitute resolution was separately offered and passed unanimously.

The association in the gathering twilight elected Professor McKemy, president for another year, and Mr. G. J. Orr, Jr., secretary, and adjourned finally.

Two comments are to be made on this debate. The interests of education in Georgia should be one. As it is, our higher education and our elementary education are entrusted to two distinct sets of machinery. They are closely connected, the one cannot be injured or benefitted without affecting the other. Improvement in the mode, the subject of teaching must go from above, down. It is the order of nature and cannot be violated. The present writer does not see the exact remedy, but there is some use in distinctly stating the problem if you cannot at once solve it. Not only has higher education a set of distinct agencies, conservative, with traditional claims to resp... and the elementary education its own machin... new, powerful in the extended suffrage—there ... gap between them in the fact that except thro... city high schools there are no governmental a... cies for secondary education. Except as com... tors for the limited money we can give to ed... tion, there is no necessary opposition betw... the university and public schools, and we sup... no ill will is felt between the commissione... schools on the one hand, the chancellor of ... university on the other; but the work to be ... is too connected not to call for some means of ... certed action, and must make some conflict.

The university demands help—changes. ... taxpayers are, it is true, in the numerical mi... ty, but they are very powerful in influence. ... money they give should help their children, ... if their is an attempt to consider the illit... alone, the intelligent property owing classes ... retard the wheels.

On the other hand it is useless to oppose ... public school system. The widened suffrage m... it irresistible. The one security of property ... division of laborers into black and white. ... one danger, their unwise opposition to p... schools. All lovers of Georgia should heed ... for the recollection of it can alone steer th... ship over the breakers of this new coast.

The friends of the technological school s... give a definite plan, showing clearly what c... will be benefitted, what money needed. Some ... of this kind would unite everybody in favor ... But the industrial education should permea... whole system of schools, at least throug... agencies of secondary education—the city ... schools.

TATE SPRINGS, TENNESSEE

Notes From the Most Popular Wat... Place.

The weather is delightful.

Three mails a day bring much pleasure to ... at Tate.

The crowd continues to increase and great ... bers are booked to arrive this week.

The fine music of Cohen's band every ... charms scores of merry dancers into the ball...

The german last Friday night was a splend... fair.

Among the latest arrivals are the followin... B. H. Barnett and wife, child and nurse, ... sonville, Fla.; Robert Duenner, Mrs. F. E. ... sham, Miss Rankin, Will Henry, Charles ... Knoxville, Tenn.; Geo. P. Yoe, Miss Lul... Master Horace Yoe, Mossy Creek, Tenn. ... Jennie Peck, Rutledge, Tenn.; Mr. J. Mc... er Idian, Miss.; Mrs. Judge Henry Craf...

COMBINATION PRESS
FOR MAKING
WINES AND JELLIES
From all kinds Fruits and Berries.
PRICE $3.00.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
BECK AND GREGG
HARDWARE CO.
ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

...tgomery & Eufaula Railroads.

...y Central or (90th Meridian time.)

SAVANNAH, GA., June 15, 1884.

...NGER TRAINS ON THESE ROADS WILL RUN

READ UP.

...ain Line. ...nd Atlanta ...ions.	No. 52° Pass'ger.	No. 54° Pass'ger.	No. 16† Acc.	
...nnah....Ar	3 30 pm	7 40 am	8 05 am	
...ver....Lv	1 52 pm	6 14 am	6 30 am	
...len......Lv	12 40 pm	5 14 am		
...len......Ar	12 20 pm	4 59 am		
...nsboro...Ar	10 20 am	3 07 am		
...rdon.....Ar	9 07 am	1 52 am	No. 2° Pass'ger.	
...con......Lv	8 25 am	....		
...con......Ar	8 05 am	12 56 pm	7 00 pm	No. 12° Acc.
...sville....Lv	6 29 am	....	5 23 pm	
...sville....Ar	6 29 am	11 22 pm	5 23 pm	7 52 pm
...ffin......Ar	5 48 am	10 47 pm	4 43 pm	7 09 pm
...nta......Lv	4 00 am	9 00 pm	3 00 pm	5 00 pm
...AUGUSTA ...nch.	No. 18° Pass'ger.	No. 20° Pass'ger.		
...len......Ar	12 02 pm	12 30 pm		
...usta......Lv	8 30 am	9 00 pm		
...ille and Branch.	No. 24† Pass'ger.			
...don......Ar	5 15 am			
...eville....Ar	3 30 pm			
...ton......Lv	2 15 pm			
...OUNTY ROAD.	Pas'enger No. 34.†	Pas'enger No. 36.†		
...esville...Ar	8 30 am	5 00 pm		
...naston...Lv	7 00 am	3 45 pm		
... N. A. ROAD.	No.—† Pas'enger			
...ffin......Ar	9 40 am			
...nan......Lv	6 50 am			
...llton....Lv	5 30 am			
... & E. RY ... LINE.	No. 2.° Pas'enger	No. 10.° Acc.		
...con......Ar	6 35 pm			
...Valley....Ar	5 18 pm			
...aville....Lv	3 00 pm			
...ville......Ar	2 40 pm			
...nbert......Ar	1 08 pm			
...faula......Lv	11 57 pm			
...ula......Ar	11 52 am			
...Springs..Lv	10 17 am			
...Springs..Ar	10 17 am	5 40 pm		
...omery....Lv	8 25 am	2 50 pm		
...—ALBANY ...INE.	No. 4° Pas'enger	No. 26° Pas'enger		
...acon......Ar	7 00 am			
...Valley....Lv	5 53 am			
...Valley....Ar	5 53 am			
...hville....Lv	5 55 am			
...ville......Ar	3 55 am	12 50 pm		
...any......Lv	3 00 am	11 45 am		
...R.—PERRY ...NCH.	No. 22† Pas'enger	No. 24† Pas'enger		
...Valley....Ar	3 35 pm	5 45 am		
...rry......Lv	2 45 pm	5 00 am		
...—BLAKELY ...ENSION.	No. 30† Pas'enger			
...bany......Ar	11 30 am			
...akely......Lv	7 30 am			
...R. R.—FORT ...INES BRANCH.	No. 32† Pass'ger.			
...Cuthbert.....Ar	12 03 pm			
...Fort Gaines...Lv	10 45 am			
...LA & CLAY ...AILROAD.	No. 34† Pass'ger.			
...ufaula......Ar	9 27 am			
...yton......Lv	8 00 am			
...COLUMBUS ...N LINE.	No. 6.° Pass'ger			
...acon......Ar	5 42 pm			
...Valley....Ar	4 25 pm			
...umbus....Lv	1 00 pm			

...llows: Between Savannah and Augusta, trains Nos ...s. 53 and 54; between Savannah and Atlanta, trains

...ti and Jacksonville, via Atlanta, Albany and Way-

... and Jacksonville, via Atlanta, Albany and Waycross

...thus † run daily except Sunday; trains marked thus

...n sale at the Union Depot 30 minutes to the leaving

T. D. KLINE, Sup't S. W. R. R. Macon.
G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agent,
...Agent, Atlanta.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., May 10th, 1884.

On and after May 12th, 1884, trains on this road will run as follows:

Time given here is 90 meridien, Atlanta cit time.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 51.	No. 53.
Leave Athens, 90 meridian	3:30 p m	7:00 a m
Arrive at Lula	6:00 p m	9:00 a m
Arrive at Atlanta	10:30 p m	12:00 n'n
Arrive at Tallulah Falls		12:50 a m
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	**No. 50.**	**No. 52.**
Leave Tallulah Falls	6:40 a m	
Leave Atlanta	7:40 a m	3:40 p m
Arrive at Lula	8:50 a m	6:40 p m
Arrive at Athens	12:30 p m	8:20 p m

Tallulah Falls accommodation Wednesday and Saturday only.

Leave Tallulah Falls	5:45 p m
Arrive at Rabun Gap Junction	6:50 p m
Leave Rabun Gap Junction	7:30 p m
Arrive at Tallulah Falls	8:30 p m

Connections made at Lula with passenger train on Richmond and Danville railroad, both east and west.

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
MERCER SLAUGHTER, G. P. A.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE

ATLANTA & WEST POINT
—AND—
Western Railway of Alabama.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE
Between the Southwest, and Northeast. Double Daily Line of

PULLMAN SLEEPERS

Between New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery to Atlanta and Washington.

TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, JUNE 1, 1884.

No. 50.	No. 52.	Read Up / Read Down	No. 51.	No. 53.
10 10am	9 50pm	ArN. O'lnsLv	6 00pm	8 20am
4 45am	4 00pm	..... Mobile.....	11 35pm	1 55pm
8 00pm	5 45am	.. Montg'my ..	8 00am	9 30pm
6 40pm	4 24am	...Chehaw Ar.	9 18am	10 49pm
5 45pm	3 27am	.....Opelika....	10 18am	11 45pm
5 00pm	2 39am	...West Point..	11 04am	12 35am
2 00pm	11 30pm	Lv Atlanta..	2 10pm	3 45am
8 35am	10 05pm	...Wash'gt'n..	9 20pm	9 20am
6 50am	9 05pm	...Baltimore..	11 25pm	10 50am
3 45am	6 00pm	...Philad'a....	3 40am	1 23pm
12 night	3 45pm	LvN.YorkAr	6 50am	3 50pm

Pullman sleepers on trains 50 and 51 between Washington and New Orleans via Kennesaw Route without change.

Pullman sleepers on Nos. 52 and 53 betwen Washington and New Orleans via Richmond and Danville Route without change.

Western railroad sleepers on trains 52 and 53 between Montgomer and Atlanta.

Trains 50, 51, 52 and 53 make close connections with trains to and from Mobile and New Orleans. Train 52 connects at Montgomery with trains for Selma and Eufaula. Connections made at Opelika with East Alabama and Cincinnati, and the Columbus and Western railroads. All trains except 51 and 53 connect at Chehaw with Tuskeegee railroad.

A. J. ORME, G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.
CECIL GABBETT, Gen'l Manager, Montgomery, Ala.

A TEACHER'S TALK.

THE DISCUSSION ON THE SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY.

Incidents of an Interesting Debate on the Advisability of the Establishment of a School of Technology in Connection With the State University at Athens, Etc.

On Friday afternoon at was supposed the topics of debate had been pretty well talked out, and the business of the convention seemed preparing for adjournment, when Mr. Fleming, of Augusta, arose and proposed a resolution recommending the establishment of school of technology in connection with the university at Athens. Mr. Fleming is a young lawyer of fine talents and high character, whose interest in education was early aroused by beginning life as superintendent of schools for Richmond county and the city of Augusta.

We suppose there is no doubt that there is a widespread demand among the people for more practical education, bearing somehow on the business of life—industrial education. The leading teachers and members are pretty well committed to favor this change, and doubtless in hearty sympathy with it. But many were evidently not prepared to commit themselves to any particular project carrying it out.

Dr. Orr arose and said that he heartily favored a school of technology; that the only question was one of expense. He stated that he had obtained from the federal department of education a circular of information, a book of several hundred closely printed pages giving a detailed account of all the industrial schools of the United States.

He referred to three of the great schools, that at Hoboken, New Jersey; that at St. Louis and that at Boston. These he said cost each about $700,000. He went on to say that the state could not at present spend so much money for such a project, and also give additional funds to public schools. He referred to the appalling illiteracy, the 600,000 young persons who could not write their own names, and argued that the Georgia Teachers' association was deeply interested to see this state of things changed.

There was a general protest from the friends of the school, that they were heartily in favor of adding to the public school fund, that the two projects were in no way inconsistent with each other. A number of the members of the association felt that the body would be wiser not to take up the course of the technological school, but the matter was pressed. There was a growing excitement, a resort to parliamentary devices. The president did not even have a gavel, one of the ordinary school call bells having been supposed sufficient for the demands of the occasion, and between motions "to lay on the table," which did not prevail, calls for "a division," calls for "the yeas and nays," and "the question," the proceeding of the Georgia Teachers' association were getting into entanglement, and the members looked at each other in dismay. The day was wearing away, there had been no election of officers, no preparation for any future meeting and there was no means of lighting the hall of the Mallon society in which the meetings were held; nobody came expecting to stay over Saturday: and looked as if the debate on the technological school were about to end the Georgia Teachers' association for good and all.

The motion to lay on the table not prevailing Mr. Orr, (son of the commisioner) offered a substitute recommending the legislatuore to give more money to public schools. This was somewhat resented qy the friends of the tecnological school who declared their willingness to vote for this resolution separately, but not a a substitute (which was afterwards done). The friends of the technological school declared that the two causes were in no sort of opposition.

Upon this, the Hon. Mr. Mitchell, late representative of Gwinnett county in the legislature, and a member of the committee on education, rose and stated that he had given a good deal of time and study to the subject of a technological school in connection with the university, that the vast expense had discouraged him from supporting the project. He also stated that he thought the measure for gaining more money for public schools had been defeated by the agitation of the technological school; not that there was the smallest opposition between the two, except as competitors for the public money, and Mr. Mitchell also stated that the school commissioner, Dr. Orr, had made no opposition to the technological school bill.

Mr. Fleming then urged that the measure was in the interest of the common people; that in electing members for the legislature in Richmond county who favored this school it was argued that it would make the University of Georgia less exclusively a school for the sons of rich men.

The resolutions were warmly supported by three fine-looking young men from Augusta. We do not know whether they (the young gentlemen) were appropriated or not, but they were warmly backed by some pretty young teachers, and somebody was unwise enough to say the resolutions ought not to be offered before a body composed largely of women, who probably had not considered the merits of the case. This occasioned some feeling, and Mr. Patton had the floor, when Dr. Powell, of Atlanta, rose to offer a remark or two. By the request of some of the visitors, Mr. Patton gave way for a moment. Atlanta people do not need to be told of Dr. Powell's eloquence. When the torrent gets under way it is irresistible. He argued that the passage of the resolutions was a mere courtesy, and from this, the gallent Dr. diverged to the ladies, who he said were peculiarly fitted to perform acts of courtesy. He paid a compliment of about twenty minutes long to the sex in his most impassioned, fervid, and interesting style.

After Dr. Powell, Colonel Lewis, of Dalton, arose and with some excitement of manner said there was a complaint of bulldozing, but he felt that the opponents of the resolution were bulldozed, and then he went on to criticize the feminine vote. He said the resolutions would not carry much weight when it was known that girls just out of the high school composed part of the voters. The colonel, at one point, added, "women, young and old," or words to that effect. As he finished, a clear feminine voice was heard in the rear, and Miss Kate Massey stood up to defend her sex. Women do not often talk in the Georgia Teachers' association, and the buzz, the excited whispers and noise gave way to deep, interested silence as she proceeded to say that she thought she could vote intelligently; that she had studied this subject. A storm of applause followed her words. Colonel Lewis asked her what a technological school was. She replied intelligently and firmly. But the convention stopped the catechising, and the scene. The vote was taken by yeas and nays, and afterwards Mr. Orr's substitute resolution was separately offered and passed unanimously.

The association in the gathering twilight elected Professor McKemy, president for another year, and Mr. G. J. Orr, Jr., secretary, and adjourned finally.

Two comments are to be made on this debate. The interests of education in Georgia should be one. As it is, our higher education and our elementary education are entrusted to two distinct sets of machinery. They are closely connected—the one cannot be injured or benefitted without affecting the other. Improvements in the mode, the subject of teaching must go from above, down. It is the order of nature and cannot be violated. The present writer does not see the exact remedy, but there is some use in distinctly stating the problem if you cannot at once solve it. Not only has the higher education a set of distinct agencies, old, conservative, with traditional claims to respect; and the elementary education its own machinery, new, powerful in the extended suffrage—there is a gap between them in the fact that except through city high schools there are no governmental agencies for secondary education. Except as competitors for the limited money we can give to education, there is no necessary opposition between the university and public schools, and we suppose no ill will is felt between the commissioner of schools on the one hand, the chancellor of the university on the other; but the work to be done is too connected not to call for some means of concerted action, and must make some conflict.

The university demands help—changes. The taxpayers are, it is true, in the numerical minority, but they are very powerful in influence. The money they give should help their children, and if their is an attempt to consider the illiterate alone, the intelligent property owing classes will retard the wheels.

On the other hand it is useless to oppose the public school system. The widened suffrage makes it irresistible. The one security of property is the division of laborers into black and white. The one danger, their unwise opposition to public schools. All lovers of Georgia should heed this, for the recollection of it can alone steer the old ship over the breakers of this new coast.

The friends of the technological school should give a definite plan, showing clearly what classes will be benefited, what money needed. Some plan of this kind would unite everybody in favor of it. But the industrial education should permeate the whole system of schools, at least through the agencies of secondary education—the city high chools.

TATE SPRINGS, TENNESSEE.

Notes From the Most Popular Watering Place.

The weather is delightful.

Three mails a day bring much pleasure to guests at Tate.

The crowd continues to increase and great numbers are booked to arrive this week.

The fine music of Cohen's band every night charms scores of merry dancers into the ball room. The german last Friday night was a splendid affair.

Among the latest arrivals are the following: B. H. Barnett and wife, child and nurse, Jacksonville, Fla.; Robert Duenner, Mrs. F. E. Habersham, Miss Rankin, Will Henry, Charles Taylor, Knoxville, Tenn.; Geo. P. Yoe, Miss Lula Yoe, Master Horace Yoe, Mossy Creek, Tenn.; Miss Jennie Peck, Rutledge, Tenn.; Mr. J. McKinzie, er idian, Miss.; Mrs. Judge Henry Craft, Miss Mary Craft, Master Paul Craft, Master Hugh Craft, Memphis, Tenn.; Geo. W. Parrott, Mrs. G. W. Parrott, Master Geo. W. Parrott, Joe Dreyfus, Henry Kuhrt, Atlanta, Ga.; Miss Julia Martin, Miss Fannie Martin, Georgetown, Ky.; Phil J. Scudder, Shelbyville, Tenn.; G. B. McCrary, Miss Mitchell, Morristown, Tenn.; R. I. McDowell, F. B. McDowell, Dr. J. B. Jones, Charlotte, N. C.; W. N. Harben, Dalton, Ga.; Amos Hays nnd wife, Greenwood, Fla.; Jas. Childres, Dr. T. H. Roddy, Ooltewah, Tenn.; Dr. R. B. Lenoir, Miss Ada and Miss Kattie Lenoir, Miss Florence Siler, Lenoir, Tenn.; D. W. Howard, Serveville, Tenn.; E. P. Dismukes, wife and three children, Quincy, Fla.; Swan Burnett, Big Creek, Tenn.; F. L. Wadyworth, Birmingham, Ala.; John Hager, Illinois; Miss Mamie McMillan, Martin Coudon and family, Knoxville, Tenn.; Geo. S. Andes, Baltimore; J. C. Estill and wife, Canton, Miss.

BROWN THE CHAMPION.

The Colored Walking Match at Williams's Warehouse Proves a Success.

The twelve-hour go-as-you-please walking match indulged in by the colored men at Williams's warehouse Friday, was a success. The race was witnessed throughout the day by a fair crowd. The track was an excellent one until the rain fell, after that it was heavy and hard to handle. There were fourteen entries, and as the clock struck ten they started on the tramp which ended at ten that night. The first hour of the race was quite interesting as each man tried to make the best time. Page was the successful man, and scored seven miles and eleven laps. After the first hour the men settled down to hard work, and except an occasional spurt continued the heavy tramp until the race closed. Pope, one of the easiest walkers on the track, was compelled to withdraw when he had completed twenty-one miles and five laps. Wilson went off at thirty-nine miles and five laps. Others fell off until half past eight when only seven men remained. At ten o'clock the score stood:

Jackson	55-12	Pittman	60- 2
Harden	35	Page	51
Brown	62- 9	Heard	61- 3
Pope	21- 5	Swanson	44- 6
Wilson	39- 5	Johnson	46- 2
Mitchael	50- 3	Thomas	33- 5
Wilson	41-11	Young	59- 2

Brown was declared entitled to the first money and Heard to the second, while Pittman came in third. Brown's walking was good. He had a terrible stride and was a good runner. The gate money was not as much as the contestants expected it would be but they are all satisfied.

Dr. D. W. Gwin.

Having resigned the pastorate of the First Baptist church of this city, we publish below the resolutions which were unanimously adopted by the Ladies' Benevolent union of that church, on hearing of his intended resignation.

They but feebly express the great sense of personal loss that is felt at his leaving the church: for to many his loss is irreparable, as he has shared their joys and their sorrows until he is indeed a brother, and one always filled with words of heavenly comfort and peace.

At a regular meeting of the Ladies' Benevolent union of the First Baptist church of Atlanta, Ga., held in the committee room of that church December, 1883, the following resolution was unanimously passed, and the secretary ordered to spread a copy on the minutes of the union, and furnish a copy to the pastor, Dr. D. W. Gwin.

Learning that our beloved pastor, Dr. D. W. Gwin, intends to resign his pastoraie of the church to which we belong, and deeply regretting the possibility as a loss to ourselves, to the church and to the community,

Resolved, That we tender to him our sincere assurances of gratitude for the work he has done in the church. Under his administration the church has been strengthened, elevated, disencumbered of embarrassment and made ready for a career of broader and higher beneficence in the future. The zeal of his labors, the sincerity, the power, the eloquence of his thoughts, and the pure influence of his unvarying Christian example we will remember and regard for all the future.

Our admiration and affection deepen the grief with which we hear of his intended action, and inspire us with the hope that he may yet, under the guidance of God, see his duty and happiness combine in remaining with us; and thus save the church which we all love from the great shock which we believe will be occasioned by his leaving it. If, however, we are no longer to have him for our pastor, if we must suffer this great loss, we tender to him our heart-felt sorrow and our affection, with the hope that his whole future may be rich in success in his divine calling and bright with reward of happiness for him and for all of his house; and when he shall have ceased from his labors the great reward shall await him, for: "Blessed are the pure in heart, they shall see God."

MRS. A. J. ORME.
MRS. J. M. HILL,
Committee.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, ATLANTA, GA., July 3, 1884.—Whereas: Our beloved pastor, Rev. D. W. Gwin, D. D., has unconditionally resigned his pastoral relationship with the First Baptist Church of Atlanta, unto which he has so ably, tenderly and faithfully administered the bread of life during the past eight years:

1. Therefore be it resolved, in church conference, That it is a pleasure to us to bear willing testimony to the faithful and efficient labors of our brother in the Master's cause, and we feel that they have been blessed in winning souls, especially the young, to Christ.

2. Resolved, That we shall always hold for him our warmest and tenderest Christian love and well wishes, and our prayers will accompany him for his peace, happiness and prosperity in his new field of labor.

3. Resolved, That wherever his lot may be cast, in the future, that people will be fortunate in securing his abilities and capabilities, and in all candor and sincerity we declare that they will find in him an able, earnest and consecrated minister of the gospel, a profound, eloquent and learned preacher and an humble, pure and conservative Christian.

4. Resolved, That a copy of these fesolutions be forwarded to our late pastor, and that they be spread upon the records of the church and be published in the Christian Index and Religious Herald of Richmond, Virginia, and ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

In Woman's Life

There are often critical periods which seem to defy all medicinal agents and medical skill. Powerful drugs sometimes bring relief, but the trouble soon returns and the patient receives no permanent benefit. Women suffering from those complicated diseases peculiar to their sex, will find in Luxomni certain and safe relief. Luxomni is no liquid preparation containing hurtful drugs, but a scientific combination of herbs and plants, a simple tea depending upon nature for its curative properties. "The simplest is the best," and this truth seems to be verified in Dr. Barry's preparation, which never fails to give satisfaction and bring relief to suffering woman. The universal expression of all who have availed themselves of its peculiar properties, are words of praise. Luxomni pleases, since if taken according to directions, it accomplishes what is claimed for it. From its simplicity a guarantee of no bad effects following its use, a fact to be considered, in these days, of no minor importance.

Dance at Gainesville.

A delightful dance came off at the Arlington hotel, Gainesville, on the evening of the fourth. The music for the occasion was furnished by Professor Card's band from New Holland springs in connection with the Messrs. Bearden Bros. Quite a number from among the prettiest and most accomplished young ladies of Gainesville were present. Among other visiting young ladies who were present, Miss Josephine Pou, Louisville, Ky.; Misses Daisy Huff, Clifford Putnam, Ada Porter, from New Holland; Mrs. F. D. Bush, Mrs. C. A. Sindall, Atlanta; Miss Julia Crawford and Miss Nannie Williams, Southeast Georgia. But 'tis impossible to give a list of those present. Messrs. Walter Huff, Prentice Huff, Thomas Felder were over from New Holland. The floor management was under Messrs. T. R. Marshalls, Richmond, Va., and C. D. Thomas, of Atlanta.

It was an evening of enjoyment to all present.

A masquerade ball will come off at the Arlington July 10th.

Our brisk little neighbor town of Clarkston had a walking match on the fourth between six boys from nine to fifteen years old. The winner of the stakes was little Fritz Bryan, the son of Mrs. Mary E. Bryan, of the Sunny South. Fritz is just ten years old. It being vacation, he works on the farm. On the day of the match he plowed in the cotton field from six till twelve without stopping, plowing a fiery young horse, then rode a mile and back on an errand, and hearing of the walking match, run from his home to Clarkston, nearly a mile, found the lists already formed, but got permission to enter and won the race. Good for Fritz.

Melon Report for July 5th.

Atlanta	9	Louisville	3
Buffalo	2	Birmingham	3
Pittsburg	1	Nashville	2
Indianapolis	4	Dayton	1
Cincinnati	20	Terre Haute	1
Detroit	1	Columbus	1
Chicago	11	Evansville	2
Chattanooga	4	Springfield	1
Burlington	1	Memphis	2
Kansas City	4	New Orleans	1
Cleveland	1		
St. Louis	2	Total	77

St. Luke's To-Day.

The services at St. Luke's cathedral this morning at eleven o'clock will be conducted by Beshop Beckwith, who will administer rite of confirmation and deliver an address. The officers of the cathedral will be in attendance, and will take pleasure in showing visitors to seats. The announcement that the bishop will address the congregation will fill the cathedral as usual.

FAMOUS DIAMONDS.

Their Size and Value.

It seldom occurs to anyone what immense values lie dormant in private hands, but when the fact is remembered that there is scarcely a home where jewels of one sort or another are not to be found the subject assumes an importance which it may seem to lack at first sight.

In times of revolution and political trouble jewels from their extreme portability have always risen in price, and even in times of monetary stringency those who deal in gems experience an increased demand. For at such periods people are looking for property in which investments can be made without risk, and there is perhaps nothing that will yield its original cost so surely as a well bought diamond.

A reporter of THE CONSTITUTION on yesterday was ruminating upon these matters and with a view of establishing the value of the five carat gem which reposes upon his peaceful bosom stepped into a large establishment and was met by one of the proprietors.

Who owns the largest diamond in the world?

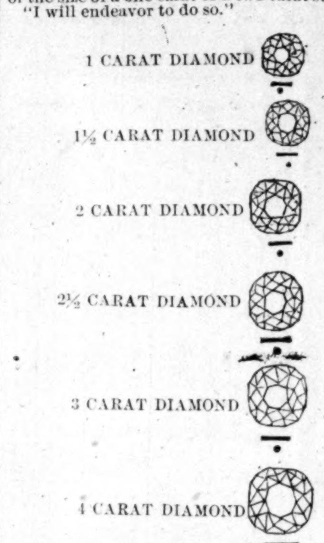
"The czar of Russia has the "Orloff Diamond" which is one of the largest in the world; its weight is 193 carats and valued at $400,000."

Mention some of the other historical gems?

"The "Koh-i-nor," which is owned by the Queen of England, weighs 123 carats and is worth $700,000. The "Star of the South," property of the Emperor of Brazil, weighs 125 carats. The "Regent," which is the property of France weighs 137 carats, is worth $648,000, and there are a number of others weighing from 40 to 90 carats each.

Carats is a term that many are not familiar with. You are clever with the pencil give me an idea of the size of a one carat or a two carat stone.

"I will endeavor to do so."



Of course the above are only approximately near, but sufficiently so to give you a pretty fair idea."

I suppose a 2 carat stone is worth twice as much as a 1 carat stone.

"The rule works altogether differently my friend Take for instance a one carat stone of good quality worth say $125, a three carat stone of the same quality would by worth perhaps $650."

What qualifies the value of a diamond?

"Its size, shape, color and freeness from flaws."

Is a knowledge of diamonds easily acquired?

"So far as the judging whether a stone is genuine or not, is soon understood, but to determine their comparative value requires almost a lifetime of study and experience."

After looking through an immense display of selected loose stones, our reporter took leave, and the information given we must thank Messrs. J. P. Stevens & Co., the enterprising jewelers, who have recently made such a display of gems that their store is one of the sights of Atlanta.

Bishop Beckwith officiates at St. Luke's this morning at 11 o'clock.

A Prominent Farmer Writes.

ROBERT STATION, Jones County, Ga., June 20th, 1884.—By the recommendation of Rev. C. C. Davis I used Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir for indigestion, debility and nervous prostration, having been a great sufferer for years and tried all known remedies for these diseases. all of which failed. Five bottles of Lemon Elixir made a new man of me and restored my strength and energy so that I can attend to my farm with all ease and comfort Refer any one to me. Your friend,

WILLIAM B. EMERSON.

A Card from Cuthbert.

This is to certify that I used Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir for neuralgia of the head and eyes with the most marked benefits to my general health. I would gladly have paid $500 for the relief it has given me at a cost of two or three dollars.

H. A. BEALL,
Clerk Superior Court, Randolph Co.
Cuthbert, Ga., June 21, 1884.

Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir, prepared at his drug store, 114 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

Fifty cents for one-half pint bottle, $1 for pint and half bottle. Sold by druggists generally.

Piques that we offer at 3 cents are sold elsewhere at 8 cents, and our Ginghams at 5 cents are worth 12 cents. M. Rich & Bros.

Inflammatory Rheumatism.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., June 26, 1884.—Editors Constitution: I desire to make public through your columns my experience with a remedy which is made in your city.

In the early part of February last, after a three weeks' visit north in inclement weather, I was attacked with

INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM

of severe type—my first serious illness (with the exception of yellow fever in 1876) in fourteen years. When taken I was in robust health, weighing 165 pounds, but somewhat worn and weary with overwork. I was treated first with acids then with alkaline remedies—each furnishing temporary partial relief from pain, which returned with increased severity at the slightest change in the weather and each new attack was preceded by a chill and followed by a hot fever. In three weeks my weight was redneed to 130 pounds. I had no appetite or strength and was growing weaker each day. I continued changing medicines and was finally advised by physicians after seven weeks of continued treatment, that my only hope of speedy recovery was to visit the White Sulphur springs in Florida—a trip which business and other considerations did not permit. In the Savannah News I saw an article from Major Sidney Herbert, stating that he had been relieved of rheumatism by Swist's Specific—and I at once commenced to take it. In three days I began to improve, and in three weeks I was free from disease and attending to my business. My appetite returned and I rapidly regained the lost flesh. I have waited this long to be sure that my relief was permanent. Should any of your readers be suffering from like mental and physical prostration, and be induced by my physical prostration, and be induced by by my experience to find relief, I should be glad.

Yours respectfully,
C. P. GOODYEAR,
Attorney at Law.

3,000 Per Month.

The Swift Specific company say that they receive at their several offices more than a hundred letters a day asking for advice in the treatment of blood and skin diseases, scrofula, cancer, and troubles of the blood. A large number of these correspondents are of course chronic cases of disease who have been through the whole catalogue of treatment, and finally come to Swift's Specific, as the most reliable and harmless vegetable alterative remedy. With great unanimity—they say about this: "I have been poisoned with mercury and potash. "My teeth were made loose. I was salivated, my joints are swollen. I have rheumatism in nearly every bone, the sarsaparilla and potash mixtures have ruined my digestien, food is repulsive to me. I have lost in flesh, and am in a wretched state generally." Now we wish to say that Swift's Specific, S. S. S. is the great remedy for all this class of diseases, and for this mercurial and potash poisoning. It is entirely a vegetable remedy—is harmless even to young infants—but roots out the most virulent poison, and relieves the system by forcing it through the pores of the skin. It begins to build up the poor emaciated poisoned sufferers from the first dose. Send for treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free. Beware of imitations of our remedy, they contain either mercury or potash or both and some bear a lie on the face. The Swift Specific company, drawer 3, Atlanta Georgia, or 159 West Twenty-Third street, New York or 1,205 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

We have some beautiful French Wash Goods that we now offer at less than cost to close them out. M. Rich & Bros.

M. RICH & BROS. OFFER FOR THIS WEEK ONLY,

5,000 YARDS 27 INCH CORDED PIQUES, AT 3 CENTS.
2,500 YARDS 36 INCH WHITE VICTORIA LAWNS, AT 5 CENTS.
6,700 YARDS 30 INCH DRESS MUSLIN (FRESH GOODS), AT 4 CENTS.
2,000 YARDS BEST PLAID AND STRIPED GINGHAMS, AT 5 CENTS
1,500 YARDS BEST XX WAMSUTTA 4-4 BLEACHING, AT 10 CENTS.
1,200 YARDS BEST 40 INCH JONES CAMBRIC, AT 12 1-2 CENTS.
LADIES' SOLID INGRAIN HOSE, 25 CENTS PER PAIR.
LADIES' CLOCKED BALBRIGGAN HOSE, 25 CENTS PER PAIR.
PALM LEAF FANS, 25 CENTS PER DOZEN.
ALL OUR ZEPHYRS, AT 8 CENTS PER OUNCE.

COME, AND WE WILL SHOW YOU PLENTY OF THESE GOODS, AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS. BUT THESE PRICES ARE FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

M. RICH & BROS.

McNeal, painter and wall paper dealer.

W. J. Hudson & Co. wholesale "Kolbs's Gem."

4th Meeting---Camp Stevenson

July 3d to July 17th. Special Rates by the C. N O. and T. P. R. R. Dr. West and Dr. Young, of Nashville, Tennessee, assisted by corps of eminent Divines. Ice water free for all. tf

Tate Spring water relieves constipation.

Summer Resorts.

The Davenport house, Toccoa, Georgia, is fast filling with summer visitors. su

Attention is directed to the advertisement of a store room, and suits of single rooms to rent in the new CONSTITUTION building.

With passenger elevator, heat and electric light furnished for each room, and splendid ventilation no more elegant quarters can be secured anywhere.

Mattings at 44 Peachtree street.

McNeal, painter and wall paper dealer.

Notice.

The annual meeting of the Atlanta chamber of commerce will be held at their rooms on Alabama street on Monday, July 7th, at 12 o'clock. Elections of officers for the ensuing year will then be held, as provided for, by the constitution and bylaws.

H. M. COTTINGHAM, Sec'y.
Atlanta, July 5, 1884.

McNeal, painter and wall paper dealer.

Georgians drink Tate Spring water.

BARGAINS.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

Will offer Monday the following lots of goods at prices that will close them out quick. Take a look at them.

LOT WHITE GOODS

Embracing Persian, Victoria, India Lawns; also Plaid Swisses and Organdies.

LOT TOWELS

This is small lot; very fine goods; slightly soiled.

JUST RECEIVED.

BRUSSELS CARPETS

VERY CHEAP.

Matttings, Fresh and New!

FLOOR OIL CLOTH.

New Designs Best Grades

EMBROIDERIES!

This lot of goods consists of large purchase of medium widths; also lot of remnants, elegant wide goods, at about half value.

GENTS' HALF HOSE.

These goods are odd lots; few of a kind very fine goods at less than price of common goods.

10-4 SHEETING.

Large lot just received.

Grenadines.

These goods are elegant, pure silk, offered at half price.

LACE CURTAINS.

Large Lot That we can Sell Way Under Value.

—ALSO—

Embroideries, New White Goods,

SUN UMBRELLAS, BLACK SILKS.

Chamberlin, Johnson & Co

Will commence this week their semi-annual clearing sale of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Will offer to the trade "Special Inducements" in 'Odd Lots,' one and two pairs of a kind.

These Shoes are made to our order, and are first-class in every particular.

This is a rare opportunity for those wishing to buy Shoes to obtain real fine goods at about half price. Call to see us before the stock is picked over.

Chamberlin Johnson & Co.

The Great Trial

Seal Skin Cigars

ARE HERE TO BE TESTED WITH ATLANTA'S most popular brands. The best judges of cigars are invited to pass judgment upon them. For sale by P. J. Kenny, Alabama street; Curran & Scott, at "The Bank;" Willis E. Venable, at Jacobs' Drug Store.

FRANK E. BLOCK, Wholesale Agent.

STILSON, Jeweler.

Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing and Bottom Prices

53 WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA GA.

JOHN RYAN

Will offer to-morrow the following "rousing" bargains that can't be touched elsewhere in the United States:

Chambrays at 7c worth 15.
Fancy Ginghams, dress styles, at 8c worth 12½.
Seersuckers, beautiful patterns, at 8c., cheap at 15c.
Sea Island, yard wide, at 5c worth 8c.
Calicoes at 2½c, selling elsewhere at 5c.
Fancy Colored Lawns at 5c worth 8c.
White Embroidered Suits worth $4 at $2.
White Embroidered Suits worth $5 at $3.
One lot slightly soiled White Suits worth $12.50 at $6.
One lot slightly soiled White Suits worth $15 at $7.
Big lot Oriental Laces, "job lot," from 12½c up.
Wide Laces for yokes and sleeves at 25, 35 and 50c, very cheap.
Few more Ribbons at 2½c.
5,000 dozen Fancy Buttons worth from 25 to 50c dozen at 5c dozen.
Job lot Misses' regular made Hose at 20c.
Job lot Misses' regular made Hose at 25c.
Job lot Misses' regular made Hose at 35c.
Job lot Ladies' real Balbriggan Hose at 25c.
Job lot Ladies Hose, solid colored, silk clocked at 25 cents.
Few more Kid Gloves, Mousquitaire and buttons at 25c.
Hamburg "Allover" Embroidery worth 75c and $1.00 at 50c.
50 pieces Check Nainsooks at 6c.
Big lot of Sash Ribbons less than ½ price.
Gents Unlaundered shirts, fine quality of linen, bands or cuffs re-enforced, worth 75c, at 45c.
White Counterpanes, large size, "Crochet," or "Marseilles," worth $1.75, at $1.25.

Any one wishing the above with hundreds of other bargains in every department can secure them by calling early at

JOHN RYAN'S.

Give your children Smith's worm oil.

MOSQUITO BARS TO ORDER

And in stock in all the patent frames and on plain rings also; any style or color of net desired promptly furnished; prices low; some as low as $1.50. Call on

M. RICH & BROS.

Kolbs's Gem is the best Melon in the world. W. J. Hudson & Co.

Thousands of Fans at less than you have ever seen them at M. Rich & Bros.

Irrepressible!

John Keely, surviving the rain and mud of the past weeks, nay, coming out of the bad season with fine trade results, comes to the front again with fresh, with surprising bargains. How he ever got hold of the goods so as to offer them in this way and at those prices is a matter of some wonder. The calicoes which he is now selling at 2¾ and 4¼ cents a yard, surprise everybody. His white goods are marvels of beauty and cheapness and his silks and dress goods are, for their beauty and cheapness, upon every tongue. The trade, even in these wet, muddy times, does not desert him for a moment. His store is thronged as if it were fall! There must be, and there is some reason for this, and as Captain Keely lays no claim to "the personal" as to influence, etc., in business, there seems to be but one solution to it, viz: Good goods and the lowest prices! Well, no man ever won upon a fairer field than this, and "to the victor belongs the spoil" say we! His millinery department has just been replenished, he tells us, with everything beautiful and desirable, whilst his bargains in hoisery and gloves are simply exciting in the extreme. Be sure to call upon the captain and examine his goods and prices while out shopping! Our word for it, it will pay you well to do so!

McNeal, painter and wall paper dealer.

Ask your grocer for "Kolbs's Gem" Melons. If you have any trouble in getting ripe melons ask for "Kolbs's Gem."

For this week at M. Rich & Bros., all Zephyrs at 8 cents an ounce.

Bargains in all kinds of furniture at 44 Peachtree street.

The Church Cyclopaedia.

ATLANTA, July 5, 1884.

As general agent for the state of Georgia, I am now delivering free of postage or expressage to subscribers and purchasers the "Church Cyclopaedia." This is, as announced by the publishers a "Dictionary of Church Doctrine, History, Organization and Ritual, designed especially for the use of the laitity of the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States." It contains over 800 pages. Price $5.

The New York Churchman says of it that it contains a vast amount of information in regard to our own branch of the church," and will be found a handy book book of reference, as containing in a general authoritative form, those facts which the laiety not to say the clergy need to know." Address

REV. W. H. HUNT.
No. 181 Capitol Avenue, Atlanta

We offer the balance of our Parasols at 50 cents on the dollar. M. Rich & Bros.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The Only Flavor in the Seal Skin Cigar

Is that given by a secret combination of the finest pure Havana tobaccos properly rehandled. They are free from all scent or flavor produced by drugs. Give them a trial. For sale by

JACK, WARD & CO.,
WILLIS E. VENABLE,
CURRAN & SCOTT,
P. J. KENNY,

And at wholesale by FRANK E. BLOCK.

Business Opportunity.

We are desirous of winding up our business in the next few days, will therefore sell cigars at cost in lots to suit purchasers. We have safe, show case, desks and office fixtures which we will sell very low. Come and see us at

J. J. COHEN'S SON'S,
10 E. Alabama street.

Tate Spring, East Tenn, is Georgia's favorite resort.

Carpets on the installment plan on a cash basis. Call and see. M. RICH & BROS.

McNeal, painter and wall paper dealer.

H. Y. Snow retails "Kolbs's Gem."

Carpets.

Your attention is called to the choice selection of carpets we are now offering in the latest designs of the various good makes of Axmeister, Wilton, Moquette, Body Brussels, tapestry, ingrain, three-ply venitian, etc., at prices strictly to suit the times. Call and see us before you buy, as we can save you money which may be an object to you just now

M. RICH & BROS.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Morehead City,

NORTH CAROLINA.

The Great Southern Seaside Resort.

THE FINEST SURF ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.

The Finest Bay for Sailing.

THE BEST FISHING IN THE WORLD.

A WORD IN SEASON.

What is the use spending money for inferior resorts, where there is no change of air, diet, scenery, or amusement, when you can go to Morehead City, on the North Carolina coast for less money, and have all the above privileges.

"What do you want for your children during the sickly summer months?"

You want complete change of air, water and diet. This alone will put roses in their cheeks and send them back to school happy and healthy.

"What do you want for yourself and your wife?"

You want complete change of scenery, change of habits, change of amusements. This, and this alone, will give you diversion and rest and send you back to your business feeling like a new man.

Now at Morehead City you get instead of the inland breeze, the salty, bracing and delicious sea breeze. This gives you change of air. Instead of the same round of beef, mutton, ham and chicken, you get at Morehead City soft shell crab, oysters, Spanish mackerel, clams, deviled crabs, and every delicacy that is to be found in salt or fresh water, and situated in the midst of the fruit and truck region of Carolina, it has the best fruits to be had. This gives you change of diet. Instead of mountains and red hills and rivers, you get the grand ocean, a beautiful land-locked bay and miles of shining beach. This gives you a change of scenery. Instead of loafing about a cottage and sitting under a tree, or riding over hilly, dusty roads, you get superb surf-bathing, the best Spanish mackerel fishing in the world, still bathing and still fishing, and the best of sailing on either bay or ocean, and fine shooting for water fowl. This gives you change of habit.

So you have at Morehead City every requisite for a perfect summer resort. One month at Morehead will refresh you, invigorate you, build up your children, and save in doctor's bills double what it costs you to make the trip.

The hotel is under new management, is enlarged, improved, and we guarantee that it will have the best table on the Atlantic coast. Our bill of fare leaves the epicure nothing to desire.

Prices are Cut to Suit the Times.

We appreciate the stringency of the times and have put our rates at such figures that they can be met without inconvenience and so that it is nearly as cheap to come to Morehead as to stay at home.

MAKE UP YOUR MIND TO SPEND A MONTH AT THIS FAMOUS RESORT,

and write us for terms.

R. B. RANEY & CO.,
Atlantic Hotel, Morehead City, N.C.

ST. GEORGE'S HALL FOR BOYS, REISterstown, Md., prepares for any college or business life. Unsurpassed. $250 to $300 a year.
PROF. J. C. KINEAR, A. M., Principal.
sun wed

The Hannah More Academy for Girls.

FIFTEEN MILES FROM BALTIMORE. NOTED for healthfulness, thorough instruction, careful training, and the refining influences of a Christian Home. REV. ARTHUR J. RICH, A. M., M.D., Reisterstown, Md. sun

Southern Home School for Girls.
197 & 199 N. CHARLES STREET., BALTIMORE, MD.
Mrs. W. M. Carey, Miss Carey.
Established 1842.
French the Language of the School. su we fri

Edgeworth School, Baltimore, Md.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG Ladies and Children. The 22d school year begins Thursday, September 18th.
Circulars sent on application to the Principal.
su w MRS. H. P. LEFEVRE, 59 Franklin St.

VIRGINIA
Female Institute
STAUNTON, VA.

MRS. GEN. J. E. B. STUART, PRINCIPAL. The next session of nine months begins Sept. 11, 1884. Efficient teachers in every department. Number limited. Terms reasonable. For full particulars apply to the Principal. su we fri

Tax Notice.

THE TIME ALLOWED BY LAW FOR MAKING State and County Tax Returns has expired. While making up my books, and before they are closed, I hope you will come forwars add give in and not force me to put you on the defaulter's or double tax list. Respectfully solicitions.

J. O. HARRIS,
Tax Receiver.

7p

TEACHERS and SCHOOL GIRLS ATTENTION!

We will reduce our price of tuition during the summer months to accommodate ladies desirous of taking advantage of the school vacation. New Art Goods. Cool studio. Call and see specimens or send for circulars. Firing and gliding of China our specialty. Artists' requisites in great variety.

LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL,
67¾ Whitehall Street. Atlanta, Ga.

H. L. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO., ARCHITECTS,
9½ Peachtree Street.

FOR INFORMATION AS TO
RAILROAD RATES, ROUTES, TIME, ETC.,
To any Part of the World
Apply to B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger Agent, Kennesaw Route.
3m Atlanta, Ga.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 6 5-16; New York at 11⅛; in Atlanta at 10¾.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, July 4, 10:30 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.05	82	75	S W	Fresh	.00	Fair.
Augusta	30.05	81	...	S	Light	.00	Clear.
Key West	30.01	82	...	W	Fresh	.00	Fair.
Savannah	30.04	80	...	S	Light	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation.							
6:31 a m	30.02	72	71	S W	Light	—	Foggy
10:31 a m	30.03	82	72	N W	Light	.00	Fair.
2:31 p m	29.93	86	72	S W	Light	.00	Fair.
6:31 p m	29.95	84	74	S	Fresh	.00	Clear.
10:31 p m	30.05	82	73	S W	Fresh	.00	Fair.

Mean daily bar. 30.020 Maximum ther. 86.5
" " ther. 79.8 Minimum ther. 69.8
" " hu'y ... 80.7 Total rainfall ..... .00

ANY GENT'S SIZE AN

Key Winding Watch

CHANGED

TO STEM WINDER.

Watches Skilfully Repaired.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
Jewelers.

THEO. H. PRICE, Late of Eure, Farrar & Price. FERGUS REID.

PRICE, REID & CO.,
Cotton Commission Merchants
—NORFOLK, VA.—

Special attention given to the sale of cotton, to arrive or in transit, for both foreign and domestic markets. Correspondence solicited.

MEETINGS.

German Lutheran Church.

The presence of all Germans is solicited at the semi-annual meeting, which will be held at the church after service this morning.

H. HOLJES, Secretary.

Atlanta Knights Templar.

Attend a regular conclave of Cœur de Lion commandery No. 4 K. T., at the asylum, Masonic Hall, Monday night 7th instant, at 8 o'clock, sharp. Sojourning knights in the city are courteously invited to be present.

By order of E. C.
C. L. WILSON,
B. F. MOORE, Recorder.

SOUTHERN ASH.

Something That Will Interest all Lovers of Our Country's Prosperity.

It will be highly interesting to all southerners to know that the woods of this section are rapidly coming into use in many of the European and other foreign markets of the world. For many years not many of the harder southern woods could be introduced abroad, the absurd objection being raised that they were not as hard and durable as the same woods grown in the west and northwest. A peculiar incident showing the fallacy of this reasoning on the part of foreign dealers now comes to light. A Chicago manufacturing firm has a heavy trade in American ash oars with an English house, the latter having it particularly specified that only western ash would be acceptable. Recently, however, the western supply began to run short, and, as an experiment, the Chicago house concluded to become southern ash into oars and run the risk of having the work accepted. They accordingly took the southern ash, every way as good as western, shipped it to England and awaited results. After weeks of anxious expectancy, a letter came, in which the English dealers said the last invoice gratified them exceedingly, and sending another order for "more ash oars from the same section." Since then the American firm has steadily forwarded southern ash oars the waters.

"And this is not only true of ash," said Mr. Normond Flemming, THE CONSTITUTION'S informant on the above interesting story, "but other southern woods are equally as salable to our transatlantic friends. You know pine, of course, is the demand for Georgia pine. Its popularity in Paris for fine ornamental work is simply unprecedented."

"Well, how is the home trade?"

"In Atlanta it has been good for a long while. True, prices dropped on us, but they can't last, you know, and if a man buys now he has an advantage of 25 per cent at least, over what he will pay a year from now. In other words, if you buy $5,000 worth of lumber now, it will be worth $6,250 in a year. This is undoubtedly a fact, and one which I would impress."

"Did the recent wet weather hurt the trade?"

"O, yes, considerably. My yard was turned into a lake, and I thought of posting a sign, "No fishing allowed." Then the streets were practically impassable, many of them, and nobody could haul lumber. Things began to look a little blue, but the past few days have livened matters a great deal, and I have had a rush. You see, I have always kept only the best lumber of all kinds, that many contractors who formerly bought from others are now tu ning to me. Indeed, my trade has been far beyond anything I expected, and I am satisfied that it will grow larger and larger, as I intend to continue handling only the very best lumber I can get. Good lumber is everything in building, and I am willing to stand by any record in securing future orders. I have as fine a stock of dry pine flooring, ceiling and other lumber as was ever seen in Atlanta."

Mr. Flemming is an interesting talker, and what he says may be taken as reliable. He is one of the leaders in the city lumber trade.

A CARD.

Expression of Thanks.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION:—In resigning my position as master mechanic and car builder of the Atlanta and Brunswick division of the E. T. V. & G R. R., please allow me space in your paper to express my thanks to the employees of motive power and car departments for the excellent manner in which they have performed their duties. When I came here, I found a new road and able, intelligent employees, many of them young men but in need of discipline and instruction. I inaugurated a system of instruction and examination of engineers and train men, explaining to young engineers the workings of a locomotive, so that any defects or trouble with the machinery might be overcome in the best possible manner. The result of this instruction and examination is that I now turn this division over to my successor with as good a class of men as any of the great trunk lines of the country. With my experience of twenty-five years, I can safely say I have never met a better class of men than I now leave on this road. I am deeply indebted to the employees for the cheerful spirit in which they have performed their duties amid the the many drawbacks presented on a new road. It is with much regret that I now leave the men with whom I have been so pleasantly connected, and I sincerely hope they will show the same respect and courtesy to my successor, Mr. W. A. Walden that they have ever shown me.

Very respectfully,
W. J. ROGERS.

Bishop Beckwith officiates at St. Luke's this morning at 11 o'clock.

—FOR—
BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY,
AND ALL OFFICE SUPPLIES,
—CALL AT—
LYNCH & LESTER'S.

C. W. MOTES,
Portrait Photographer,
34 WHITEHALL STREET.

THE BEST GALLERY, FINEST SCENERY AND best light in the city. My scenery has been carefully selected from Seavey, the celebrated New York artist, and is especially suited for young ladies in their graduating dresses. A large and fine assortment of Gold, Plush and Antique Bronze picture frames. Sittings made in cloudy weather. All work done by the instantaneous process.

C. W. MOTES.

PERSONAL.

Dr. J. P. Huntley, Dentist, 61 Wheat street.

Dr. W. G. Browne, Dentist, 63½ Whitehall street.

Dr. A. G. Hobbs, (eye, ear and throat) James' block

Miss Zella Robinson, of this city, spent the fourth in Macon.

Dr. W. King, of this city, visited Lexington, during the week.

Mr. Paul Corry, of Atlanta, is visiting friends in Crawfordsville.

Mrs. A. P. Stewart, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives at Red Clay.

Several families from Atlanta are expected at the Davenport soon. su

Mr. Theodore J. Elmore is quite ill at his residence, 46 Collins street.

Mr. Joseph Allen, of Thomaston, will make Atlanta his future home.

Miss Gussie Morrall, of this city is visiting friends and relatives in Marietta.

Mrs. Mattie Harris, nee Miss Moore, is visiting relatives in Crawfordsville.

Miss Mamie Henderson, came down to Atlanta, from Chattanooga, Friday.

Dr. W. A. Lansdell, son and daughter, of Atlanta are visiting relatives, in Rome.

Miss Fannie Lou Willis, of Wilkes county, Ga., is visiting Mrs. Dr. Scott, 15 Powers st. eet.

Miss Mildred S. Mapp, who spent sometime in Atlanta, is again at her home at White Plains.

Mr. J. G. Thrower has removed from his Whitehall street residence to 28 North Forsyth street.

Prof. Fairhurst and family, of Lexington, Ky., are visiting Mr. G. G. Holman, on Crew street.

Miss Fannie L. Cheney, of Atlanta, is visiting the family of Judge M. H. Sandwich, of Thomaston.

Rev. Sam P. Jones will preach this morning at the First Methodist church and at Trinity tonight.

Miss Minnie Mooty, one of the fair belles of Columbus, is visiting her friend Miss Mittie Jones, at 84 Ivy street.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Hanby and Messrs. D. N. Griffin, and C. C. Seals, of Birmingham, spent the fourth in Atlanta.

Miss Hurst, the Georgia presto magnetist, will give a performance at Wallack's theatre, to-morrow (Monday) night.

Mrs. J. R. Gregory has removed her studio, for the summer, to her residence 155 Collins street between Ellis and Cain.

At the recent anniversary exercises at the University of Virginia, among the law graduates was D. Dubose, of Georgia.

Chattanooga Times: "Miss Susie McPherson, a charming young lady of Atlanta, is visiting her uncle, Major C. B. Wallace."

Miss Willie Peeples, an accomplished and beautiful society lady of Selma, Ala., is in the city, the guest of friends on West Fair street.

Mr. Charlie Howard, the courteous and efficient treasurer of DeGive's opera house, will leave the city for New York during the coming week.

General John D. Rather, of Tuscumbia, Ala., and his accomplished daughter, Miss Anne, are visiting the family of Mr. John M. McClellan, at 49 Ellis street.

The Rev. Dr. Armstrong, rector of St. Philip's church will preach at the Mission of the Redeemer corner West Fair and Walker streets to-night at 8 o'clock.

—Miss Allie Thompson, of this city, is at present visiting relatives a few miles from Saratoga springs. She will soon go to Brooklyn. Miss Allie is having a delightful visit.

Newark, Ohio Daily Advocate: "Will Foreacre, son of General Manager Foreacre, takes a position as telegraph operator in the train dispatcher's office. Will is considered a No. 1. operator."

Carroll County Times: Mr. C. Walter Carlton, a rising young architect and a fine violinist, of Atlant, is visiting relatives in Carrollton and vicinity. He is in the employ of Kimball, Wheeler & Co., architects, Atlanta."

Miss Leila Krouse, the little eleven year old daughter of Mr. H. Krouse, has just finished a beautiful oil painting which does great credit to the young artist. Miss Lelia is a pupil of Miss Ellis, and both pupil and teacher deserve much praise.

Hon. H. J. Stewart, of Jasper, Fla., having spent several weeks visiting his son, Mr. Robert S. Stewart, returned to his home yesterday. He came here feeble and ill, but went away feeling strong and well. The Judge is an affable and agreeable gentleman and made many friends in our city.

In speaking as the complimentary concert tendered Prof De La Cron, by the citizens of Rome at Nevin's opera house, Thursday night, the Courier says: "Miss Irene Farrar, of Atlanta, sang (by request) "I'm Fingara," and in response to an encore gave "No, sir," and charmed her hearers more than ever."

BROOMHEAD'S BONANZA.

The Court Decides That the Surplus Fund is Subject.

When the settlement for the building of the courthouse came on there was $6700 due to Broomhead & Lynch. Pat Lynch had given to John H. James an order on the county commissioners and C. M. Payne, county treasurer, an order for whatever sum might be due on the building of the courthouse, for extras, and so forth. The matter got into dispute and was finally referred to George Hillyer, T. P. Westmoreland and J. W. English as arbitrators. They decided that the money in question should be paid out to liquidate the firm debts of Broomhead & Lynch. James excepted to the award and yesterday Judge Hammond sustained the award and ordered that the $6,700 be first applied to the debts of Broomhead & Lynch. It is not yet known whether an exception will be taken to the ruling of the court.

Furniture on installment plan at 44 Peachtree street.

"Well Springs of Truth."

Messrs. T. H. McGillis and Rufus J. Clark, students of Emory college, are spending their vacation in this city, engaged in introducing the above named excellent literary production, from the pen of the distinguished author, W. W. Bruce, M. D. The work contains many of the most beautiful gems which have emanated from the minds of the world's greatest thinkers. It should be in every household, especially where there are children. We commend to the citizens the young gentlemen who are handling it. They are stopping at 108 Marietta street.

Awnings made to order at Millers, 44 Peachtree street.

We will receive car of fine Yellow Bananas Monday. Come and get. Fresh fruit. W. J. Hudson & Co.

McNeal, painter and wall paper dealer.

The largest and handsomest furniture and carpet store is 44 Peachtree street.

Lawn Party.

The recent unfavorable weather compelled the young ladies of SS. Peter and Paul church, to postpone their contemplated lawn party. It is now announced that such party will be held on next Tuesday evening, weather permitting, at the residence of Rev. Father McMahon, corner Marietta and Alexander streets. Music, ice cream, refreshments, etc. All are cordially invited. Admission ten cents.

H. Y. Snow retails "Kolbs's Gems."

Bishop Beckwith officiates at St. Luke's this morning at 11 o'clock.

Did you ever buy Piques at 3 cents a yard? You can get them at M. Rich & Bros.

HIRSCH BROTHERS.

HAVE MARKED DOWN THEIR
ELEGANT LINE OF CLOTHING FOR MEN BOYS' AND CHILDREN,
To Prices to Suit the Times.

We still have a choice line of Goods in our Merchant Tailoring Deparment, at greatly reduced figures

HIRSCH BROS.
42 and 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

THIN SUMMER GOODS

IN GREAT VARIETY AT VERY LOW FIGURES.
OUR BOYS' and CHILDREN'S SUITS
WE ARE SELLING OUT AT REDUCED PRICES.
A No. 1 Stock of Fine Dress Suits, Worsteds, Granites, &c., Kept Constantly on Hand.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER AT POPULAR PRICES.
MUSE AND SWIFT,
38 WHITEHALL ST.

A Large stock of Watches
—AT—
Greatly Reduced Prices.
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW'S,
31 Whitehall street.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

Some times I think that we merchants are a pretty clever class of people, and then again I think well, we are certainly the most charitable and liberal family on record. Why, some of us are actually trying to make you feel that we are going to give you goods. Well, isn't that too bad. Don't you think that a fellow is mean to himself to say things which he knows he is not going to do; that is, unless he has spoken to some one else to assume his responsibilities after he leaves this country. We would be powerful glad to have you call and see how cheap we are selling things.

Bishop Beckwith officiates at St. Luke's this morning at 11 o'clock.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

Commencing to-day, July 1st, we make prices on all summer goods so low that they are bound to sell. We will not carry them over if you need goods and will call. Some of our biggest drives will be in Prints, Bleached and Brown Domestics, Ginghams, Table Linens and Dress Goods.

M. Rich & Bros. are making big runs on fans and parasols this week. You have never seen such bargains as they offer.

Bishop Beckwith officiates at St. Luke's this morning at 11 o'clock.

W. J. Hudson & Co. wholesale "Kolbs's Gem."



JELLICO
Mountain Coal!

We have thss day appointed Messrs. Sciple & Sons as our sole and exclusive agents for the sale of our Jellico Mountain Coal in Georgia, South Carolina and Florida. Coal dealers, manufacturers and consumers purchasing Jellico Mountain Coal will order direct of our authorized agents.

EAST TENN. COAL COMPANY.
B. A. JENKINS, Secretary.

Jellico, Tenn., June 24, 1884.

Jellico is the coming Coal. No coal ever shipped to this city gives such universal satisfaction. It is best stocking coal we ever handled. It is very hard and don't slack like Coal Creek, Montevallo and other coals shipped here. It is the cleanest and best lump coal we ever handled, and we have handled them about all. We wish to say to everybody, buy the Jellico every time. We will guarantee it will please you better than any coal you have ever used. We know whereof we are talking about. All our Montevallo customers now use the Jellico. We will be pleased to enter into contracts to furnish manufacturers, steam men, coal dealers and consumers as at low a price as any other shippers to this market. Call and see us, Telephone 295, or write for prices.

sep only SCIPLE & SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

If you will be kind enough as to tell your neighbors how cheap we are going to sell goods this week, we will feel obliged; and, by the by, can't you call yourself and examine those elegant Dress Plaid Ginghams which we are going to sell at 6½ cents per yard.

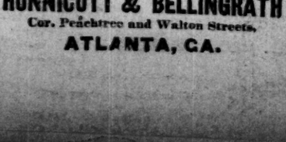
All of our $1.00 and $1.25 Foulard Silks are marked down to 50 and 75 cents, and our 40 cents Summer Silks were sold at 75 cents. M. Rich & Bros.

David H. Dougherty.
SPOT CASH.

Shoes, a Good Stock Ch eap

Wamsutta best XX 4-4 Bleechings at 10 cents are very cheap at M. Rich & Bros.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE.
ONLY $1.00 BY MAIL, POST PAID.



A GREAT MEDICAL WORK
ON MANHOOD.

Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretions or excesses. A book for every man, young, middle aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found by the Author, whose experience for 28 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work, in every sense—mechanical, literary and professional—than any other work sold in this country for $2.50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1.00 by mail, post paid. Illustrative sample six cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association to the officers of which he refers.

The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all—London Lancet.

There is no member of society to whom The Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—Argonaut.

Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases that have baffled the skille of all other physicians a speciality. Such treated successfully without an instance of failure. HEAL THYSELF

EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES
THE BEST IN THE MARKET!
17 DIFFERENT SIZES AND KINDS

LEADING FEATURES:

Double Wood Doors, Patent Wood Grate, Adjustable Damper, Interchangeable Automatic Shelf, Broiling Door, Swinging Heartplate, Swinging Fine Stop, Reversible Gas Burning Long Cross Piece, Double Short Centers, Heavy Ring Covers, Illuminated Fire Doors, Nickel Knobs, Nickel Panels, etc. Unequaled in material, in Finish, and in Operation.

Send for Descriptive Circular to
HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH
Cor. Peachtree and Walton Streets.
ATLANTA, GA.

A LIVE MISSIONARY!

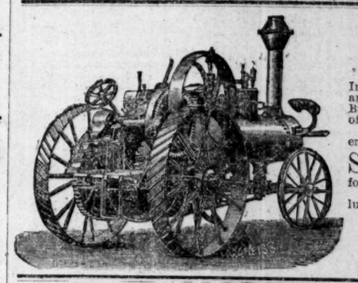
THE WEEKLY SUN!

A most efficient agent in the great work of Government Reform!
Should be read in every School District in the Union!
For real live missionary work among the people, here is your opportunity.

Will be sent to any address for five months, embracing the entire period of the Presidential Campaign, for FORTY CENTS.
Or, the Daily and Sunday issues for the same time for $3.00!

ADDRESS,
THE SUN,
166, 168 and 170 Nassau Street, New York City.
july1—wlm

WANTED! ACTIVE AND INTELLIGENT AGENTS in every town and county to sell our POPULAR NEW BOOKS and FAMILY BIBLES. Ministers, teachers and others, whose time is not fully occupied, will find it to their interest to correspond with us. To farmers' sons and other young men just coming on the field of action, this business offers many advantages, both as a means of making money and of self culture. Write for special terms to R. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1,013 Main Street, Richmond, Va.



PERKINS BROS.
Carry the largest stock of
MACHINERY
In the south. Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Corn and Wheat Mills, Separators, Reapers, Mowers, Brick Machines, Planers, Matchers, and all kinds of machinery at lowest prices and easy terms.
We keep on hand all sizes Engines and Boilers, from 2 to 50-horse power, and
SAW MILLS TO SUIT,
for prompt delivery.
Our road engines for threshing, hauling logs, lumber, etc., have no equal.
Get our prices before buying.
PERKINS BROS.,
39 to 43 West Alabama Street,
ATLANTA, GA.
Mention this paper.

THE THOMAS HARROW



largely manufactured for FIFTEEN YEARS, is WARRANTED to be the BEST PULVERIZING HARROW known. It is made of best white oak and steel. It rapidly and cheaply cultivates growing crops, particularly COTTON, CORN & WHEAT. It will positively SAVE one hoeing and two plowings in cultivating (young) Cotton, and a proportionate amount in Corn and Wheat. Full Illustrated Pamphlets sent on application. We have Agents in nearly every important town. AGENTS WANTED in unoccupied Territory. Address THOMAS HARROW CO., GENEVA, New York.

Has just taken First Premium and Medal at the Southern Exposition at Louisville, Ky., over 17 competitors.

E. VAN WINKLE & CO
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Circular Saw Mills,



Cotton Gins,
PRESSES, COTTON SEED OIL MACHINERY &c.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
—THE—
COAL CREEK MINING COMPANY, OF KNOXVILLE, TENN.

Having opened an office and yards in Atlanta, are now prepared to furnish in any quantity, the celebrated

BLACK DIAMOND COAL

Unexcelled for steam or domestic purposes, no slate, no sulphur, burns beautifully, lasts well; INDUCEMENTS IN STEAM COAL. For prices and particulars, call on or address

R. H. RICHARDS, Jr., Manager,
TELEPHONE 408. 28 WALL STREET.

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.



At Farmdale P. O., Franklin Co., Ky., six miles from Frankfort. Has the most healthful and beautiful location in the State. Lit by gas as well as heated by steam. A full and able College Faculty. Expenses as moderate as any first-class college. Fortieth year begins September 1st. For catalogues, etc., address as above.
COL. R. D. ALLEN, Supt.
july1—d12w tues fri & wky6w eow

Michigan State College.

I have several times examined baking powders in the market to determine their purity, raising power and influence on the health of those using them. I have uniformly found DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER THE BEST IN ALL THESE RESPECTS.

I have just made another examination of the "Royal," "Andrews' Pearl" and "Dr. Price's Cream," and the results are the same as formerly. DR. PRICE'S CREAM is free from AMMONIA, while the "Royal" and "Andrews' Pearl" both contain Ammonia. The final reaction of "Dr. PRICE'S CREAM" is acid, while the "Royal" and "Pearl" give an ALKALINE reaction, which LEADS to DYSPEPSIA. Price's is a pure, clean and elegant proportion of Cream of Tartar and Bicarbonate of Soda, and there does "in no wise enter into it anything that defileth, neither whatsoever worketh abomination, or maketh a lie."

In raising power "Price's" standsat the head.

The relative amount of Carbolic Acid Gas given off by the same weight (10 grammes) of thesed powders, heated in the same way, is as follows:

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder	650 cubic centimeters
The Royal	600 cubic centimeters
Andrews' Pearl	543 cubic centimeters

I have used PRICE'S in my family for years. "Even if the price is higher PRICE'S is always the best.

PROF. R. C. KEDZIE.

Lansing, June 3, 1884.

HOUSEKEEPERS TEST.

The housekeeper can test Baking Powder containing the disgusting drug AMMONIA by placing a can of "Royal" or "Pearl" top down on hot stove until heated. Then remove the cover and smell.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

sun wed wky top col nxt rd mat

UNCLE REMUS.

THE FUN AND PHILOSOPHY OF THE OLD HOME.

Brer Rabbit Spies Brer Fox's Dinner in the Fence Corner, and Knowing of no Other Way to Get it, He Nails Brer Fox's Tail to the Roof of the House, Etc.

After the new-comers had settled themselves in their accustomed places, and Tildy had cast an unusual number of scornful glances at Daddy Jack, who made quite a pantomime of his courtship, Uncle Remus startled them all somewhat by breaking into a loud laugh.

"I boun' you," exclaimed Aunt Tempy, grinning with enthusiastic sympathy, "I boun' you Brer Remus done fine out some mo' er Brer Rabbit funny doin's; now I boun' you dat."

"You hit it de fus clip, Sis Tempy. I 'clar ter gracious of you aint. You nailed it! You nailed it," Uncle Remus went on, laughing as boisterously as before, "des lak ole Brer Rabbit done."

The little boy was very prompt with what Uncle Remus called his "inquirements," and the old man, after the usual "hems" and "haws," began.

"Hit run'd cross my min' des lak a rat 'long a rafter, de way ole Brer Rabbit tuck'n done Brer Fox. 'Periently, atter Brer Rabbit done went en put a steeple on top er he house, all de yuther creeturs wanter fix up dey house. Some put new cellars und' um, some slapped on new winderblines, some one thing and some er n'er, but ole Brer Fox, he tuck a notion dat he'd put some new shingles on de roof.

"Brer Rabbit, he tuck'n year tell er dis, en nothin'd do but he mus' rack roun' en see how ole Brer Fox gittin' on. W'en he git whar Brer Fox house is, he year a mighty lammin' en a blammin', en to en beholes, dar 'uz Brer Fox settin' straddle er de comb er de roof nailin' on shingles des hard ez he kin.

"Brer Rabbit cut he eye 'roun' en he see Brer Fox dinner settin' in de fence corndcr. Hit 'uz kivered up in a bran new tin pail, en it look so nice, dat Brer Rabbit meaf 'gun ter water time he see it, en he 'low ter hisse'f dat he bleedz ter eat dat dinner 'fo' he go 'way fum dar.

"Den Brer Rabbit tuck'n hail Brer Fox, en ax 'im how he come on. Brer Fox 'low he too busy to hol' any confab. Brer Rabbit up en ax 'im w'at is he doin' up dar. Brer Fox 'low dat he puttin' roof on he house 'gin de rainy season sot in. Den Brer Rabbit up en ax Brer Fox w'at time is it, en Brer Fox, he 'low dat hit's wukkin time wid him. Brer Rabbit, he up en ax Brer Fox ef he aint stan' in need er some he'p. Brer Fox, he 'low he did, dat ef he does stan'in needs er any he'p, he dunner whar in de name er goodness he gwine to git it at.

"Wid dat, Brer Rabbit sorter pull he mustarah, en 'low dat de time wuz w'en he 'uz a mighty handy man wid a hammer, en he aint too proud fer to whirl in en he'p Brer Fox out'n de ruts.

"Brer Fox 'low he be mighty much oblige, en no sooner is he say dat dan Brer Rabbit snatched off he coat en lipt up de ladder, en wet in dar en put on mo' shingles in one hour dan Brer Fox kin put on in two.

"Oh, he 'uz a rattler—ole Brer Rabbit wuz," Uncle Remus exclaimed, noticing a questioning look in the child's face. "He 'uz a rattler, mon, des ez sho' ez youer settin' dar. Dey want no kinder wuk dat Brer Rabbit can't put he han' at, en do it better dan de nex' man.

"He nailed ou shingles plum twel he git tired, Brer Rabbit did, en all de time he nailin', he study how he gwine git dat dinner. He nailed en he nailed. He 'ud nail one row, en Brer Fox 'ud nail n'er row. He nail'd en he nail'd. He kotch Brer Fox en pass 'im—kotch 'im en pass 'im, twel bimeby wiles he nailin' long, Brer Fox tail git in he way.

"Brer Rabbit 'low ter hisse'f, he did, dat he dunner w'at de name er goodness make folks have such long tails fer, en he push it out de way. He aint no mo'n push it out'n de way, 'fo' yer it come back in de way. Co'se," continued Uncle Remus, beginning to look serious, "w'en dat's de case dat a soon man lak Brer Rabbit git pester'd in he min', he bleedz ter make some kinder accidents some'rs.

"Dey nail'd en dey nail'd, en, bless yo' soul! 'twa'n't long 'fo' Brer Fox drap eve'ything en squall out:

"'Laws 'a' massy, Brer Rabbit! You done nail my tail. He'p me Brer Rabbit, he'p me! You done nail my tail!'

Uncle Remus waved his arms, clasped and unclasped his hands, stamped first one and then the other, and made various other demonstrations of grief and suffering.

"Brer Rabbit, he shots fus one eye en den de yuther en rub hisse'f on de forrer'd, en 'low:

"'Sho'ly I aint nail yo' tail, Brer Fox; sho'ly not. Look right close, Brer Fox, be keerful! Fer goodness sake don't fool me, Brer Fox!'

"Brer Fox, he holler, he squall, he kick, he squeal.

"'Laws 'a' massy, Brer Rabbit! You done nail'd my tail. O'nail me, Brer Rabbit, o'nail me!

"Brer Rabbit, he make fer de ladder, en w'en he start down, he look at Brer Fox lak he right down sorry, en he up'n 'low, h

ell, well, well! Des ter think dat I should er lamm'd aloose en nail Brer Fox tail I dunner w'en I year tell er anything de ake me feel so mighty bad; en ef I had'nt seed it wid my own eyes I wouldn't er bleev it skacely—dat I wouldn't!'

"Brer Fox holler, Brer Fov howl, yit 'tain do no good. Dar he wuz wid he tail nail har en fas'. Brer Rabbit, he keep on talkin' w'ile he gwine down de ladder.

"Hit make me feel so mighty bad,' sezee 'dat I dunner w'at ter do. Time I year tell u it, hit make a empty place come in my stom ach,' sez Brer Rabbit, sezee.

"By dis time Brer Rabbit done git down de groun', en w'iles Brer Fox holler'n, he de keep on a talkin'.

"'Seys a mighty empty place in my stom ach,' sezee, 'en ef I aint run'd inter no mi takes dey's a tin-pail full er yittles in dish y fence-corndcr dat'll des 'bout fit it,' sez.o Brer Rabbit, sezee.

"He open de pail, he did, en he eat greens, en sop up de 'lasses, en drink de po liquor, en w'en he wipe he mouf 'pun he co tail, he up'n 'low:

"'I dunner w'en I bin so sorry 'bout an thing, ez I is 'bout Brer Fox nice long ta Sho'ly, sho'ly my head mus' er bin wool-get erin' w'en I tuck'n nail Brer Fox fine long ta sez ole Brer Rabbit, sezee.

"Wid dat, he tuck'n skip out, Brer Rabb did, en 'twant long 'fo' he uz playin' pranks in some yuther parts er de sett ment."

"How did Brother Fox get loose?" the lit boy asked.

"Oh, you let Brer Fox 'lone fer dat," r sponded Uncle Remus. "Nex' ter Brer Ra bit, ole Brer Fox wuz mos' de shiftiest cree gwine. I boud' you he tuck'n tuck keer h se'f soon er Brer Rabbit git outer sight year'n."

Next week, "HOW THE BEAR NURSED THE LIT ALLIGATOR."

Copyright, 1883.

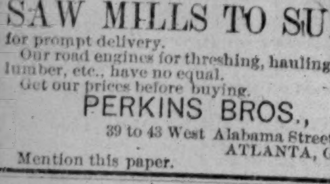
AGRICULTURAL.

About Tillage—Essay on Butter-Making Cotton-Seed for Hogs.

THE PROFITS OF GOOD TILLAGE.—T. B. Te has been writing some most suggestive lett of late about thorough tillage, of which says: "You may think I am riding a hob but he is a good horse, and has brought out of many a battle victorious, and he lo as though he might live as long as I do!" one of these letters he advises each of his low-farmers to take one of their best lots, cl it of all obstructions, underdrain every spot, drain it if it needs drainage, keep an

SIONARY!
KLY SUN!
great work of Govern-
ol District in the Union!
among the people, here
nths, embracing the entire period
aign, for FORTY CENTS.
for the same time for $3.00!
SUN,
treet, New-York City.
TELLIGENT AGENTS in every town
r POPULAR NEW BOOKS and FAMILY
not fully occupied, will find it to their interest
g men just coming on the field of action, this
ng money and of self culture. Write for special
013 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

PERKINS BROS.
Carry the largest stock of
MACHINERY
In the south. Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Corn and Wheat Mills, Separators, Reapers, Mowers, Brick Machines, Planers, Matchers, and all kinds of machinery at lowest prices and easy terms. We keep on hand all sizes Engines and Boilers, from 2 to 50-horse power, and
SAW MILLS TO SUIT,
for prompt delivery.
Our road engines for threshing, hauling logs, lumber, etc., have no equal.
Get our prices before buying.
PERKINS BROS.,
39 to 43 West Alabama Street, ATLANTA, GA.
Mention this paper.

Has just taken First Premium and Medal at the Southern Exposition at Louisville, Ky., over 17 competitors. THE BEST

portionate amount in Corn and Wheat. Full
ave Agents in nearly every important town.
HARROW CO. GENEVA, New York.

KLE & CO

L! COAL!
Y, OF KNOXVILLE, TENN.
repared to furnish in any quantity, the cele-
OND COAL
no sulphur, burns beautifully, lasts well; IN-
ulars, call on or address
RICHARDS, Jr., Manager,
28 WALL STREET.

ale P. O., Franklin Co., Ky., six miles
ort. Has the most healthful and beautiful lo-
State. Lit by gas as well as heated by steam.
le College Faculty. Expenses as moderate as
s college. Fortieth year begins Septem-
or catalogues, etc., address as above.
COL. R. D. ALLEN, Supt.

te College.

aking powders in the market to
influence on the health of those
. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING
TS.
on of the "Royal," "Andrews'
results are the same as former-
from AMMONIA, while the
contain Ammonia. The final
s acid, while the "Royal" and
which LEADS to DYSPEPSIA.
portion of Cream of Tartar and
in no wise enter into it anything
rketh abomination, or maketh
the head.
Acid Gas given off by the same
s, heated in the same way, is as
- - 650 cubic centimeters
- - 600 cubic centimeters
- - 543 cubic centimeters
for years. "Even if the price
PROF. R. C. KEDZIE.

ERS TEST.
Powder containing the disgusting
Royal" or "Pearl" top down on
cover and smell.
POWDER CO.

UNCLE REMUS.

THE FUN AND PHILOSOPHY OF THE OLD HOME.

Brer Rabbit Spies Brer Fox's Dinner in the Fence Corner, and Knowing of no Other Way to Get it, He Nails Brer Fox's Tail to the Roof of the House, Etc.

After the new-comers had settled themselves in their accustomed places, and 'Tildy had cast an unusual number of scornful glances at Daddy Jack, who made quite a pantomime of his courtship, Uncle Remus startled them all somewhat by breaking into a loud laugh.

"I boun' you," exclaimed Aunt Tempy, grinning with enthusiastic sympathy, "I boun' you Brer Remus done fine out some mo' er Brer Rabbit funny doin's; now I boun' you dat."

"You hit it de fus clip, Sis Tempy, I 'clar ter gracious ef you aint. You nailed it! You nailed it," Uncle Remus went on, laughing as boisterously as before, "des lak ole Brer Rabbit done."

The little boy was very prompt with what Uncle Remus called his "inquirements," and the old man, after the usual "hems" and "haws," began.

"Hit run'd cross my min' des lak a rat 'long a rafter, de way ole Brer Rabbit tuck'n done Brer Fox. 'Periently, atter Brer Rabbit done went en put a steeple on top er he house, all de yuther creeturs wanter fix up dey house. Some put new cellars und' um, some slapped on new winderblines, some one thing and some er n'er, but ole Brer Fox, he tuck a notion dat he'd put some new shingles on de roof.

"Brer Rabbit, he tuck'n year tell er dis, en nothin'd do but he mus' rack roun' en see how ole Brer Fox gittin' on. W'en he git whar Brer Fox house is, he year a mighty lammin' en a blammin', en lo en beholes, dar 'uz Brer Fox settin' straddle er de comb er de roof nailin' on shingles des hard ez he kin.

"Brer Rabbit cut he eye 'roun' en he see Brer Fox dinner settin' in de fence cornder. Hit 'uz kivered up in a bran new tin pail, en it look so nice, dat Brer Rabbit mouf 'gun ter water time he see it, en he 'low ter hisse'f dat he bleedz ter eat dat dinner 'fo' he go 'way fum dar.

"Den Brer Rabbit tuck'n hail Brer Fox, en ax 'im how he come on. Brer Fox 'low he too busy to hol' any confab. Brer Rabbit up en ax 'im w'at is he doin' up dar. Brer Fox 'low dat he puttin' roof on he house 'gin de rainy season sot in. Den Brer Rabbit up en ax Brer Fox w'at time is it, en Brer Fox, he 'low dat hit's wukkin time wid him. Brer Rabbit, he up en ax Brer Fox ef he aint stan' in need er some he'p. Brer Fox, he 'low he did, dat ef he does stan' in needs er any he'p, he dunner whar in de name er goodness he gwine to git it at.

"Wid dat, Brer Rabbit sorter pull he mustarsh, en 'low dat de time wuz w'en he 'uz a mighty handy man wid a hammer, en he aint too proud fer to whirl in en he'p Brer Fox out'n de ruts.

"Brer Fox 'low he be mighty much oblige, en no sooner is he say dat dan Brer Rabbit snatched off he coat en lipt up de ladder, en got in dar en put on mo' shingles in one hour dan Brer Fox kin put on in two.

"Oh, he 'uz a rattler—ole Brer Rabbit wuz," Uncle Remus exclaimed, noticing a questioning look in the child's face. "He 'uz a rattler, mon, des ez sho' ez youer settin' dar. Dey want no kinder wuk dat Brer Rabbit can't put he han' at, en do it better dan de nex' man.

"He nailed on shingles plum twel he git tired, Brer Rabbit did, en all de time he nailin', he study how he gwine git dat dinner. He nailed en he nailed. He 'ud nail one row, en Brer Fox 'ud nail n'er row. He nail'd en he nail'd. He kotch Brer Fox en pass 'im—kotch 'im en pass 'im, twel bimeby wiles he nailin' 'long, Brer Fox tail git in he way.

"Brer Rabbit 'low ter hisse'f, he did, dat he dunner w'at de name er goodness make folks have such long tails fer, en he push it out de way. He aint no mo'n push it out'n de way, 'fo' yer it come back in de way. Co'se," continued Uncle Remus, beginning to look serious, "w'en dat's de case dat a soon man lak Brer Rabbit git pester'd in he min', he bleedz ter make some kinder accidents some'rs.

"Dey nail'd en dey nail'd, en, bless yo' soul! 'twa'n't long 'fo' Brer Fox drap eve'ything en squall out:

"Laws 'a' massy, Brer Rabbit! You done nail my tail. He'p me Brer Rabbit, he'p me! You done nail my tail!'

Uncle Remus waved his arms, clasped and unclasped his hands, stamped first one and then the other, and made various other demonstrations of grief and suffering.

"Brer Rabbit, he shots fus one eye en den de yuther en rub hisse'f on de forrer'd, en 'low:

"Sho'ly I aint nail yo' tail, Brer Fox; sho'ly not. Look right close, Brer Fox, be keerful. Fer goodness sake don't fool me, Brer Fox!'

"Brer Fox, he holler, he squall, he kick, he squeal.

"Laws 'a' massy, Brer Rabbit! You done nail'd my tail. Onnail me, Brer Rabbit, onnail me!

"Brer Rabbit, he make fer de ladder, en w'en he start down, he look at Brer Fox lak he right down sorry, en he up'n 'low, he

ell, well, well! Des ter think dat I should er lamm'd aloose en nail Brer Fox tail. I dunner w'en I year tell er anything dat ake me feel so mighty bad; en ef I had'nt er seed it wid my ewn eyes I wouldn't er bleev'd it skacely—dat I wouldn't!'

"Brer Fox holler, Brer Fov howl, yit 'taint do no good. Dar he wuz wid he tail nail hard en fas'. Brer Rabbit, he keep on talkin' w'iles he gwine down de ladder.

"Hit make me feel so mighty bad,' sezee, 'dat I dunner w'at ter do. Time I year tell un it, hit make a empty place come in my stomach,' sez Brer Rabbit, sezee.

"By dis time Brer Rabbit done git down on de groun', en w'iles Brer Fox holler'n, he des keep on a talkin'.

"Deys a mighty empty place in my stomach,' sezee, 'en ef I aint run'd inter no mistakes dey's a tin-pail full er vittles in dish yer fence-cornder dat'll des 'bout fit it,' sez ole Brer Rabbit, sezee.

"He open de pail, he did, en he eat de greens, en sop up de 'lasses, en drink de pot-liquor, en w'en he wipe he mouf 'pun he coat-tail, he up'n 'low:

"I dunner w'en I bin so sorry 'bout anything, ez I is 'bout Brer Fox nice long tail. Sho'ly, sho'ly my head mus' er bin wool-getherin' w'en I tuck'n nail Brer Fox fine long tail,' sez ole Brer Rabbit, sezee.

"Wid dat, he tuck'n skip out, Brer Rabbit did, en 'twant long 'fo' he uz playin' he pranks in some yuther parts er de settlement."

"How did Brother Fox get loose?" the little boy asked.

"Oh, you let Brer Fox 'lone fer dat," responded Uncle Remus. "Nex' ter Brer Rabbit, ole Brer Fox wuz mos' de shiftiest creetur gwine. I boud' you he tuck'n tuck keer hisse'f soon ez Brer Rabbit git outer sight en year'n."

Next week, "How the Bear Nursed the Little Alligator."

Copyright, 1883.

AGRICULTURAL.

About Tillage—Essay on Butter-Making—Cotton-Seed for Hogs.

The Profits of Good Tillage.—T. B. Terry has been writing some most suggestive letters of late about thorough tillage, of which he says: "You may think I am riding a hobby, but he is a good horse, and has brought me out of many a battle victorious, and he looks as though he might live as long as I do!" In one of these letters he advises each of his fellow-farmers to take one of their best lots, clear it of all obstructions, underdrain every wet spot, drain it if it needs drainage, keep an exact account with it, and see just what net profit it will pay you after charging for all seed and labor what it is worth, or what it cost, for all manure put on, dividing the cost fairly between each crop in the rotation, and interest on the value of the land and on the cost of all permanent improvements, such as underdraining, cleaning off stones, etc. He says:

Get the best tools in the market for thoroughly working and pulverizing the soil, and then use them without stint. Manure your land if it needs it, and do not forget to thoroughly pulverize the manure. Put in the crops best suited to your locality. Select a good rotation; the one best suited to your soil and crops. Do everything just when it ought to be done. Get the best of seed, and put the product of your land into the nicest possible shape for market. If you do all this honestly and faithfully I think you will be surprised, before you get around one with your rotation, at the profit of such farming. You will not go back to the old way after having once tried this kind of farming, nor will you need to be urged to try it on another lot.

I am speaking of improvement in tillage; but, of course, with this you want other improvements, such as improved breeds of cattle, sheep, and swine, to which to feed your produce. If you have not the capital to do all this, sell a part of your land and get it. If you have 200 or 300 acres of land, and are "just about making a living" from it, sell half and make more money with less worry from the other half. If you have but little land, and are in debt for that, why then you must start in a small way, but start all the same, and if you are faithful it will be the surest way to get out of debt.

In answer to a request for an exhibit of his balance sheet the advocate of good tillage replies that in the last three years he had "salted down" nearly all of the profits of his farm in one pile—a new house and furniture, costing $3,500, "all saved, and some more, on a fifty-five acre farm (thirty-five to thirty-six acres cultivated, remainder pasture), all in three years, after living well and paying hired help well, and all other running expenses, repairs, taxes, some new tools, etc.

On this farm six work horses were kept last year, and in the busy season three, four, and sometimes five were kept at work in the fields. "Plenty of horses and plenty of help means thorough tillage and work done when it ought to be—two very important points in farming."

"Some farmers," remarks Mr. Terry, "have tried spreading their work over a large area of land; if they have not been as successful as they could wish, let them now try concentrating all their energies on a small area. Let your motto be, 'more bushels to the acre—more cattle on less legs.' Keep as much help, as many horses, make as much manure, but use them on fewer acres, systematically, and see if you do not clear more money."

A Pithy Essay.—The Wisconsin dairymen's association offered prizes last year for an essay on butter making, not to exceed 250 words in length. The following by D. M. Curtis, of Fort Atkinson, took the prize:

Cows.—Select cows rich in butter-making qualities.

Feed.—Pastures should be dry, free from slough holes, well seeded with different kinds of tame grasses, so that good feed is assured. If timothy or clover, cut early and cure properly. Feed corn, stalks, pumpkins, ensilage, and plenty of vegetables in winter.

Grain.—Corn and oats, corn and bran, oil meal in small quantities.

Water.—Let cows drink only such water as you would yourself.

Care of cows.—Gentleness and cleanliness.

Milking.—Brush the udder to free it from impurities. Milk in a clean barn, well ventilated; quickly, cheerfully with clean hands and pail. Seldom change milkers.

Care of milk.—Strain while warm; submerge in water 48 degrees. Open setting, 60 degrees.

Skimming.—Skim at 12 hours; at 24 hours.

Care of cream.—Care must be taken to ripen cream by frequent stirrings, keeping at 60 degrees until slightly sour.

Utensils.—Better have one cow less than be without a thermometer. Churns without inside fixtures. Lever butter worker. Keep sweet and clean.

Churning.—Stir the cream thoroughly; temper to 60 degrees; warm or cool with water. Churn immediately when properly soured, slowly at first, with regular motion, in forty to sixty minutes. When butter is formed in granules the size of wheat kernels, draw off the buttermilk; wash with cold water and brine until no trace of buttermilk is left.

Working and salting.—Let the water drain out; weigh the butter; salt, one ounce to the pound; sift salt on the butter, and work with lever worker. Set away two to four hours; lightly re-work and pack.

Cotton Seed.—I lived in Louisiana and fed hogs and cattle with cotton seed with profit and with damage. When the seeds were good and clean, and salt given with them, the cattle were improved by them. The quantity of milk and butter increased. I made good butter and I did not feed all cotton seed. I made pens in the woods and put cotton seed in them for the hogs and they were benefited and kept gentle by the process, and yet I have had some of my fattest out-hogs, and eight of my choicest milk cows, and some of my very best suckling calves to die by feeding them with cotton seed. The close of the season had been very bad for picking. Many of the bolls had been frosted, much of the cotton had been blown to the ground by the wind and beaten out by rain, and consequently a large quantity of dirt and dust was left in the seed ginning. In feeding, this dust was inhaled. The hogs died as if by suffocation. The cows and calves would hang down their heads, become very stupid, drink a great deal of water, and die in from eighteen to forty-eight hours. I think the lungs became incapable of performing their functions, bringing on suffocation or double quick inflammation. I state these facts and give these hints for the benefit of the cotton seed feeding public. Good, clean cotton seed with pasture will not hurt any stock that will eat it. Dirty and dusty cotton seed will kill.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Executive Call for Bank Returns

STATE OF GEORGIA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
Atlanta, Ga., June 28, 1884.

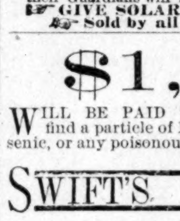
Ordered: That every banking institution in this state and branch thereof do make returns to the governor, under the oaths of their several presidents and cashiers, of their respective conditions at the close of business on June 30th, 1884, and that such returns be transmitted to him within (30) thirty days from this date. Said returns must be in strict conformity to every requirement of the law. Special attention is called to sections 1466, 1467, 1468, 1469 and 1470 of the revised Code (1882) of this state. A copy of each return as published, must be forwarded to this office.

Ordered, further, That this order be published once a week for two weeks in The Atlanta Constitution and The Atlanta Journal.

By the Governor: HENRY D. McDANIEL, Governor.
HOWARD E. W. PALMER, Sec'y Ex. Dep't. 2td

NO POISON
IN THE PASTRY
IF
DR. PRICE'S
SPECIAL
FLAVORING
EXTRACTS

ARE USED.
Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.
FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.
PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
—AND—
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems,
Best Dry Hop Yeast.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

SOLAR TIP SHOES

Are the CHEAPEST and BEST for CHILDREN. None genuine without trade-mark and "JOHN MUNDELL & Co." on sole of each pair. FIT PERFECTLY, Look Nice, Give Comfort. Outwear others. The 1200 Boys in Girard College, Philadelphia, all WEAR THEM, and their Guardians will have NO OTHER MAKE. GIVE SOLAR TIP SHOES A TRIAL. Sold by all reputable dealers.

$1,000
WILL BE PAID TO ANY ONE WHO WILL find a particle of Mercury, Potash, Iodine, Arsenic, or any poisonous substance in
SWIFT'S SPECIFICS

"I have cured Blood Taint by the use of Swift's Specific after I had most signally failed with the Mercury and Potash treatment."
F. A. TOOMER, M. D., Perry, Ga.

"Swift's Specific has cured me of Scrofula of 12 years standing. Had sores as large as my hand, and every one thought I was doomed. Swift's Specific cured me after physicians and all other medicine had failed."
R. L. HIGH, Lonoke, Ark.

"Give like a Christian, speak in deeds;
A noble life's the best of creeds;
And he shall wear a royal crown
Who gives a lift when men are down."

$10,000 would not purchase from me what Swift's Specific has done for me. It cured me of Rheumatism caused by malaria."
ARCHIE THOMAS, Springfield, Tenn.

Statement of T. L. Massenburg, Macon, Ga.

I have known much of the use of Swift's Specific and have seen many of the worst cases of Blood Taint and Blood Poison cured with it, after having tried all other sorts of treatment; in fact, I have never known it to fail when taken properly. I can cite the case of a young man who had been treated by the best physicians for Blood Poison, but all to no purpose; and as the time for his marriage was approaching, he was nearly distracted. He finally took Swift's Specific, and was cured as sound as a new dollar.

Another who had tried everything, and spent four months at the Hot Springs without benefit, was at last cured by this remedy. His case was like raising one from the dead. I could go on and tell you of a hundred cases,

Our treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.
N. Y. office, 159 W. 23d St., bet. 6th and 7th Aves.
Philadelphia office, 1205 Chestnut St.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR
DRUNKENNESS
DR. HAINES'
GOLDEN SPECIFIC.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect result from its administration. It purifies and enriches the blood, allays nervousness, and incites to healthful action all the organs of digestion.
PREPARED BY THE
Golden Specific Co., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.
FOR SALE BY
MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER
Druggists,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

DR. BETT'S
MEDICAL DISPENSARY

81 West 9th St., Cincinnati, O.
The physicians of this Dispensary have secured a world-wide reputation for speedily curing Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Liver, Kidney and Urinary Troubles, Blood and Skin Diseases.
YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN,
who are suffering from the terrible effects of Nervous and Physical Debility, Lost Manhood, Youthful Indiscretions, Self-abuse, or Excess of any kind, and who now find their nerves weakened, has lascivious dreams, and nocturnal emissions, is debilitated, emaciated, weak, melancholy, absent-minded, dull, listless, and finds his life a burden.
A Cure is guaranteed in every case, as our remedies act quickly and cure permanently. Patients treated in all parts of the world. DR. BETTS, the consulting physician, is a graduate from four medical colleges, 75 years experience and extensive practice in England, France and America. Pamphlets and list of Questions mailed free.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

CHEWING TOBACCOS


R. A. PATTERSON & CO.'S
THE ACME OF EXCELLENCE!
Are conceded the best manufactured. The "Eagle and Shield" trade mark on every package.
W. R. SHROPSHIRE,
AGENT FOR STATE OF GEORGIA,
SOUTH BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Out of the Jaws of Death

The gentleman who outlines his case below is a man considerably advanced in life, and is noted for his sterling integrity. His postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. The following is

Mr. John Pearson's Statement.

In the spring of 1882 I was attacked with a very bad cough, which continued to grow worse until fall, when I got so weak that I could not get about. I tried a great many kinds of medicine, but continued to grow worse. I was notified that I had consumption, and would probably die. Dr. Holloway finally told me to try Brewer's Lung Restorer. They sent to Ward's store and got a bottle, and I commenced taking it right away. After taking two or three doses I began to improve, and by the time I had used up one bottle I was able to get on my feet again. I am now in excellent health. I am confident that the Lung Restorer saved my life, and my neighbors are of the same opinion. It is the best Lung Remedy ever made, in my opinion. Dr. H. promised me that he would write to the manufacturers and tell them of the wonderful cure it made in my case.

Statement of Mr. Benj. F. Hearndon.

Early in November, 1881, while sewing on the machine, my wife was taken with a severe pain in her side, which was soon followed by hemorrhages from her lungs and a severe cough. Fever commenced: she could neither eat or sleep, and in a few weeks she was reduced to a living skeleton. The attending physician told me that he thought one of her lungs was entirely gone. She could not retain the most delicate nourishment on her stomach. I then agreed with Dr. Sullivan, my family physician, to call Dr. Holloway in consultation. They made a final examination of the patient and pronounced the case hopeless. Dr. Holloway then suggested the Brewer's Lung Restorer as a last resort. I sent for a bottle and gave her a dose. I found that she could retain it on her stomach, and after about the third dose I began to notice some improvement in her condition. I continued the medicine regularly, and by the time she had taken two bottles she was able to walk about the house. She is now in better health than she has enjoyed for several years. I believe the Lung Restorer saved her life. We have a family of six children, and some of them grown.

Mr. Hearndon's postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. He is a thoroughly reliable man in every particular.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,
MACON, GEORGIA.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

On and after July first, 1884, the freight depots of the

Central and Atlanta & West Point Railroads

WILL BE CONSOLIDATED.

And all freight which has heretofore been delivered at the Atlanta and West Point railroad depot for points on and beyond that road should on and after that date be

DELIVERED AND RECEIVED

at the Central railroad depot. Mr. R. Schmidt will act as agent of both Central and Atlanta and West Point railroads.
A. J. ORME, General Freight Agent.
CECIL GABBET, General Manager.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA RAILROAD COMP'Y

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.
Knoxville, Tenn., May 24, 1884.
CIRCULAR No. 64.

Improved Passenger Facilities

—AT ATLANTA.—

Commencing May 31st, 1884, all passenger trains of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railroad will arrive at and depart from the company's new short line passenger depot on Mitchell street, opposite the Central railroad's freight station, and in order that the comfort and convenience of its passenger service may be rendered uniform with that enjoyed by roads using the Union depot, omnibusses and baggage wagons will run between the hotels, the Union depot and the City ticket office, 30 Wall street, and the said short line passenger depot on Mitchell street, to and from all passenger trains.

A first-class restaurant will be maintained, and convenient waiting rooms, with proper attendants, provided.

Tickets to all points will be on sale at the short line passenger depot, Mitchell street, and also at the City ticket office, 30 Wall st., opposite Union depot.

J. J. GRIFFIN, A. G. P. A., Atlanta Ga. — A. POPE, G. P. & T. A.
J. W. FRY, Sup't Atlanta Div. — S. H. HARDWICK, Trav. Pass. Agent.
jun7 1m — J. F. O'BRIEN, Gen'l Sup't

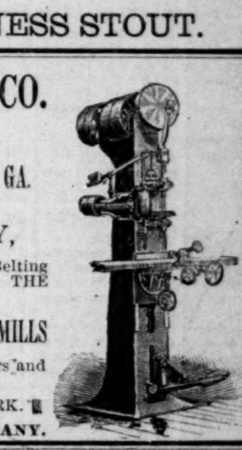
G
Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.
Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.
Having sold your excellent preparation known as G for the past year or more, we are pleased to report that it has given entire satisfaction and we do not hesitate to recommend it.
J. C. WILLIAMS & CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.
LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, Wholesale Agent.

BARRY'S
LUXOMNI.
Beware of Counterfeits.
PURELY VEGETABLE.

The gem of female remedies, specially adapted to troubles of pregnancy, used during the last two months of pregnancy it relieves all sense of tightness and weight, so annoying to the condition.
Luxomni relieves cramps, false pains, and promotes rest and comfort at night; it greatly ameliorates the pangs of child birth, shortens labor, prevents after pains, and facilitates recovery.
For disordered and painful menstruation, it has no equal, and is a superior remedy for neuralgies, convulsions, and other troubles connected with the uterine and ovarium diseases.
Luxomni is no liquid preparation, but a combination of vegetable plants from which a simple tea is made, and is without doubt the gem of female remedies. Price, $1.00 per package. If your druggist has not the preparation, address the
BARRY MANUFACTURING CO.
Drawer 28, Atlanta, Ga.

PAUL JONES,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER,
22 ALABAMA STREET,
Carries in Stock
Old Baker and Monongahela
WHISKIES,
Imported Brandies, Gins, Sherry and Port Wines, Pommery Sec, VeClicquot, Monopole, G. H. Mumms & Co. Champagnes,
French Liqueurs.
APOLLINARIS WATER,
ANGOSTURA BITTERS,
FINE TABLE CLARETS
BASS ALE, BURKE'S GUINNESS STOUT.

THE GEORGIA MACHINERY CO.

361 TO 377 MARIETTA ST.,
(TELEPHONE No. 8.) ATLANTA, GA.
Builders of and Dealers in all kinds of
WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY,
Shafting, Pulleys, Saw Arbors, Saws, Cutters, Belting and other WOODWORKERS' SUPPLIES. THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK SOUTH.
THE ATLAS AND THE TAYLOR ENGINES & SAW MILLS
Also Engine Lathes, Drill Presses, Iron Planers and Sharpeners.
ALL KINDS MACHINE AND FOUNDRY WORK.
PATRONIZE A LIVE HOME COMPANY.


Clarke, Herbert & Co.
Gen'l Agts. Cincinnati Safe & Lock Co. & Boston Magneso Calcite Fire Proof Co.
----FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES----
Vault Doors, Office, House, Express and Bankers' Safes.
SAFES PRICED DELIVERED ANYWHERE. LARGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.
Descriptive Circulars sent to any Address. 20 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

TO THE TRADE!
WE HAVE THIS DAY APPOINTED
HARRALSON BROS. & CO.
Sole Agents for Atlanta for the Following Brands of Cigars Manufactured by us.
BONDY, LEDERER & CO.,
Factory 294, 3d District, New York.
Peck's Bad Boy and His Pa's Cigar, John McCullough, Swift No. 9, Viviana, Don Juan, Dude, Lawrence Barrett, Little Cornelia,
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! All infringements on above brands will be prosecuted to the FULL EXTENT OF THE LAW.

W. P. SUMNER, Pres. F. R. MINCKLER, Sec'y.


National Wire & Iron Co.
Detroit, MANUFACTURERS OF Mich.
Iron Stairs, Iron Shutters, Roof Cresting, Weather Vanes, Wire Signs, Illuminated Sidewalk Tile, Wire Counter Railings, Wire Cloth, Cheese Safes, Wire & Iron Fences, Stable Fixtures, Casting Brushes, Counter Supports, Sand & Coal Screens, &c.
Send for Catalogue. Mention this Paper.

A. B. FARQUHAR & CO.
MACON, GEORGIA.
STEAM ENGINES, SEPARATORS, CHAMPION REAPERS AND MOWERS AND BINDERS, GRAIN CRADLES, HORSE RARKES, CULTIVATORS, &c. PROPRIETORS OF
CENTRAL CITY IRON WORKS.
WE ARE PREPARED TO DO
REPAIR WORK.
On Machinery of all kinds. We make shafting Pulleys, Boxes, Hangers and all goods in our line. Send for price.
A. B. FARQUHAR & CO.

NEW SHOE STORE
33 PEACHTREE STREET.
NEW GOODS, FRESH STOCK AND THE HANDSOMEST STORE IN ATLANTA
Cheapest Prices Ever Offered.
If you don't believe this, come and see for yourself. We have come here to do business.
STOCKTON & STRIBLING.

FARMVILLE
LITHIA WATER
Nature's Own Remedy For the Cure of
Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Billiousness, Jaundice, and all Kidney Diseases, Gout, Rheumatism and Dropsy.
Sold on Draught and by the Gallon at 50c By WILLIS E. VENABLE, corner Marietta and Peachtree street.
SCHUMANN'S PHARMACY, Whitehall street corner Hunter and Peachtree, cor. Forsyth.
General Wholesale Agent, in Cases Only.
LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR.
SEND FOR PAMPHLET.
Beware of counterfeit water.
Principal Office, 1128 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

HARTER'S
THE ONLY TRUE
IRON TONIC
Will purify the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, and Tired Feeling absolutely cured. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.
LADIES suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST.
Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.

SOCIAL GOSSIP.

THE FEATURES OF THE WEEK CHRONICLED.

Entertaining Our Company—The Movements of Our People Abroad—Marrying and Given in Marriage—Topics of Interest to Our Lady Readers—Theatrical Matters, Etc.

Fortune Teller.

The passion of prying into futurity makes a striking part of the history of human nature in its rude state is a general belief. And yet it may be some entertainment to a philosophic mind to learn that a fortune teller in this city picks up a few quarters, and some of them from society people, at fortune telling.

Worth a Trip to See.

Arrangements are being perfected for the entertainment of the corps of cadets of the Virginia military institute at New Orleans, during the exposition. The corps will go in a body two hundred strong and for two weeks will form one of the most interesting attractions of the exposition. Atlanta is represented in the corps.

Where to Go.

The weather grows warmer, and many begin to seek where to spend the hot months. Some go really for amusement, pleasure, fashion. If not inclined to leave the state, and comfort is sought, there are many spots in north Georgia where the blood circulates with renewed life, the eye becomes brighter, the muscles more elastic, cheerfulness rings out its bells in the clear air, and where sleep falls upon the lids gentle as a shadow

Why White Dresses.

A young lady writes to THE CONSTITUTION and says that she is well aware that white is expressive of purity and refinement, but is it almost always more or less popular for dresses? Purity and refinement are surely reasons sufficient, independent of these however, white is the color which reflects the greatest number of luminous rays, for that cause, it bestows the brilliance and splendor upon beautiful forms with which all are charmed.

Complimentary Dance.

On Thursday evening last the young ladies and gentlemen of West End gathered at the residence of Mrs. W. C. Bibb to participate in the dance given complimentary to them by the "West End Club." The music was delightful and the dancing was heartily enjoyed by all present. The hour for departure found all surprised at the swift flight of the evening, and the guests dispersed with cordial thanks to the hospitable hostess for a most pleasant occasion.

"What Must I Do?"

A young lady writes to THE CONSTITUTION that she is going to a masked ball, and is anxious to disguise herself. She should learn, if possible, to speak in a falsetto voice; cover herself up in a domino, with a hood coming well over her face, into which the lace bottom of the mask should be thrust; should wear spectacles; alter her statue by either very high heels or no heels; put on three or four pair of gloves; pad herself out if thin; change her habitual mode of walking. Then her own sweetheart would not recognize her.

"For They Themselves Have Said It."

A complaint has been sent THE CONSTITUTION signed "Female Pedestrian." It says: "The authorities took up the stepping stones corner Ellis and Ivy streets, (at Captain Sage's), and have laid a crossing which catches and holds the mud and water, so that passing over it is now worse than formerly."

As ladies are the complainants the proper authorities should bear in mind the old couplet:

"If at first you don't succeed,
Try, try again."

Delightful Tea.

In every respect the tea at Mrs. J. H. Porter's, Peachtree street, Thursday evening, was a charming affair. Bright faces, pretty toilets, an unequalled supper, spiced with wit, mirth and humor, joined to the gracious hospitality of the host and hostess, made it an evening of more than usual social enjoyment. Noticeable among the guests were Misses Sallie Williams, Charleston; Laura Kimball, Bessie Hammond, Mattie Williams, Charleston, and Miss Nichols, Nacoochee. Among the gentlemen were Messrs. Joseph Thompson, Jr., Charles S. Northen, J. P. Reed, Harry Hill, Chas. W. Crankshaw.

Charming Tea.

A number of ladies and gentlemen were most pleasantly entertained at tea at the residence of Hon. N. J. Hammond, Peachtree street, Wednesday evening. The charming ladies of the house delightfully and delicately manifested every courtesy causing a general feeling and expression of happiness. Among the ladies present, were Miss Williams, of Charleston, Miss Hammond, of Griffin, Miss Beckwith, Brockenborough, and the accomplished daughters of Colonel Hammond. The gentlemen were Messrs. Joe Thompson, Jr., Brock Beckwith, Charles Northern, Alex Smith, J. P. Reid, Lewis Redwine, Charles Caverly, Thad Hammond.

Personal and Otherwise.

Bishop Beckwith will preach the commencement sermon at Athens.

The family of Mr. F. J. Spratling, of Augusta, are spending the summer in Alabama.

The residence of Dr. Gaston, has been changed from 230 Peachtree street, to 135 South Pryor street.

Mrs. Grundy says that a young lady of this city is having an elegant trousseau made in New York.

The eyes of society people are also turned to the meeting of the democratic convention. Chicago now "is the road to Byzantium."

London has 26,000 acres of forest parks. New York 1,084. Well Atlanta will have several exceedingly creditable parks in a few years.

Misses Estelle Winn and Lillie Mitchell, who have been visiting relatives in Mobile, have returned to their home in Lawrenceville, Ga.

Report says that a well known professional man of this city will marry the pretty daughter of a farmer in Troup county early in the fall.

Florida compliments her Georgia citizens—Charles Dougherty, a candidate for congress, and J. T. Graves, a democratic presidential elector.

Quite a number of ladies attended the walking match the Fourth of July. They gladden by their smiles of confidence and cheered by their looks of approbation.

During the week, in view of the recent stormy mood, nature seemed regretful, and as if to make amends for the frequent and heavy rains, assumed something of a summer softness.

Athens will be unusually gay at her coming commencement. Among other things, Professor and Mrs. H. C. White will give a complimentary entertainment to the graduating class.

The ladies favors at a dinner given at Delmonico's a few evenings ago, were baskets formed of lace handkerchiefs and filled with Jacqueminot roses. The gentlemen received Russia betting books and gold pencils.

At the recent closing of that most excellent and popular institution the "Home School," of Madame Sosnowski, of Athens, among those whose names stood upon the roll of honor, was Miss Florence Candler, of Decatur.

The aggregate cost of making the Avenue de l'Opera and of the Boulevard St. Germaine, of Paris, was $16,000,000. Atlanta will not expend so much money on avenues and boulevards, but the day is coming when she will have avenues and drives that will reflect much credit.

A wealthy woman of New York who, unable to be present at the funeral service of one of her friends the other day, sent her empty carriage, a card tied to the carriage door handle with a piece of crape with her name inscribed on it.

He who does not admire the element of beauty in a woman should be set apart as a poor thing who knows nothing of what he was made for, and whose ideas of the graceful and lovely in life are about as defined and worthy as those of the brutes that perish.

Nashville Banner: Rev. T. A. Hoyt, formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Nashville, and now in charge of the Chambers street church in Philadelphia, is recognized as one of the best expounders of the Gospel in the city of brotherly love. [Rev. T. A. Hoyt is a Georgian and was born in Athens.]

Each day brings not a single change or a new combination in a lady's dress, but ten or twenty of them; how can so many variations be executed on one theme?

"You don't know, girls,
What a bother this marrying brings,
But it pays after all, when its over,
I have some such elegant things."

A writer in the Home Journal believes that the old fashioned courtship will pass away, that nominally and theoretically the man will still do all the courting, yet there are various ways in which a lady of tact may woo, and yet not transcend the bounds of etiquette. O lucky day for bashful batchelors.

"And we two stood under the plum tree
'Till the chickens flew up to bed;
Well, he loved me, and we're to be married."

Visiting Here.

Mr. L. Alexander, of Waynesboro, is visiting Atlanta and north Georgia.

Mrs. Lowman, of Cochran, visited relatives in Atlanta during the week.

Mrs. Thornton, of LaGrange, visited relatives in Atlanta during the week.

Mrs. J. R. Porter, of Griffin, is spending some days with friends in Atlanta.

Mr. Charles Handy, of Canton, Mississippi, is spending a few weeks in Atlanta.

Mrs. D. J. O'Callaghan, of Clarksville, is visiting relatives and friends in Atlanta.

Miss Marie W. Hammond, of Griffin, visited friends in this city during the week.

Miss Katie Massey, of Douglasville, visited Miss Bunnie Love, of this city, during the week.

Mrs. Gregory, nee Miss Emma Bowie, is visiting her father's family in this city on Pryor street.

Miss Annie R. Nichols, and Miss T. Starr, of Nacoochee, are visiting friends in Athens and Atlanta.

Miss Julia Baines, an accomplished young lady of Nashville, is visiting Mrs. Creed, Marietta street.

Mr. R. H. Hill, who has been visiting Mr. W. L. Bryan, of Atlanta, has returned to his home in Talbotton.

Going—Gone.

Miss Daisy Belle Slatter, a very attractive and popular young lady of this city, left during the week for a visit to her schoolmate Miss Mattie Matthews, of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Mrs. A. M. Kelly, Mrs. J. Martin, Miss Fannie Donner, of Atlanta, were guests at the Commercial hotel, Nashville, during the week.

Chicago Eye: "Miss Lottie Cady, daughter of C. M. Cady, of Atlanta, Ga., an old resident of Hyde Park, is the guest of Mrs. Charles Hitchcock, Kenwood.

Mr. Stephen Johnson and wife, of Atlanta, are visiting relatives in Americus.

Mr. J. C. Hunter and Mr. J. Bradfield, of Atlanta, were guests at the St. Charles hotel, New Orleans, during the week.

Mrs. Alice Hobby, of Atlanta, has been visiting in Chattanooga during the past week.

Miss Ida Crown, of Atlanta, is visiting friends in Dalton.

Mr. Hal Morrison, the well known artist of this city, left the city during the week for the Sulphur springs of North Carolina for the purpose of sketching and recreation.

Mrs. J. B. Smith and family, and Miss Jessie England, of this city, have gone to Apple Valley to spend sometime.

Mrs. Henry Porter and family, of this ciy, will spend the summer at their cottage in Habersham county.

Mrs. L. M. Curtis, of this city, is visiting relatives in West Point.

Miss Gabe Story, of Atlanta, is visiting friends in Troup county.

Mrs. James Bridge, of this city, will make a short visit to relatives in Chicago.

Mr. J. T. Glenn and wife and Mrs. Garrard will visit several northern cities and some of the prominent watering places.

Home Again.

Mrs. W. H. Venable has returned to Atlanta from a visit to LaGrange.

Miss Ella Jennings has returned to her home in Atlanta from a visit to Jackson.

Mr. J. A. Hightower, of Atlanta, visited relatives in Hogansville during the week.

Miss Rosa B. Lee, after a six week's visit to Cumberland Island, has returned to her home in this city.

Cadet Albert Howell, in fine health and personelle, is home on a visit from the Virginia military institute.

Miss Rosa Lee has returned to her home in the city after several weeks absence to Cumberland Island and Macon.

Answers to Queries.

Have any great women made good wives? Certainly. Among the best of wives were Isabella of Castile, Maria Theresa and Victoria.

Can THE CONSTITUTION furnish the name of any female of royalty who married for love, regardless of rank? Victoria, who, although the sovereign of one of the mightiest empires of the earth, the queen of dominions that number millions of souls, descended from her high position, and consulting only the dictates of her woman's heart, took for her lord a comparatively obscure lieutenant of German Hussars.

Do all men admire beauty?

Yes, all. The records of ancient story present us with their Helens and their Cleopatras, who wrought upon nations by the magic of their faces. The wonder of its power was shown in Mary of Scotland. Both the world of fact and the world of fancy, abound in instances of its power. It takes the good man captive, as well as he who has no definite rule to guide him. It draws the merchant from his desk, the philosopher from his chair, and wins the statesman to confess that there is some attraction apart from legislative halls. Yes, men are the creatures of beauty as much as they are of destiny and dust.

Resort Items.

Guests are collecting rapidly at Tate springs, and it is pleasant and gay there.

Mrs. W. W. Yonge, of Chattanooga, is spending some weeks at Atlantic City.

The circular railroad at Ponce de Leon springs was the great attraction the Fourth of July.

Mr. B. H. Hill, Jr., and wife, will go to Moorehead City, and perhaps Buffalo springs.

Judge and Mrs. John P. King, of Augusta, are spending the summer at Asheville, N. C.

Quite a number of guests are at Tate's springs, and seem to be enjoying themselves finely.

Rev. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage and family will spend the month of July at Rawley springs.

Mr. J. D. Turner and bride—nee Mrs. Mitchell, of Atlanta, are at the Warm springs, North Carolina.

The concerts of Theo. Thomas's orchestra at Long Branch are given every afternoon and evening.

Mr. W. A. Camp and family, of Atlanta, have gone to Tallulah falls, where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. B. H. Hill, Sr., and her grandchildren (the children of Dr. Ridley) will spend some time at New Holland.

M. Roux, the chef of sixty summers, is back again as monarch of the kitchen of the United States, Saratoga.

Washington and Baltimore families are now beginning to assemble in what may be called select numbers at the Virginia springs.

It takes 87,000 pounds of beef to feed the patrons of the United States, Saratoga, in one season, 25,600 dozen eggs and $7,000 worth of fruit.

Something like $1,500 per day is the cost of "running" the Hotel Kaaterskill, Catskill, in which the owner has now expended three quarters of a million.

Ponce de Leon now claims to cure all thing-flesh is heir to, and since the erection of the pavilion and the nice manner it is kept, hundreds of people full of faith go there.

The grand opening ball at Bon Aqua springs, Tennessee, comes off July 9th, and gives promise of being superior to any previous ball ever given at that popular resort.

From some points around Tallulah and Clarksville you can see several different states. Women hanging out clothes in Gainesville, and the top of the cupola of the new CONSTITUTION building in Atlanta.

The pavilion at Ponce de Leon springs is not like Goldsmith's tea cups, "more for show than for use," but for parties, balls, picnics, lunches, games, amusements of all kinds, and is nicely provided with quiet, well attended rooms for ladies.

With the excellent management of Colonel Huff, the sweet music of Professor Card's orchestra, and the pleasant climate of New Holland, the guests seem perfectly satisfied. Among the late arrrivals are Mr. J. C. Freeman and family, Mr. J. C. Iverson and family, Mrs. L. H. Beck, Miss Laura Kimball, Mr. F. D. Bush and family, C. A. Sindall and family, of Atlanta; Mrs. B. M. Wible, Perry; Mr. J. M. Tharm and wife, Savannah; and Mr. C. L. Ross, of New York.

Art Notes.

A daughter of Bayard Taylor, has gone abroad to study art.

A water-color by David Cox, lately brought $16,000 in London.

J. F. Scripps, of Detroit, is to give $50,000 toward founding an art museum there.

To the eye of cultivated imagination, every part of creation beams with rays of light and glory and beauty.

Looking upon works of art, bestow a refinement of taste, this disentangles the mind from appetite, and exalts the thoughts.

A study of art tends to the cultivation of the pleasures of the mind, and the mind is polished and prepared for higher attainments.

To be a true judge of high art one should have strong sense united to delicate sentiment, improved by practice, perfected by comparison, and cleared of all prejudice.

A love for, and study of works of art softens down grosser appetites, engages the faculties in innocence, at the same time invigorates the mind, and enlarges the conception.

Quite a number in Atlanta are taking art lessons, some are doing it for the employment of talent, others to adorn and gladden life. High art will one day be admired, loved, studied here. The varied and lofty invention of Raffaele; the brilliancy of Titian's coloring, the richness of Rembrandt, Guido's sweetness, and the grace of Poussin, will be appreciated for what is grand in antiquity, in poetry, and all that is bright and beautiful in nature.

Dramatic Items.

Thatcher, Primrose & West's minstrels traveled 15,000 miles during the past season.

Billy Emerson, the song and dance man, is to marry a 'Frisco lady, lovely and accomplished to the extent of several hundred thousand dollars.

Mr. DeGive has already booked quite a number of companies for the coming season. He is also engaged in making improvements in his opera-house to add to its comfort, convenience and attractiveness. The amusement loving portion of the community feel gratified at having such a management to provide for their entertainment, while the citizens generally appreciate so enterprising a citizen.

Patti's home in Wales is perched up on a high mountain. It contains 22 rooms, all very pretty. Her own room is hung with blue silk, all the furniture to match, her dressing room attached and fit for a princess. The drawing room, with its two pianos, albums, statuettes, pictures and offerings from admirers is charming.

Annie Pixley is a dear domestic little soul. She makes all her own dresses for the stage and all, and loves to get a vacation to spend with her two little boys in Canada. They are now about 10 and 7 years old. She isn't nearly as pretty off as on the stage, as she has a bad skin and no eyebrows to speak of; just a good little soul, awfully in love with her husband. She walks five or six miles every day, swims when and where it is possible, and drinks epsom salts every morning to prevent growing fat, which is her horror. She studies the hardest! No end of exercises in singing, and indeed she deserves success from every point of view.

Fashion Notes.

Young man, the fashion in London now is a smooth face.

The last Parisian innovation is that of colors for brides' toilets, delicate blues, pinks and nile green now being accepted.

Tier upon tier of tiny crisp curls reaching from forehead to the apex of the head is the very newest style of coiffure in Paris.

Fashions in mourning are "sadly stylish" and "melancholily beautiful," and make some people wish for the departure of a relative.

Evening trained dresses for ladies who frequent watering place hotels are cut down the neck very low and are intended for warm nights.

Large cut glass smelling bottless are another of fashion's caprices. Some are nearly half a yard in length and slightly curved to resemble a horn of plenty. They are called "serpentines."

Fashions in Gastronomy.

"Queen fritter, rum flavor," is a new dish.

The best way to eat reed birds is to stew them with herbs.

Americans now eat salads for breakfast and drink red wine.

Large strawberries, almost a perfect imitation of the real, are now seen in dinner cards.

Among seasonable puddings is that made of figs which has been "frozen stiff" before served.

Ball shaped vegetable dishes are new and come in tinted china. On the lid is some agricultural designs.

For luncheon only the polished table is used, without any cover. The wood tables in mahogony with a dull polish, are much the handsomest, and most easily kept in order.

Parlor Prattle.

Robin's egg blue is the latest novelty in stationery.

Rattan furniture gives an excellent opportunity for ribbon decoration. Elegantly embroidered cushions and head rests adding both beauty and comfort.

Whoever desires to attain health, strength and beauty should seek them from free exercise in the open air, regular occupations, tranquility of mind, a mild diet and a proper allotment of time for sleep.

A tight or ill-made shoe destroys the shape of the foot, produces corns and bunions, tends to impede the circulation of the blood, give to the person a stiff and tottering gait; they can neither stand upright, walk straight, nor enter a room properly.

In getting hats and bonnets, ladies should bear in mind that fair faces are by contrast best acted on by bright colors and dark faces by darker colors. Dark faces are best affected by darker colors, evidently because they tend to render the complexion fairer, and fair faces do not require dark colors, because the opposition would be too strong.

A WAVE OF TRIUMPH!

The Key-Note Sounded.

As evidence of the positive merit and unprecedented popularity of B. B. B., read the following expressions from 13 of the leading druggists of Atlanta. They tell a tale that is wonderful to believe. One year ago B. B. B., was unknown, but its wonderful cures HERE AT HOME have imparted lightning speed, and to-day its towering grandeur is far above the desecrating frowns of all adversaries. The fact that it contains iodide of potash as one of its ingredients, enhances its value and popularity. All sensible people know that iodide of potash is not a poison, and those who say that it is, know that it is not, and are only deceiving the public for gain. B. B. B. has cured thousands of cases of blood poisons, skin diseases, kidney troubles, old ulcers, rheumatism, etc., and we hold the proof, which will be mailed anyone. Address

BLOOD BALM Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, June 13, 1884.

We began handling B. B. B. from its first existence, and are still selling it. We have never heard a word of dissatisfaction expressed relative to its merits, but have it very extravagantly praised by those who have used it. Its sale with us is rapidly increasing.
HOWARD & CANDLER,
Wholesale Druggists.

OFFICE OF JACOBS' PHARMACY,
ATLANTA, June 13, 1884.

Six months ago we had no demand for B. B. B., but now our retail demand is such that we are forced to buy in gross lots, We attribute the rapid and enormous demand to the comparative size and price of B. B. B., (being lare bottles for $1.00) and its positive merit. The fact of its contain iodide of potash renders it more valuable as a Blood Remedy. It sells well and gives our customers entire satisfaction. Our sales have increased 500 per cent within a few months.
JACOBS' PHARMACY,
per Fred B. Palmer, M. D.

ATLANTA, June 13, 1884.

We have been handling B. B. B., only a few months, and take pleasure in saying it is superceding all other Blood Remedies. It sells well, gives our customers entire satisfaction and we cheerfully recommend it in preference to any other blood purifier.
ASHER & MOORE, Druggists.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

It is our firm belief that B. B. B. is the best blood purifier on the market. We are selling four or five bottles of it to one of any other preparation of the kind. It has failed in no instance to give entire satisfaction.
W. P. SMITH & CO., Druggists.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

During the past few months I have given B. B. B. severe tests in the cure of blood diseases, and unhesitatingly pronounce it a safe, sure, harmless and speedy blood purifier, fully meriting the confidence of the public. My customers are delighted with its effects, and the demand has so wonderfully increased that I have been compelled to buy by the gross, as it is the best selling blood remedy I handle. I consider iodide of potsash to be a harmless yet valuable addition to B. B. B.
W. A. GRAHAM, Druggist.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

We find the sale of B. B. B. largely on the increase, and as a blood purifier we consider it first-class. 'Tis one of the best selling medicines we handle.
SHARP BROS., Druggists

OFFICE OF HUTCHINSON & BRO., PHARMACISTS.
ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

Relative to our demand for B. B. B., we take pleasure in saying our sales have been continuously on the increase, and so far as we have been able to learn, the results have been satisfactory to the purchaser.
HUTCHINSON & BRO.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

We buy B. B. B. in gross lots, and take pleasure in saying it is rapidly gaining ground, and gives our customers satisfaction as a blood remedy. It sells readily.
MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER,
Druggists.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

We have been selling B. B. B. only a few months. It is rapidly taking its place as a first-class blood remedy, and the demand is constantly increasing. It gives entire satisfaction to those to whom we have sold, and we consider its value and merit enhanced by the addition of iodide of potash, which we understand it contains.
G. W. DELBRIDGE & CO.,
Druggists.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

I have been handling B. B. B. only a few months and find the demand steadily increasing. As a blood purifier it seems to possess much merit and gives satisfaction to my customers who use it.
L. H. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

We take pleasure in saying that for the few months we have been handling B. B. B., it has given our trade the utmost satisfaction as a blood medicine and the demand continues steadily to increase.
PINSON, DOZIER & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1884.

I find that my sales of B. B. B. have increased every day since I began handling it, a few months ago.
CHARLES O. TYNER.

SCHUMANN'S PHARMACY,
ATLANTA, Ga., June 16, '84.

Since I have begun handling the B. B. B., which is about 3 or 4 months, it grows so much in popularity and its sales increased so much, that I have to buy it in gross lots, as it sells quite rapidly.
THEO SCHUMANN.

Cuticura

Miracles of Healing Unparalleled in Medical History.

"I have been afflicted for twenty years with an obstinate skin disease, called by some M. D.'s psoriasis, and others, leprosy, commencing on my scalp, and in spite of all I could, with the help of the most skillful doctors, it slowly but surely extended, until a year ago this winter it covered my entire person in form of dry scales. For the last three years I have been unable to do any labor, and suffering intensely all the time. Every morning there could be nearly a dustpanful of scales taken from the sheet on my bed, some of them half as large as the envelope containing this letter. In the latter part of winter my skin commenced cracking open. I tried everything, almost, that could be thought of, without any relief. The 12th of June I started West, in hopes I could reach the Hot Springs. I reached Detroit and was so low I thought I should have to go to the hospital, but finally got as far as Lansing, Mich., where I had a sister living. One Dr.—— treated me about two weeks, but did me no good. All thought I had but a short time to live, I earnestly prayed to die, Cracked through the skin all over my back, across my ribs, arms, hands, limbs, feet badly swollen, toe-nails came off, finger-nails dead and hard as bone, hair dead, dry and lifeless as old straw. O, my God! how I did suffer.

"My sister had a small part of a box of Cuticura in the house. She wouldn't give up; said, 'We will try Cuticura.' Some was applied on one hand and arm. Eureka! there was relief; stopped the terrible burning sensation from the word go They immediately got the CUTICURA RESOLVENT CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. I commenced by taking one tablespoonful of Resolvent three times a day, after meals; had a bath once a day, water about blood heat, used Cuticura Soap freely; applied Cuticura morning and evening. Result, returned to my home in just six weeks from time I left, and my skin just as smooth as this sheet of paper.
"HIRAM E. CARPENTER.
"Henderson, Jefferson county, N. Y.
"Sworn to before me this nineteenth day of January, 1880.
"A. M. LEFFINGWELL,
Justice of the Peace."

CUTICUTICA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, internally, and CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP, the great skin cures, externally, clear the complexion, cleans the Skin and Scalp, and purify the Blood of every species of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Scrofulous, Mercurial, and Cancerous humors, and Skin Tortures when physicians, hospitals, and all other means fail. Sold everywhere.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

SUMMER RESORTS

SEASIDE RESORT!

Cumberland Island.

"Sea Side" House with new and improved accommodations, will be opened for guests April 20, 1884. Elegant surf bathing, fishing, boating, etc. Terms $2.00 per day, $10.00 per week. Special rates to families. Daily communication with Brunswick by the safe, commodious and fast sailing

STEAM YACHT EGMONT.

Excursion rates by E. T., Va. & Ga. and Brunswick & Western railroads. For further particulars, apply to W. H. BUNKLEY, Proprietor, Cumberland Island, Ga.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

OPENS JUNE, 25, 1884.

It is located on the table-land at the top of the Allegheny Mountains, and surrounded by a handsome park of magnificent forest trees.

The grounds cover an area of 500 acres. Its accessibility, pure air, pure water, freedom from malaria, flies, mosquitoes, and insects of all kinds, render it one of the mort desirable resorts in th United States.

Parlor and sleeping cars run through from all prominent points, without change, over the best constructed, equipped and managed railroad in the world.

A special low-rate, round-trip ticket, good for the season, with coupon attached, good for one day's board at the Mountain House, which will be credited to account of guests, will be sold by the Pennsylvania railroad from all principal points.

For circulars and terms address.
W. R. DUNHAM, Superintendent.

The celebrated Logan House, Altoona, Pa., is also under Mr. Dunham's management.

Lelands' Ocean Hotel,

LONG BRANCH.

"The Leading Seaside Resort of America."

THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL OFFERS SPECIAL attractions to families from the west in search of health and amusement.

Accommodation for 1,000 guests. Rooms arranged en suite for families.

Rates Reduced for Season of '84.

CHARLES & WARREN LELAND, JR.

INDIAN SPRING,

Georgia.

BOARD CAN BE HAD AT THE "VARNER HOUS" $30.00 per month; $10.00 per weak; Children and servants half price. Good conveyances will meet each train to convey persons to and from the house.
MISSES A. & J. VARNER.

ARLINGTON HOTEL,

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

S. H. STITT & CO.

THE PROXIMITY OF THE ARLINGTGN TO the head sources of the Hot Springs, together with the convenient and ample bathing accommodations, gives its patrons greater facilities in bathing and drinking the waters, than can be found elsewhere. An annex of sixty rooms has lately been added. Also one of the "OTIS" IMPROVED PASSENGER ELEVATORS, which enables invalid guests to be wheeled directly from their rooms to the baths. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Descriptive pamphlets furnished when desired

PORTER SPRINGS,

Lumpkin County, Georgia.

COOKE & CLARK, (PROPRIETORS OF NELSON House, Brunswick, Ga.) Managers. Dr. C. A. Simpson, Resident Physician. Board $30.00 per month; $10.00 per week; Children and servants, half price. Hack fare from Gainesville and return $5.00 over L. Q. Meader's Hack line. Post-office in hotel with daily mail. For particulars address
COOK & CLARK, Managers.

NEW SUMMER RESORT,

—THE—

"NEW BRIGHTON HOTEL,"

CASINO AND COTTAGES

—ON—

SULLIVAN'S ISLAND,

NEAR CHARLESTON, S. C.

The only Hotel directly on the Ocean South of Cape May.

THE "BRIGHTON" IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE the best situated, best finished and handsomest of any southern hotel, containing all modern improvements; such as electric bells, gas in every room, speaking tubes and system of water pipes on every floor for extinguishing fire, etc. Also perfect system of drainage throughout the house.

The hotel will be thrown open to the public on Wednesday evening June 18, on which occasion a grand promenade concert and reception will be given by Reeves's famous military band and orchestra—25 pieces—from Providence, R. I.; D. W. Reeves, director.

Special rates by railroads. All information may be obtained by addressing
G. T. ALFORD
P. O. Box 386, Charleston, S. C.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF ALLEN & REDUS IS THIS DAY dissolved by mutual consent, by the withdrawal of R. K. Redus. E. C. Allen will continue the business at the same place, assuming all liabilities of the old firm, and receiving and receipting for all money due the same. July 1, 1884.
E. C. ALLEN,
R. K. REDUS.

Wesleyan Female Institute,

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.



OPENS SEPTEMBER 22d, 1884. ONE OF THE FIRST SCHOOLS FOR YOUNG LADIES IN THE UNITED STATES. Surroundings beautiful. Climate unsurpassed. One hundred and forty-three boarding pupils from eighteen States. TERMS AMONG THE BEST IN THE UNION. Board, Washing, English Course, Latin, French, German, Instrumental Music, etc., for Scholastic year, from September to June, $238. For Catalogues, write to
REV. WM. A. HARRIS, D.D., President,
Staunton, Virginia.
fri sun wed & wky

Johns Hopkins University

BALTIMORE.

PROGRAMMES OF THE WORK PROPOSED IN the University and Collegiate courses for the Academic year will be sent on application.
june28—sat tf

BELLEVUE HIGH SCHOOL,

BEDFORD CO., VIRGINIA.

For Boys and Young Men. Prepares for Business, College or University. Thoroughly and handsomely equipped. Full corps of instructors. Beautiful and healthy location.

For Catalogue, address
W. R. ABBOT, Principal.
Bellevue P. O. su we fri

Vanderbilr University,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

SESSION 1884-5.

Permanent Endowment, : : $700,000.

THE ACADEMIC, BIBLICAL AND LAW DEpartments open September 1st. The Medical, Dental and Pharmaceutical departments open October 1st. Fees: Academic department, $65; Biblical, $15; Law, $100; Medical, $90; Dental, $65; Pharmaceutical, $65. The schools of science are supplied with the most approved apparatus. The school of engineering is supplied with a work-shop for practical instruction. Two Post-graduate Fellowships, worth $500 each, and four Graduate Fellowships worth $300 each, are annually awarded. Board from $12 to $20 per month. The Annual Register is sent on application to John W. Shipp, Secretary of the Faculty.
L. C. GARLAND,
sun Chancellor.

Augusta Female Seminary.

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

MISS MARY J. BALDWIN, PRINCIPAL, OPENS September 3d; Closes June 1885. Unsurpassed in its location; in its buildings and grounds; in its general appointments and sanitary arrangements. Its full corps of superior and experienced teachers; its unrivaled advantages in

Music, Modern Languages, Elocution, Fine Arts,

Physical culture and instruction in the theory and practice of book-keeping. The successful efforts made to secure health, comfort and happiness. Its opposition to extravagence; its standard of solid scholarship. For full particulars apply to the principal for catalogues.

AtlantaFemale Institute

143 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS SCHOOL WILL BE resumed Wednesday, September 3, 1884. A thorough and systematic course of education, teaching a high classical standard, is included in the carefully arranged curriculum of this institution. Unusual advantages are offered to pupils desiring to make a specialty of Music and Art, which departments are respectively under the management of Mr. Alfred Barili and Mr. J. H. Moser. Every department of the school is under the management of able and experienced teachers. For Catalogues apply to
MRS. J. W. BALLARD Principal.

University of Georgia

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

ANNUAL MEETING OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES, Friday, July 11, 1884.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES

begin Saturday, July 12th, and continue to Wednesday, which is COMMENCEMENT DAY.
LAMAR COBB, Sec'y Board of Trustees.

SWARTHMORE COLLEGE

FOR BOTH SEXES.

Under care of Members of the Religious Society of Friends. Thirty minutes from Broad St. station. **Full College Courses**—Classical, Scientific and Literary. Also a **Preparatory School**. Location unsurpassed for healthfulness. Extensive Grounds. New and costly buildings and apparatus. Academic year commences **9th month, (Sept.) 9th, 1884.** Apply early to insure admission. For catalogue and full particulars address
EDWARD H. MAGILL, A. M., President,
Swathmore, Delaware Co., Pa.

WESLEYAN ACADEMY.

One of the half dozen best Preparatory and Classical Schools in New England. Excellent facilities in Academic Studies, Music, Painting, Industrial Science and Commercial Studies. The payment of **$60** in advance will cover all tuition in the Preparatory and Academic Courses, together with board, limited amount of washing, room rent, heating, and all other necessary expenses, except books, stationary, lights, and small contingencies, for the Fall Term of twelve weeks, beginning **August 27.** Send for catalogue to
Rev. G. M. STEELE, Principal,
WILBRAHAM, MASS.

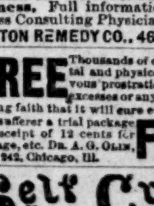
MEAN'S HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

76 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Georgia.
INSTRUCTION THOROUGH AND PRACTICAL.
For circulars, address T. E. MEANS.

A PRIVATE SELECT SCHOOL

WILL BE OPENED AT 53 SOUTH PRYOR street on Monday, July 7th. Individual instruction will be given in addition to class exercises. Any one may attend for a week before paying tuition to satisfy himself of the superior character of the instruction. For particulars, see circulars at Major Slaton's office, or after Saturday call at the class rooms, 53 South Pryor street.
H. BARNARD WILLIAMS. Principal.

WeakNervousMen



Whose **debility, exhausted powers,** premature **decay** and failure to perform **life's duties** properly are caused by excesses, errors of youth, etc., will find a perfect and lasting restoration to **robust health** and **vigorous manhood** in **THE MARSTON BOLUS.** Neither stomach drugging nor instruments. This treatment of **Nervous Debility and Physical Decay** is uniformly successful because based on perfect diagnosis, **new and direct methods** and absolute **thoroughness.** Full information and Treatise free. Address Consulting Physician of
MARSTON REMEDY CO., 46 W. 14th St., New York.

FREE Thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, mental and physical weakness, lost manhood, nervous prostration, the results of indiscretions, excesses or any cause, cured by **NERVITA.** Strong faith that it will cure every case prompts me to send to any sufferer a trial package on receipt of 12 cents for postage, etc. DR. A. G. OLIN, Box 242, Chicago, Ill. **FOR TRIAL.**

Self Cure Free Nervous Debility Lost Manhood Weakness and Decay
A favorite prescription of a noted specialist (now retired.) Druggists can fill it. Address
DR. WARD & CO., LOUISIANA, MO

SAWMILL CLUB.

AT A MEETING OF THE SAWMILL MEN'S Club, held at Tallapoosa, Ga., June 21st, 1884, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That we respectfully solicit the cooperation of all persons engaged in the production or sale of lumber in Georgia and Alabama, and we recommend that clubs be organized in each county, city and town in said states and send delegates to meet in the city of Atlanta at 2 o'clock p.m. on the 31st day of July next, the object of said meeting to take into consideration such matters of facts as appertains to the interest of its members, particularly to try to regulate prices of lumber.
J. K. LISCHTENWATER, Chairman.
G. O. SMITH, Secretary.
june29—d&wky1m

ROANOKE COLLEGE,

Salem, Virginia.

BEAUTIFUL MOUNTAIN LOCATION. CLImate unsurpassed. Two Courses for Degrees; also Business and Preparatory Courses, French and German spoken. Library 16,000 volumes. Best religious and moral influences.

Expenses for nine months tuition, board, etc., $149, $176, or $204.

Increasing patronage from 17 States, Ind. Ter., and Mexico. 32d session begins Sept. 17th. Catalogue Free. Address
JULIUS D. DREHER, President.
june27—d1m fri sun wed & wky2t

WASHINGTON SEMINARY,

16 East Cain Street, Atlanta, Ga.

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR **Girls and Young Ladies.** Thorough Education; good advantages; reasonable terms. Fall Term begins first Monday in September. For circulars apply to
MRS. BAYLOR STEWART,
sun wed fri Principal.

CEDAR! CEDAR!

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF

RED CEDAR.

Line Closets or Make Chests

—AND—

Save Clothing from Moths!

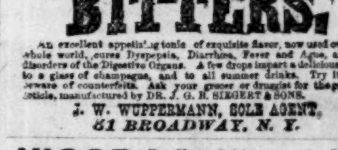
Also Fine Finishing Lumber and Wagon Timber; all kinds at the

Hardwood Lumber Yard,

No. 10 COLLINS STREET.

su thu, 1 mo J. C. PECK.

ANGOSTURA



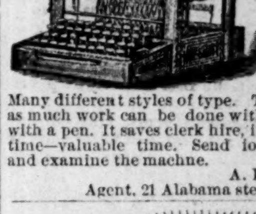
BITTERS.

An excellent appetizing tonic of exquisite flavor, now used over the whole world, cures Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Fever and Ague, and all disorders of the Digestive Organs. A few drops impart a delicious flavor to a glass of champagne, and to all summer drinks. Try it, but beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by DR. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS.
J. W. WUPPERMANN, SOLE AGENT,
51 BROADWAY, N. Y.

VIGOR For Men. Quick, sure, safe. Book free. Civiale Agency, 160 Fulton st., New York.

—THE—

REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER



The most perfectly and rapidly worked. Every business and professional man should have one. Several copies may be made at a time. Beautiful press copies made. Perfect writing machine made. Simple, durable, easy. Many different styles of type. Two or three times as much work can be done with it in an hour as with a pen. It saves clerk hire, it saves time—your time—valuable time. Send for circular or call and examine the machine.
A. F. COOLEDGE,
Agent, 21 Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

CHARTER OAK RANGES

Mrs. Mary B. Welch, Teacher of Domestic Economy at the Iowa State Agricultural College, says:

"I can unhesitating commend the Charter Oak Range, with the wonderful wire gauze oven door, made by the Excelsior Manufacturing Co., of St. Louis, and invented by Mr. Giles F. Filley, as the best cooking apparatus within my knowledge, and one that will not fail in any respect to give the fullest satisfaction to all who may use it."

CHARTER OAK RANGES

FOR SALE BY A. P. STEWART & CO.
No. 6 Whitehall street.
sun wed fri



Established 1860 and 1882.

A. ERGENZINGER,

UPHOLSTERY

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

BEDDING AND MATTRESSES, TENTS AND AWNINGS,

My Goods Cost no More Than the Cheapest Imitation.

12 EAST HUNTER STREET.

THE

VOLUME XVII.

DEMOCRACY

Gathered in Chicago and Ready for Work.

A DETERMINED SET OF MEN

Who are to Name the Country's Next President.

BOTHERED BY BOLD BEN BUTLER

And Teased and Threatened by Tampering Tammany.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 7.—[Special.]—Al[l] the delegations have arrived, an[d] the city is booming with democrats on all sides. The number is greate[r] than the day before the late republican con[-]vention met. There is less excitement an[d] far less hurrahing than at the two last demo[-]cratic conventions. The delegates from th[e] various states seem to realize that it is im[-]portant to consider well all that is done[.] There is less expression of preference than [I] ever knew at a national convention befor[e] the balloting commenced. The only excite[-]ment we have had is the guerilla war carrie[d] on against Cleveland by a handfull o[f] Flower men, sore-heads and Tammany ha[ll.] They have been asserting most positively u[p] to last night that he did not have a majorit[y] of the New York delegation, but the deleg[a-]tion met and he carried all but ninetee[n] Flower men, and under the unit rule th[e] seventy-two votes will be cast solidly for him[.] Those opposed to him are now going from delegation to delegation fly-blowing him a[s] only Tammany hall can do. They are repea[t-]ing over the scene enacted at St. Louis i[n] '76, and it will result about the same. Th[e] fight against Cleveland is not as strong as [it] was against Tilden, but is because they a[re] doing dirtier work. These men are met [at] every turn by friends of Cleveland. Th[is] morning we had quite a discussion before th[e] Georgia delegation between Faulkner, of New York, and Joseph Pulitzer, of the World; the former against and the latter for Cleveland. There has been no expression about how the Georgia delegation will vote, but on the first ballot it will divide between Cleve[-]land and Bayard, and on the second it will, [I] predict, go solidly for Cleveland. The fo[l-]lowing named gentlemen were designated [to-]day by the delegation to fill the committee[s:] W. E. Simmons, committee on credential[s;] W. T. McArthur, on organization; E. [P.] Howell, on resolutions; Pat Walsh, [on] national committee. The gossip around th[e] hotels clearly indicates Cleveland as th[e] strongest; Bayard is the next in strength, an[d] McDonald next. Butler will only get Mass[a-]chusetts and a few scattering western vote[s.] Flower will not be in the race, nor will Fiel[d.] From appearances now there will be so[me] wrangling over the tariff plank in the pla[t-]form. The tariff agitators are quiet, but a[re] working to get men in sympathy with the[m] on the committee of resolutions. A lar[ge] number of leading democrats from all pa[rts] of the United States are in favor of n[ot] making this [illegible]ent issue in the cam[-]paign. I think [illegible] timent will prevail. [A] canvass of the New England delegates made [by] the New York delegation shows that every N[ew] England state except Massachusetts will v[ote] for Cleveland in the convention. There [is] very little show of opposition to Clevela[nd] from New Jersey, and he is the choice of [In-]diana after McDonald. The republicans [are] professing that Cleveland is the man th[ey] want nominated. I saw a Georgia deleg[ate] made very sick last night of the chairman [of] the republican executive committee of t[his] state, who said he preferred the democr[ats] should nominate Cleveland. The Georg[ian] said to him: "Who do you think should [be] the strongest man for the democrat[s?"] "Butler, by all odds," said the republic[an.] This broke up the conversation. The w[ar] against Cleveland will continue until the f[irst] ballot, and they may gain strength to b[eat] him; but if this is done none of the can[di-]dates named will be nominated. It will t[hen] fall on some outside man like Thurman [of] Ohio. E. P. H.

The Cleveland Element.

A TALK WITH PULITZER—THE SEVERAL CAUCUS[ES]—THE GOSSIP.

CHICAGO, July 7, 11 p. m.—[Special.]—[The] fight against Cleveland continues to be bi[tter.] General Gordon, of Georgia, arrived here [to-]day and has been earnestly working [for] Bayard. He gives it as his opinion [that] Cleveland cannot carry New York, but give[s no] reason for it. He has been very active [all] day with the Georgia delegation in the [in-]tererest of Bayard. There can not poss[ibly] be a nomination on the [first] ballot, as some of the s[tates] are going to throw off their votes on Ti[lden] so as to see how the doubtful states [are] voting. Tilden is not considered a pos[sible] candidate. His friends here say that [his] declination is final and absolute, and th[at it] would be folly to nominate him. Mr. [...] man, on the part of New York, will pre[sent] Cleveland's name. An effort is being [made] to-night to try and get the convention to b[reak] the unit rule in the New York delega[tion.] This is mere bluster, and [will] amount to nothing in the [end.] Two-thirds of the delegation [are] strongly in favor of Cleveland and on[ly a] few of the irreconcilable sore-heads in [the] delegation are making the fuss. The C[...]